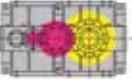
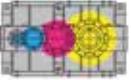
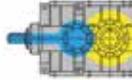
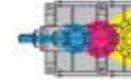
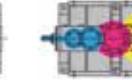
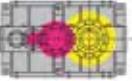
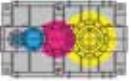
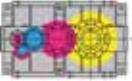
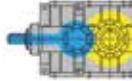
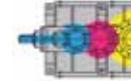
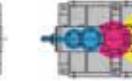
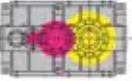
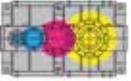
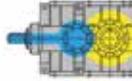
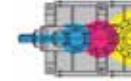
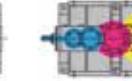
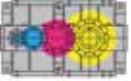
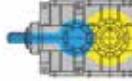
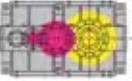
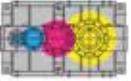
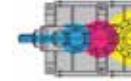
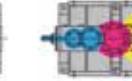
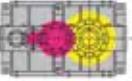
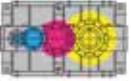
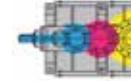
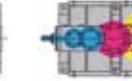
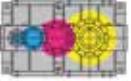
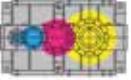
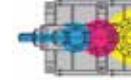
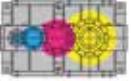
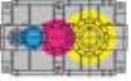
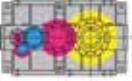
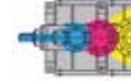
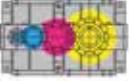
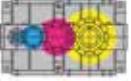


H series



Helical and bevel helical gear reducers

2586-01.02

Size	2I	3I	4I	C1	C2I	C3I
M_{N2} - F_{r2}						
4000 109 kN m						
4001 122 kN m						
4500 140 kN m						
4501 160 kN m						
5000 206 kN m				-		
5001 250 kN m				-		
5600 280 kN m				-		
5601 315 kN m				-		
6300 400 kN m				-		
6301 450 kN m				-		
7101 710 kN m				-		
8001 1000 kN m				-		

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Your worldwide partner for high quality solutions

Who we are

In brief:

- 1953 Founded as a family business and still privately owned today



Rossi in the 70's

- 70's First in Italy to adopt a completely modular system for helical and bevel helical gear reducers; first in Italy to adopt a case hardened, tempered, ground gear pairs on helical and bevel helical gear reducers
- 80's Worm gear reducers and gearmotors with universal mounting, single-piece housing and ZI involute profile; Extension of the direct sales organization abroad with the addition of German, English, French and Spanish subsidiaries.
- 90's Helical and bevel helical gear reducers and gearmotors with universal mounting and single-piece housing; first transmission manufacturer in Italy and second in Europe to obtain Quality System Certification ISO 9001.
- 1994 The only manufacturer to offer 3-year-warranty
- 1997 Acquisition of Seimec (Rossi Motor Division)
- 2002 Acquisition of SMEI (Rossi Planetary Division, WIND)



Rossi Planetary Gear Reducer Division

- 2003 ISO 9001 - 2000 (Vision 2000)
- 2004 New affiliated company in U.S.A.
Habasit acquires important share in Rossi, to reinforce global presence and develop growth strategy
- 2009 (July) Habasit Holding owns 100% Rossi
- 2010 Logo and Company name change: from "Rossi Motoriduttori" to "Rossi S.p.A."



Rossi Industrial Gear Reducer Division, today

2014-'16 Our US, UK, Brazil and China subsidiaries move to new facilities, striving to improve our customer service thanks to our modern structures and technologies

For more than 60 years we have been developing our business for the most demanding applications in order to become one of the world's leading gearbox and gearmotor manufacturers. Even in the toughest environment, we are recognized for providing state of the art technology, solid value and commitment to our customers.

Where you can find us

Close to you, with facilities on six continents and each with a direct sales system to provide excellent service.
Visit our website to find your nearest facility.
We are where you need us to be.



What we believe in

Choosing the drive with the right technical specifications is vital for reliability and economy.
We believe in integrity, ethical behavior, experience, creativity, innovation, good teamwork and above all customer focus: this is what we at Rossi believe in.
We strive to be a reliable company with the right flexibility and know-how to respond to all market requests, all over the world, in all application fields, without ignoring our commitment to the environment and value on all human safety



What we can do for you

Rossi employs highly skilled specialists in different fields, there to provide you with the support and experience needed to find the best solution for your application and commercial demands, and to accompany you step by step through the entire supply process.



What you can do for us, to help us improve

You are at the center of all we do, that is why we want your feedback and suggestions on how we can improve.
You know your business better than anyone and by knowing what works for you will allow us to improve our service offering to you.
We regard every relationship as a partnership and look for mutual benefits that will enhance our partnership at all times.



Who you can contact

A well-organized Global after-sale service with the sole purpose of getting our customers back up and running quickly and cost effectively.
Our online Rossi for You portal, allowing you to have 24/7/365 day access to all the documentations concerning our supplies, order tracking, and news in real time.



What we do

Our wide standard product range and design allows us to provide the customer with the right engineered solution for every application including a 3 year worldwide warranty.



Gearmotors

Type of gear	Catalog
Worm gearmotors	A
Standardfit worm gearmotors	AS
Coaxial gearmotors	E
Standardfit coaxial gearmotors	ES
Helical and bevel helical gear reducers	G
Planetary (in-line and bevel helical) gearmotors	EP

Gear reducers

Type of gear	Catalog
Worm gear reducers	A
Helical and bevel helical gear reducers	G
Heavy duty helical and bevel helical gear reducers	H
Planetary (in-line and bevel helical) gear reducers	EP
Right angle shaft gear reducers	L
Shaft mounted helical gear units	P

Motors

Type	Catalog
Asynchronous three-phase high efficiency and premium efficiency motors	 TX
Standard and high efficiency brake motors	 TX

Motion control

Type	Catalog
Worm, coaxial, helical and bevel helical servo gear reducers	 SR

Specific industrial segments

Type	Catalog
Extruders, Parallel shaft gear reducers and gearmotors	 GX
Combined units	
Slewing drives	 EP
Heavy duty gear reducers on swing bases	 RE

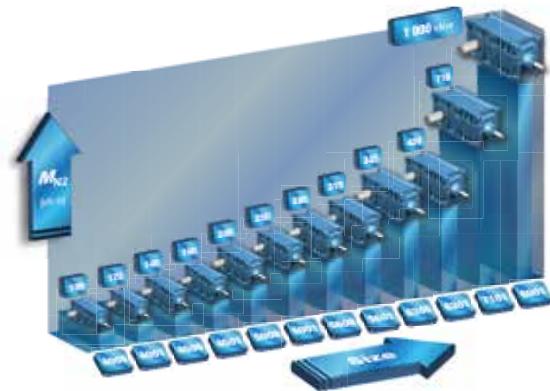
Features and Benefits

10 sizes with nominal torque from 109 to 450 kN m

Increased performance maintaining the same final reduction center distance, when compared with Rossi's previous catalog H02

Sizes based on uniform incremental steps

- **Improved ratings for the same required torque and more compact gear reducers compared with previous catalog H02**



Gears designed, machined and measured according to high quality requirements (tooth grinding accuracy class \leq DIN 6, both for cylindrical and bevel gears)

Bevel gears machined in closed-loop grinding process with correction of the measured deviations

Gear housings made with single placement bore machining and controlled through very high precision three-dimensional measuring systems

Load rating, according to standards, based on surface durability (pitting) and tooth bending strength

- **Reliable and repeatable performances, suitable to satisfy Customer specifications**



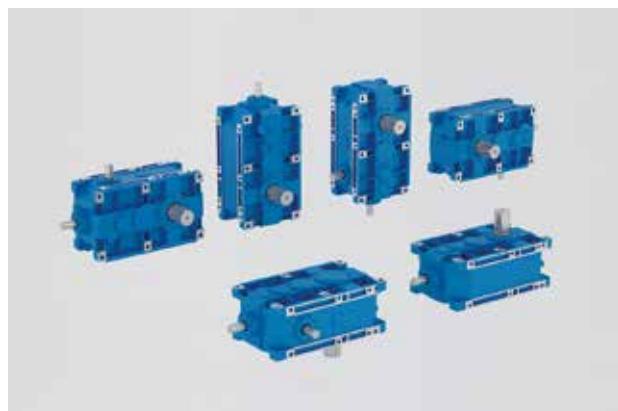
Horizontal center split housing cast in two halves from spheroidal cast iron (UNI ISO 1083) with reinforced stiffening ribs

- **Gear reducers suitable for low temperature operation (down to -20° C) without installation of accessories**



Flexible mounting arrangements - typical mountings include horizontal, vertical, inclined and oscillating mounting positions

- **Easy maintenance**



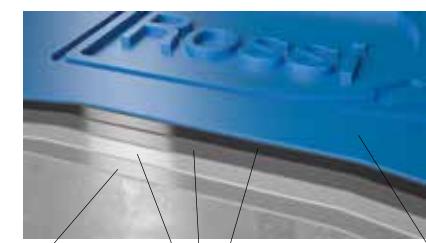
Features and **Benefits**

Standard painting to UNI EN ISO 12944-2 (corrosivity class C3)

Special painting cycles up to corrosivity class C5-M

- **Suitable for applications in aggressive or marine environments**
- **Possibility of international certifications**

Coating layers (Class C5-M)



Dual compound
zink epoxy paint Dual-compound
epoxy primer Water-based
polyurethane
enamel

Final on load inspection on test bench for all gear units manufactured, in order to grant high reliability and quality

- **Trouble-free commissioning**



Several non-standard designs for all sizes:
Additional intermediate shaft overhung for bevel helical gear reducers
Backstop device
High and low speed shaft seal with labyrinth and grease feeder (taconite)

- **Product configuration according to customer's specifications, stock availability**



Several accessories available for all sizes:
pre-arrangement for vibration monitoring devices
oil heater
oil temperature probes
bearing temperature probes

- **Remote control for an user friendly maintenance**
- **Totally reduced cost of ownership**



Symbols and units of measure

Symbols used in the catalog and formulae, in alphabetical order, with relevant units of measure.

Symbol	Definition	Units of measure			Notes
		In the catalog	In the formulae		
			Technical System	SI ¹⁾ System	
	dimensions	mm	—	—	1 inch (in) = 24,5 mm; 1 foot (ft) 30,48 cm
<i>a</i>	acceleration	—	m/s ²	—	
<i>d</i>	diameter	—	m	—	
<i>f</i>	frequency	Hz	Hz	—	
<i>fs</i>	service factor	—	—	—	
<i>ft</i>	thermal factor	—	—	—	
<i>F</i>	force	—	kgf	N ²⁾	1 kgf ≈ 9,81 N ≈ 0,981 daN
<i>F_r</i>	radial load	N	—	—	
<i>F_a</i>	axial load	N	—	—	
<i>g</i>	acceleration of gravity	—	m/s ²	—	normal value 9,81 m/s ²
<i>G</i>	weight (weight force)	—	kgf	N	1 pound (lbf) = 4,4482 N
<i>Gd</i> ²	dynamic moment	—	kgf m ²	—	
<i>i</i>	transmission ratio	—	—	—	$i = \frac{n_1}{n_2}$
<i>I</i>	electric current	—	A	—	
<i>J</i>	moment of inertia	kg m ²	—	kg m ²	
<i>L_b</i>	bearing life	h	—	—	
<i>m</i>	mass	kg	kgf s ² /m	kg ³⁾	
<i>M</i>	torque	N m	kgf m	N m	1 kgf m ≈ 9,81 N m ≈ 0,981 daN m
<i>M_f</i>	braking torque	N m	kgf m	N m	1 kgf m ≈ 9,81 N m ≈ 0,981 daN m
<i>n</i>	angular speed	min ⁻¹	rev/min	—	1 min ⁻¹ ≈ 0,105 rad/s
<i>P</i>	power	kW	CV	W	1 CV ≈ 736 W ≈ 0,736 kW
<i>P_t</i>	thermal power	kW	—	—	
<i>r</i>	radius	—	m	—	
<i>R</i>	variation ratio	—	—	—	$R = \frac{n_{2\max}}{n_{2\min}}$
<i>s</i>	distance	—	m	—	
<i>t</i>	Celsius temperature	°C	—	—	1 °F = 1,8 °C + 32
<i>t</i>	time	s min h d	—	s	1 min = 60 s 1 h = 60 min = 3 600 s 1 d = 24 h = 86 400 s
<i>U</i>	voltages	V	V	—	
<i>v</i>	velocity	—	m/s	—	
<i>W</i>	work, energy	MJ	kgf m	J ⁴⁾	
<i>z</i>	frequency of starting	starts/h	—	—	
<i>α</i>	angular acceleration	—	rad/s ²	—	
<i>η</i>	efficiency	—	—	—	
<i>η_s</i>	static efficiency	—	—	—	
<i>μ</i>	friction coefficient	—	—	—	
<i>φ</i>	plane angle	°	—	rad	1 rev = 2 π rad $1^\circ = \frac{\pi}{180} \text{ rad}$
<i>ω</i>	angular velocity	—	—	rad/s	1 rad/s ≈ 9,55 min ⁻¹

Additional indexes and other signs

Ind.	Definition
max	maximum
min	minimum
N	nominal
1	relating to HSS (input)
2	relating to LSS (output)
÷	from ... to
≈	approximately equal to
≥	greater than or equal to
≤	less than or equal to

1) SI are the initials of the International Unit System, defined and approved by the General Conference on Weights and Measures as the only system of units of measure.

See CNR UNI 10 003-84 (DIN 1 301-93 NF X 02.004, BS 5 555-93, ISO 1 000-92).

UNI: Ente Nazionale Italiano di Unificazione.

DIN: Deutscher Normenausschuss (DNA).

NF: Association Française de Normalisation (AFNOR).

BS: British Standards Institution (BSI).

ISO: International Organization for Standardization.

2) Newton [N] is the force imparting an acceleration of 1 m/s² to a mass of 1 kg.

3) Kilogramme [kg] is the mass of the prototype kept at Sèvres (i.e. 1 dm³ of distilled water at 4 °C).

4) Joule [J] is the work done when the point of application of a force of 1 N is displaced through a distance of 1 m.

1 - General specifications

1

1 - General specifications

Closer size and performance steps; 5 size pairs (standard and strengthened) with final reduction center distance to R 20 series, for a total of 12 sizes with performance intervals by about 18%

Universal mounting: suitable for **horizontal** or **vertical mounting**

Rigid and precise spheroidal cast iron housing; high oil capacity

Gear pairs design especially studied to obtain high resistance, motion regularity, low noise and high efficiency with consequent low heating

High, reliable and tested performances

Prearranged for backstop device, possibility of double extension low and high speed shaft

Possibility of withstanding high loads on shaft ends

Possibility of obtaining multiple and 90° drives with no restriction on direction of rotation of input/output shafts

Manufacturing and product management flexibility

High manufacturing quality standard

Minimum maintenance requirements

Large size gear reducers **produced in series** specifically conceived for granting highest reliability in **heaviest application conditions**. This series combines and exalts the **traditional qualities** of helical and bevel helical gear reducers – **strength, efficiency, compactness, reliability** – with advantages derived from modern design, manufacturing and operating criteria

– **universality and application ease, wide size range, service, economy** – the advantages typically associated with high quality gear reducers produced in series.

Main structural features

Main specifications are:

- **universal** mounting with feet integral with housing on 2 faces or frontal with spigot on low speed shaft cover (see ch. 6);
- closer size and performance steps; 5 size pairs (standard and strengthened) with final reduction center distance to R 20 series, for a total of **12 sizes** with performance intervals by about 18%; the size pairs are obtained with the same housing and many components in common;
- gear reducer overall sized so as to permit the transmission of **high nominal and maximum torques**, and to withstand **high loads on** the high and low speed **shaft ends**;
- cylindrical low speed shaft end with key (right, left or double extension);
- cylindrical high speed shaft end with key;
- possibility of **second high speed shaft extension** (excluding C3I);
- improved and upgraded modular construction both for component parts and assembled product;
- standardized dimensions and compliance with standards;
- **spheroidal cast iron** housing (400-15 UNI ISO 1083); stiffening ribs and high oil capacity;
- bearings: swinging roller bearings on low speed and intermediate shafts; **coupled** taper roller bearings plus one swinging roller bearing on high speed shafts with train of gears 2I, C1, C2I, C3I and intermediate train of gears C1 and C2I, taper roller bearing plus one cylindrical roller bearing on high speed shaft with train of gears 3I;
- oil bath lubrication; synthetic or mineral oil (ch. 13) including filler plug with **valve**, drain and level plug; sealed;
- additional bearings lubrication through proper pipelines or pump;
- natural or forced cooling (by fan, coil or independent cooling unit with heat exchanger, see ch. 12);
- metal plugs; magnetic drain plug;
- paint: external coating in water-soluble dual-compound polyurethan enamel resistant to atmospheric and aggressive agents (corrosivity class C3 ISO 12944-2); suitable for further coats only with dual-compound products after degreasing and sanding; color blue RAL 5010 DIN 1843, other colors and/or painting cycles on request, see ch. . 12); internal protection in synthetic paint appropriate for resistance to mineral oils or to polyalphaolefines synthetic oils;
- optional designs: backstop device (always prearranged), shaft mounting arrangements, **hollow** low speed shaft with shrink disc or keyway, special paints, etc. (ch. 12).

1 - General specifications

Train of gears

- 2, 3, 4 cylindrical gear pairs (helical gear units);
- 1 bevel gear pair plus 1, 2, 3 helical gear pairs (bevel helical type);
- 5 sizes pairs (normal and strengthened); with final reduction center distance to R 20 series for a total of **12 sizes**;
- nominal transmission ratios to R 20 series for trains of gears 2I ($i_N = 10 \dots 25$); 3I ($i_N = 25 \dots 125$, excluding $i_N = 112$), CI ($i_N = 8 \dots 20$) and C2I ($i_N = 20 \dots 125$, excluding $i_N = 112$); to R 10 series for 4I ($i_N = 125 \dots 315$) and C3I ($i_N = 125 \dots 315$);
- casehardened and hardened gear pairs in 16 CrNi4 or 20 MnCr5 (depending on size) and 18 NiCrMo5 steel, according to UNI 7846-78;
- helical toothed cylindrical gear pairs with **ground** profile;
- GLEASON spiral bevel gear pairs with **ground** profile;
- gear load capacity calculated for tooth breakage and pitting.

1

Specific standards

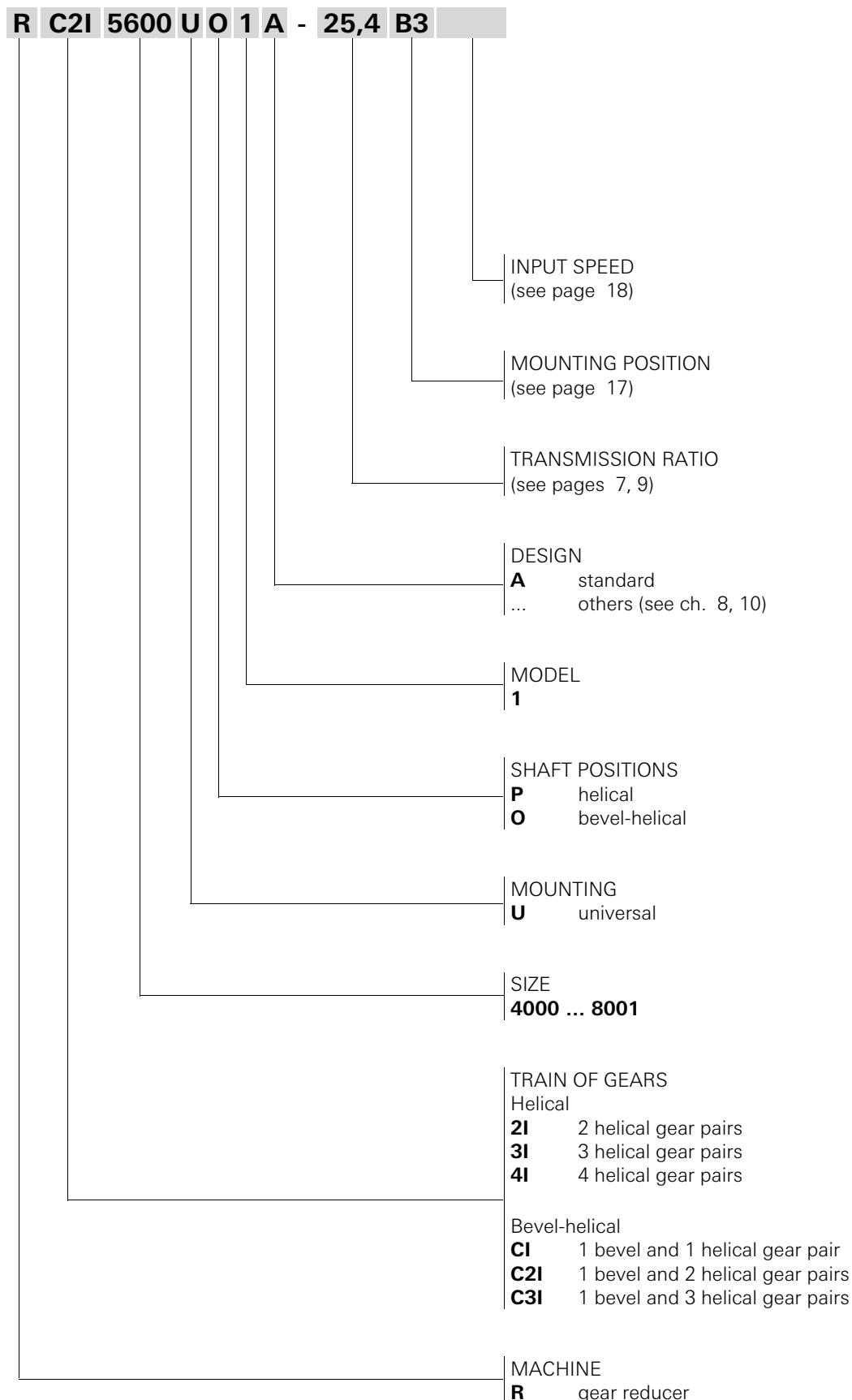
- nominal transmission ratios and principal dimensions according to UNI 2016 (DIN 323-74, NF X 01.001, BS 2045-65, ISO 3-73);
- toothing profile to UNI 6587-69 (DIN 867-86, NF E 23.011, BS 436.2-70, ISO 53-74);
- shaft heights to UNI 2946-68 (DIN 747-76, NF E 01.051, BS 5186-75, ISO 496-73);
- medium series fixing holes to UNI 1728-83 (DIN 69-71, NF E 27.040, BS 4186-67, ISO/R 273);
- cylindrical shaft ends to UNI ISO 775-88 (DIN 748, NF E 22.051, BS 4506-70, ISO/R 775) with tapped butt-end hole to UNI 9321 (DIN 332 BI. 2-70, NF E 22.056) excluding correspondence d-D;
- parallel keys UNI 6604-69 (DIN 6885 BI. 1-68, NF E 27.656 and 22.175, BS 4235.1-72, ISO/R 773-69);
- mounting positions derived from CEI 2-14 (DIN EN 60034-7, IEC 34.7);
- load capacity verified according to UNI 8862, DIN 3990, AFNOR E 23-015, ISO 6336; thermal capacity verified.

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2 - Designation

2

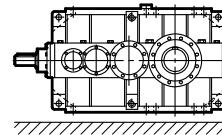
Designation code



Gear reducer mounting position

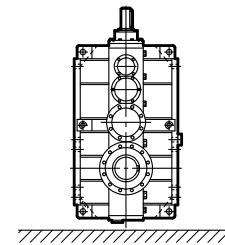
Mounting positions of gear reducers and gearmotors are stated at ch. 8, 10. Here following see some designation examples of important mounting positions.

1. **Standard** mounting position **B3**; in case of no specific needs, **prefer the adoption of B3 mounting positions** as it is the most advised from a technical and economic point of view (maximum simplification of lubrication system, lower oil splash, lower gear reducer heating, stock availability).

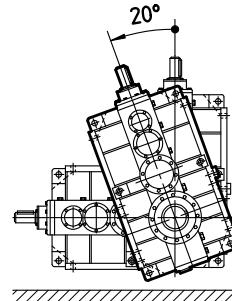


2. **Non-standard** mounting positions

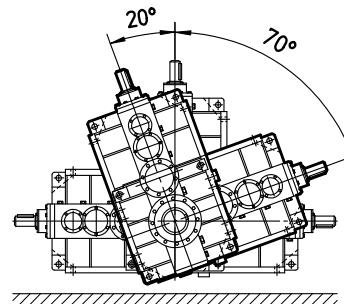
- 2a. Mounting position to catalog (see ch. 8, 10), **one only** and **fixed**, differing from B3; e.g.: mounting position **B6**



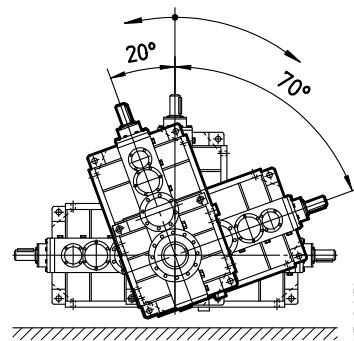
- 2b. **Inclined** and **fixed** mounting position ; e.g.: mounting position **B6 - 20° B3**



- 2c. **One only mounting** position **but defined within a predetermined angle**; e.g.: mounting position included among **B6 - 20° B3 / B6 - 70° B8**



- 2d. **Oscillatory mounting position** (gear reducer oscillating when running); e.g.: mounting position **B6 - 20° B3 / B6 - 70° B8 oscillatory**



Input speed

The designation is **always** to be completed stating the **input speed n_1** , chosen among the available ones as per catalog:
1 800 min⁻¹ (4 poles 60 Hz), **1 500 min⁻¹** (4 poles 50 Hz), **1 200 min⁻¹** (6 poles 60 Hz), **1 000 min⁻¹** (6 poles 50 Hz),
750 min⁻¹ (8 poles 50 Hz), **90 min⁻¹** (applications at low input speed).

Example:

R C2I 4501 UO1H-81,2 B3 **$n_1 = 1\,800 \text{ min}^{-1}$**

R 3I 5600 UP1A-127 B3 **$n_1 = 1\,000 \text{ min}^{-1}$**

Accessories and non-standard designs

In the event of a gear reducer being required in a design different from those stated above, specify it in detail (ch. 12).

3 - Service factor f_s

3

3 - Service factor fs

Service factor fs takes into account the different running conditions (nature of load, running time, frequency of starting, speed n_2 , other considerations) which must be referred to when performing calculations of gear reducer selection and verification.

The power and torques shown in the catalog are nominal values (i.e. valid for $fs = 1$).

The **minimum service factor required** is given by the following ratio:

$$fs \text{ required} \geq fs_1 \cdot fs_2 \cdot fs_3 \cdot fs_4 \cdot fs_5$$

where $fs_1 \dots fs_5$ are stated in the following tables.

Service factor fs_1 based on the **nature of load** and **running time**

Ref.	Description	fs_1				
		2	4	8	16	24
a	Uniform	1	1	1	1,18	1,32
b	Moderate overloads (1,6 times the normal load)	1,12	1,18	1,25	1,5	1,7
c	Heavy overloads (2,5 times the normal load)	1,4	1,5	1,7	2	2,24

Service factor fs_2 based on **nature of load** and of **frequency of starting**

Ref.	Description	fs_2					
		1	2	4	8	16	32
a	Uniform	1	1,06	1,12	1,18	1,25	1,5
b	Moderate overloads (1,6 times the normal load)	1	1	1,06	1,12	1,18	1,4
c	Heavy overloads (2,5 times the normal load)	1	1	1	1,06	1,12	1,32

Service factor fs_3 based on **motor type**

Motor type Description	fs_3
Electric, turbine	1
Electric three-phase with brake	1,06 ⁴⁾
Internal combustion multi-cylinder single-cylinder	1,25 1,5

Service factor fs_4 based on **reliability level**

Reliability level ⁵⁾	fs_4
Standard	1
Average	1,25
High	1,4

Service factor fs_5 based on **output angular speed n_2**

Output speed n_2 [min ⁻¹]	fs_5
> 560	1,32
560 – 355	1,25
355 – 224	1,18
224 – 140	1,12
140 – 90	1,06
≤ 90	1

Details and considerations about service factor.

fs values stated above are valid for:

- maximum time on overload 15 s, on starting 3 s; if over and/or subject to heavy shock effect, consult us;
- a whole number of overload cycles (or start) **imprecisely completed** in 1, 2, 3 or 4 revolutions of low speed shaft; if **precisely**, a continuous overload should be assumed;

Motors having a starting torque not exceeding nominal values (star-delta starting, particular types of motor operating on direct current, and single-phase motors), and particular types of coupling between gear reducer and motor, and gear reducer and driven machine (flexible, centrifugal, fluid and safety couplings, clutches and belt drives) affect service factor favourably, allowing its reduction in certain heavy-duty applications; consult us for verification.

1) For indication on the type of load of the driven machine according to the application, see table on next page.

4) For Y-Δ starting, running with inverter or with «soft start» devices, $fs_3 = 1$.

5) Reliability degrees higher than normal are required in presence of very difficult maintenance, great importance of gear reducer in the production cycle, safety,etc.

Classification of nature of load according to application

Application	Ref. load *	Application	Ref. load *	Application	Ref. load *
Stirrers and mixers Liquids: – constant density – varying density, solids in suspension, high viscosity concrete mixers, mullers, flash mixers sconcrete mixers, mullers, flash mixers		Lumber and woodworking industries a mechanical loaders, pallet stackers b conveyors for: – boards, chips, waste – logs c machine tools (planing, cutting, cross-cut and re-sawing, tenoning, bevelling, moulding, sanding, sizing and scratch-brushing machinery etc.): – feed drive – cutter drive a barkers: – mechanical and hydraulic – drum	a, b b transverse drive rollers, draw benches, coilers, inverter, draglines, flattening rolls, bending rolls c pushers, descaling equipment, pipe welders, mill roll train drives, rolling mills, forging presses, billet cropers, power hammers, punches, impact extruders, tapping machines, straightening presses b, c Rollerways		b
Feeders and batchers rotary (roller, table, sector) belt, screw, plate reciprocating, shaker	a, b		b Mills		c
Compressors centrifugal (single-stage, multi-stage) rotary (vane, lobe, screw) axial reciprocating: – multi-cylinder – single-cylinder	c		b rotary (rod, roller, pebble, ball) c hammer, pin crusher, centrifugal, impact, rolling (ball or roller)		b
Elevators belt, centrifugal or gravity discharge, screw jacks, escalators bucket, arm and tray elevators, paddle wheel, hoists, skips man lifts, mobile scaffolding, passenger transport (cable cars, chair, ski, gondola lifts etc.)	b	b Pumps			c
Excavators and dredges cable reels, conveyors, pumps, winches (manoeuvring and utility), stackers, draining wheels cutter head drives, cutters, excavators (bucket ladder, paddle wheel, cutter) vehicles: – on rails – crawlers	a, b	c rotary (gear, screw, lobe, vane) and axial centrifugal: – liquids, constant density – liquids, variable density or high viscosity proportioning alternative: – single acting (≥ 3 cylinders), \geq double acting (≤ 2 cylinders) – single acting (2 cylinders), double acting single cylinder		a, b	a
Crushers and granulators sugar cane, rubber, plastics minerals, stone	b	b Rotating drums		b	b
Cranes, winches and travelling lifts travel (bridge, trolley, forks) ¹⁾ slewing hoist ²⁾	b	c dryers, chillers, rotary kilns, washing machines tumblers, cement kilns		c	c
Food cookers (cereals and malt), mash tubs slicers, dough mixers, meat grinders, beet slicers, centrifuges, peelers, wine-making plant, bottle/bin/cratewashers, rinsers, fillers, corkers, cappers, extruders, crate filling and emptying equipment	a, b	b Transport conveyors		a	a
Paper mills winders, suction rolls, dryers, embossing machinery, bleachers, press rolls, coating rolls, paper rolls, beaters, and pulpers agitators, mixers, extruders, chip feeders, calenders, felt dryers and stretchers, rag grinders, washers, thickeners cutters, chippers, calenders (super), felt whippers, glazing machines, presses	a b c	a belts (plastic, rubber, metal) for: – fine grade loose material – coarse grade loose material or discrete items b belt, apron, bucket, slat, tray, roller, screw, chain, overhead rail, assembly c drag (slat, flight, chain, Redler, etc.) ground level chain, flow accumulating reciprocating, shaker overhead power rail		b	b
		a Sewage treatment		c	c
		b biological tanks (revolving disk) dewatering screws, collectors, rotary screens, thickeners, vacuum filters, anaerobic digestion tanks aerators, rotary breakers		⁴⁾	a
		a Screen and riddles			b
		b air washing, travelling water intake rotary (stone, gravel, cereals) vibrating screens, riddles, jigs			c
		a Fans			a
		b small diameter (centrifugal, axial-flow) c large diameter (mines, furnaces, etc.) cooling towers (induced or forced draft), ducted, piston			b

* Nature of load reference admits of modification where precise knowledge of duty is available.

1) In the traverse movement of the bridge usually it is necessary to have at least $f_s > 1,6$ and in the storeyard cranes $f_s > 2$ (container handling).2) For selection of f_s to F.E.M.I-10.1987, consu+lt us.

3) See cat. S.

4) See supplement to cat. A design.

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4 - Thermal power P_t [kW]

4

4 - Thermal power P_t [kW]

The nominal thermal power P_{t_N} , stated in red in the table, is that which can be applied at the gear reducer input, without exceeding 95 °C¹⁾ approximately oil temperature when operating in following running conditions:

- input speed $n_1 = 1\,500 \text{ min}^{-1}$
- mounting position B3;
- continuous duty S1;
- maximum ambient temperature 20 °C (in the table the values also refer to 40 °C);
- maximum altitude 1 000 m above sea level;
- air speed $\geq 1,25 \text{ m/s}$ (typical value in presence of a self-cooled motor).

Nominal thermal power P_{t_N}

T_{amb}	Train of gears	Gear reducer size						
		P_{t_N} [kW]						
		4000, 4001	4500, 4501	5000, 5001	5600, 5601	6300, 6301	7101	8001
20 °C	2I	315	355	500	560	710	850	1 180
	3I	236	265	375	425	530	630	900
	4I	180	200	280	315	400	475	630
	CI	300	425	—	—	—	—	—
	C2I	236	265	375	425	530	630	900
	C3I	180	200	280	315	400	475	630
40 °C	2I	236	265	375	425	530	630	900
	3I	180	200	280	315	400	475	670
	4I	132	150	212	236	300	355	500
	CI	224	315	—	—	—	—	—
	C2I	180	200	280	315	400	475	670
	C3I	132	150	212	236	300	355	500

Always verify that the power applied P_1 is lower than or equal to gear reducer thermal power P_{t_N} multiplied by correction coefficients $\mathbf{f}_1, \mathbf{f}_2, \mathbf{f}_3, \mathbf{f}_4, \mathbf{f}_5$ (stated in the following tables) considering the various operating conditions:

$$P_1 \leq P_{t_N} \cdot \mathbf{f}_1 \cdot \mathbf{f}_2 \cdot \mathbf{f}_3 \cdot \mathbf{f}_4 \cdot \mathbf{f}_5$$

When the power applied is not constant and when the exact load cycle is given, it is possible, or advisable, to calculate the equivalent power applied, according to the formula:

$$P_{1eq_th} = \frac{1}{\eta} \sqrt[3]{\frac{P_{21}^3 \cdot t_1 + P_{22}^3 \cdot t_2 + \dots + P_{2i}^3 \cdot t_i + \dots + P_{2n}^3 \cdot t_n}{t_c}}$$

where:

η is the gear reducer efficiency (see ch. 6);

P_{2i} [kW] is the power, referred to the gear reducer output, required in the time interval t_i [s];

$t_c = t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_i + \dots + t_n$ is the total duration of load cycle [s].

In these cases choose factor \mathbf{f}_2 from the continuous duty column S1.

Whenever the thermal verification should not be satisfied, in spite the prearrangement of cooling system, it is possible to install an **independent cooling unit with heat exchanger** (see ch. 12); consult us.

Thermal power needs not be taken into account when maximum duration of continuous running time is 1 – 3 h (from small to large gear reducer sizes) followed by rest periods long enough to restore the gear reducer to near ambient temperature (likewise 2 – 4 h). For maximum ambient temperature higher than 50 °C or lower than 0 °C consult us.

1) Corresponding to an average temperature of the external housing surface of approximately 85 °C; locally housing temperature can achieve the oil temperature.
 2) If, simultaneously, forced cooling with coil is acting, multiply the values by 1,8.
 3) For positions, dimensions and design verification see ch. 12.
 4) Value also valid for electric fan (installed by the Buyer).
 5) With axial fan, values are to be multiplied by 1,12. Consult us.
 6) (Duration of running on load / 60) · 100 [%].

4 - Thermal power P_t [kW]

Thermal factor f_t_1 ($= f_{t1a} \cdot f_{t1b}$) according to **cooling system** and **input speed n_1**

Cooling system			f_{t1a}, f_{t1b} input speed n_1 [min $^{-1}$]				
			750	1 000	1 200	1 500	1 800
f_{t1a}	Natural convection	train of gears 2I, C1 3I, 4I, C2I, C3I	1,18 1,06	1,12 1,06	1,06 1,03	1 1	0,85 0,95
f_{t1b}	Forced cooling ^{3) 4) 6)}	with 1 radial fan (helical gear units) with 2 radial fans (helical gear units) with 1 radial fan (bevel helical gear units)	1,12 1,25	1,18 1,4	1,25 1,6	1,32 1,8 ⁵⁾	1,4 2
	with water coil ⁴⁾					2	

Thermal factor f_t_2 according to **ambient temperature** and **service**

Maximum ambient temperature °C	Continuous duty S1	f_t_2				Altitude a.s.l. [m]	f_t_4
		60	40	25	15		
50	0,6	0,71	0,8	0,95	1	≤ 1 000	1
40	0,75	0,9	1	1,12	1,25	1 000 – 2 000	0,95
30	0,9	1,06	1,18	1,32	1,5	2 000 – 3 000	0,9
20	1	1,18	1,32	1,5	1,7	3 000 – 4 000	0,85
≤ 10	1,12	1,32	1,5	1,7	1,9	≥ 4 000	0,8

Thermal factor f_t_3 according to **mounting position** (see also ch. 8, 10): where it is not specified $f_t_3 = 1$

Train of gears		f_t_3 mounting position				
		B3	B6	B7	V5	V6
2I		1	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,9
3I		1	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,9
4I		1	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,9
C1	UO1A, UO1A sin, UO1F, UO1F sin, UO1N, UO1N sin UO1V, UO1V sin, UO1S, UO1S sin, UO1L, UO1L sin	1	0,85	0,71	0,85 lower low speed wheel 0,71 upper low speed wheel	
	UO1H, UO1H sin, UO1G, UO1G sin, UO1M, UO1M sin	0,85	0,71	0,6	0,71 lower low speed wheel 0,6 upper low speed wheel	
C2I	UO1A, UO1Asin, UO1F, UO1Fsin, UO1N, UO1Nsin UO1V, UO1Vsin, UO1S, UO1Ssin, UO1L, UO1Lsin	1	0,9	0,8	0,9 upper low speed wheel 0,8 lower low speed wheel	
	UO1H, UO1H sin, UO1G, UO1G sin, UO1M, UO1M sin	0,9	0,8	0,71	0,8 upper low speed wheel 0,71 lower low speed wheel	
C3I		1	0,9	0,8	0,9 lower low speed wheel 0,8 upper low speed wheel	

Thermal factor f_t_5 according to cooling air speed on housing

Air speed m/s	Installation environment	f_t_5
< 0,63	very small environment or without air movements or with protected gear reducer	consult us
0,63	small environment and with limited air movements	0,71
1	wide environment without air movements	0,9
1,25	wide environment with light air movements (e.g. gearmotor with self-cooled motor)	1
2,5	open and cooled	1,18
4	with heavy air movements	1,32

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5 - Selection

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5.4 - Selection questionnaire.....	30

5

5.1 - Preliminary considerations

Motor power

Taking into account the efficiency of the gear reducer, and other drives – if any – motor power is to be as near as possible to the power rating required by the driven machine: accurate calculation is therefore recommended.

The power required by the machine can be calculated, seeing that it is related directly to the power-requirement of the work to be carried out, to friction (starting, sliding or rolling friction) and inertia (particularly when mass and/or acceleration or deceleration are considerable). It can also be determined experimentally on the basis of tests, comparisons with existing applications, or readings taken with ammeters or wattmeters.

An oversized motor would involve: a greater starting current and consequently larger fuses and heavier cable; a higher running cost as power factor ($\cos\phi$) and efficiency would suffer; greater stress on the drive, causing danger of mechanical failure, drive being normally proportionate to the power rating required by the machine, not to motor power.

In such cases, a detailed description of duty requirement must be made available: duration and frequency per hour of work cycle, acceleration and deceleration requirements if any, inertia, loads deriving from friction and work. In the absence of such data it is essential to provide all details which will permit their determination.

Only high values of ambient temperature, altitude, frequency of starting or other particular conditions require an increase in motor power.

Input speed n_1

The maximum gear reducer input speed, valid for **continuous duty S1 and in absence of a forced lubrication system of gears and bearings (with eventual heat exchanger)**, is stated in the following table according to train of gears and gear reducer size.

For intermittent duty or for particular needs, higher speeds are possible, but always lower than n_{1peak} ; consult us.

Peak speed is admitted for a maximum duration of 5 s, including a proper rest period, or a low or null speed period for the cooling of gear reducer, especially on high speed shaft side.

For variable n_1 , the selection should be carried out on the basis of n_{1max} , but it should also be verified on the basis of n_{1min} .

When there is a belt drive between motor and gear reducer, different input speeds n_1 should be examined in order to select the most suitable unit from engineering and economy standpoints alike.

Input speed should not be higher than 1800 min^{-1} , unless conditions make it necessary; better to take advantage of the transmission, and use an input speed lower than 900 min^{-1} .

Size	Train of gears																	
	2I			3I			4I			CI			C2I			C3I		
	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}	i_N	n_{1max}	n_{1peak}
4000, 4001	all	1 600	2 120	all	1 800	2 240	all	1 800	2 360	8 ... 11,2 12,5 ... 18	1 250 1 600	2 120 2 120	20 ... 25 28 ... 40 45 ... 100	1 400 1 600 1 800	2 240 2 240 2 240	all	1 800	2 360
4500, 4501	all	1 600	2 120	all	1 800	2 240	all	1 800	2 360	8 ... 10 11,2 ... 12,5 14 ... 20	1 180 1 250 1 600	2 120 2 120 2 120	22,4 ... 28 31,5 ... 45 50 ... 125	1 400 1 600 1 800	2 240 2 240 2 240	all	1 800	2 360
5000, 5001	all	1 250	2 000	$\leq 31,5$	1 600	2 120	all	1 800	2 240	-	-	-	22,4 ... 25 28 ... 40 45 ... 100	1 180 1 250 1 600	2 120 2 120 2 120	all	1 800	2 240
5600, 5601	all	1 250	2 000	≤ 40	1 600	2 120	all	1 800	2 240	-	-	-	25 ... 28 31,5 ... 45 50 ... 125	1 180 1 250 1 600	2 120 2 120 2 120	all	1 800	2 240
6300, 6301	all	1 060	1 900	$\leq 31,5$	1 400	2 000	all	1 800	2 120	-	-	-	28 ... 35,5 40 ... 56 63 ... 100	1 180 1 250 1 600	2 000 2 000 2 000	all	1 800	2 120
7101	≤ 14	900	1 400	$\leq 35,5$	1 180	2 000	≤ 160	1 600	2 120	-	-	-	≤ 40	900	1 700	≤ 125	1 400	2 120
	≥ 16	1 060		$40 \dots 50$	1 400		≥ 200	1 800					≥ 45	1 180		≥ 160	1 600	
8001	≤ 14	800	1 250	$\leq 35,5$	950	1 850	≤ 160	1 320	2 000	-	-	-	≤ 40	900	1 600	≤ 125	1 180	2 000
	≥ 16	900		$40 \dots 50$	1 120		≥ 200	1 600					≥ 45	1 180		≥ 160	1 250	
				≥ 56	1 400										≥ 200	1 600		

5.2 - Determining the gear reducer size

Constant load

- Fill out the questionnaire for the selection on page 31; in particular, make available required output power P_2 , the angular speeds n_2 and n_1 , the running conditions (nature of load, frequency of starting h/d, frequency of starting z, other considerations) referring to ch. 3.
- Determine service factor f_s required on the basis of running conditions (ch. 3).
- Select the gear reducer size (also, the train of gears and transmission ratio i at the same time) on the basis of n_2 , n_1 and of a power P_{N2} greater than or equal to $P_2 \cdot f_s$ (ch. 7 and 9).
- Calculate power P_1 required at input side of gear reducer using the formula P_2 / η , where $\eta = 0,97 \div 0,94$ is the efficiency of gear reducer (ch. 6).

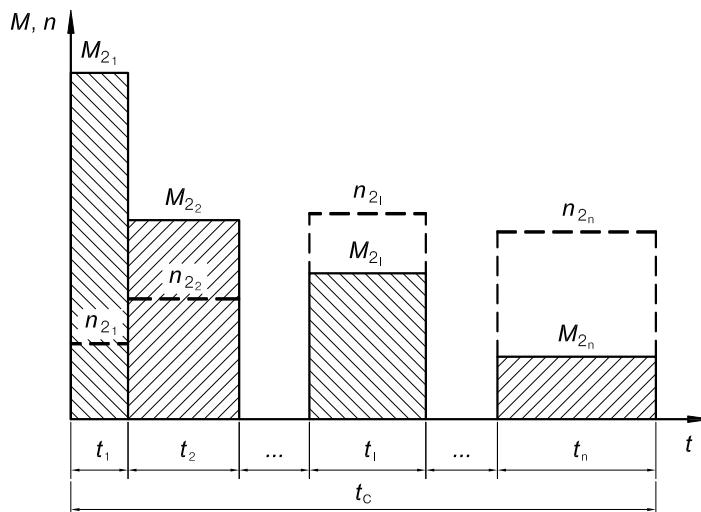
When for reasons of motor standardization, power P_1 applied at input side of gear reducer turns out to be higher than the power required (considering motor/gear reducer efficiency), it must be certain that this excess power applied will never be required, and frequency of starting z is so low as not to affect service factor (ch. 3).

Otherwise, make the selection by multiplying P_{N2} by P_1 applied P_1 required.

Calculations can also be made on the basis of torque instead of power; this method is even preferable for low n_2 values.

Variable load

- Fill out the questionnaire for the selection on page 31; in particular, make available the torque M_2 and the angular speed n_2 required at gear reducer output, the running conditions (nature of load, duration of running required, frequency of starting z, other considerations) referring to ch. 3.
- In presence of required torque M_2 and angular speed n_2 variable in time, according to a given load cycle, calculate the equivalent torque M_{2eq} and angular speed n_{2eq} with the following formulae:



$$M_{2eq} = p \sqrt{\frac{M_{21}^p \cdot n_{21} \cdot t_1 + M_{22}^p \cdot n_{22} \cdot t_2 + \dots + M_{2i}^p \cdot n_{2i} \cdot t_i + \dots + M_{2n}^p \cdot n_{2n} \cdot t_n}{n_{2eq} \cdot t_c}}$$

$$n_{2eq} = \frac{n_{21} \cdot t_1 + n_{22} \cdot t_2 + \dots + n_{2i} \cdot t_i + \dots + n_{2n} \cdot t_n}{t_c}$$

where:

M_{2eq} [N m] is the equivalent torque of load cycle

M_{2i} [N m] is the torque required (constant) of load level i

n_{2eq} [min^{-1}] is the equivalent speed in the load cycle

n_{2i} [min^{-1}] is the low speed shaft speed (constant) of load level i

t_i [min] is the duration of interval i

t_c [min] is the total duration of cycle ($t_1 + \dots + t_i + \dots + t_n$)

$p = 6,61$ for a running duration ≤ 8 h/d

$p = 3,33$ for a running duration > 8 h/d

5.3 - Verifications

- Verify possible radial loads F_{r1} , F_{r2} and axial loads F_{a2} according to instructions and values given in ch. 11.
- When a load chart is available, and/or there are overloads – due to starting on full load (especially with high inertias and low transmission ratios), braking, shocks, gear reducers in which the low speed shaft becomes driving member due to driven machine inertia, or other static or dynamic causes - verify that the maximum torque peak (ch. 6) is always lower than $M_{2\max}$ (see ch. 7, 9), if higher or if it cannot be evaluated in the above cases, install a safety device so that **$M_{2\max}$ will never be exceeded**.
- Verify that the input speed is lower than or equal to $n_{1\max}$ (see ch. 5.1);
- Verify for each single interval i of the eventual load cycle that the required torque M_{2i} is lower than $M_{2\max}$ and that input speed (relevant to output shaft speed n_{2i}) is $n_{1i} \leq n_{1\max}$ (see ch. 5.1);
- Verify the possible need for forced cooling (ch. 4 and 12).
- For gear reducers with **backstop device**, having particular i_N or low values of f_s , verify load capacity of backstop device according to the values given in the table «Backstop device load capacity» (ch. 12).

5.4 - Selection questionnaire

Make available all data and information necessary for a correct gear reducer selection by filling out the questionnaire on next page.

Attach any technical specifications relevant to gear reducer, excluding data regarding the machine of the plant.

When possible, attach all possible drawings, pictures and/or any further information facilitating the technical and economic selection.

5 - Selection

1 Application conditions

Application / Industry sector

Type of machine to be driven

- new machine
- existing machine, running gear reducer currently applied

Ambient temperature [°C]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Altitude [m above sea level]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Environment:

- normal (industrial) indoor
- normal (industrial) outdoor
- dusty
- corrosive / humid

Gear reducer position:

- small environment with limited air movement ($v_{air} < 0,63 \text{ m/s}$)
- wide environment with free air movement ($v_{air} \geq 1,25 \text{ m/s}$)
- open space, prot. against extremes of weather and solar radiance

2 Load data

Required output speed [min^{-1}]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

Nature of load:

- uniform
- moderate overloads
- heavy overloads

Torque required at low speed shaft [N m]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

Frequency of starting [starts/h]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Running time [h/d]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Required output power [kW]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

Machine moment of inertia [kg m^2]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Total duration [h]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Input speed (gear reducers) [min^{-1}]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

Duty cycle (S1 ... S10)

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Load cycle attached

- yes
- no

5

3 Motor

Motor type:

- asynchronous three-phase (a.c.)
- asynch. three-phase with inverter
- d.c. motor with relevant converter
- int. combust. motor (single-cylinder)
- int. combust. motor (multi-cylinder)

Power P_1 [kW]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

IEC motor size (a.c. motor)

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Electric motor design (a.c. and d.c.):

- with independent cooling fan
- with encoder:
- with tacho-generator

Nominal speed n_1 [min^{-1}]

min	nominal	max
-----	---------	-----

Type of a.c. motor starting:

- direct
- Y / Δ
- soft starter / inverter

Electromagnetic motor

- parking brake
- work
- safety

Braking torque [N m]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

System of motor-gear reducer mounting:

- with coupling
- with trapezoidal belts

section	No.	d_m [mm]	d_1 [mm]
...

- with timing belt

section	No.	d_m [mm]
...

a.c. motor supply:

voltage [V]	frequency [Hz]
-------------	----------------

Starting torque [N m]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Eventual limit to drive dimensions

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Moment of inertia [kg m^2]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

4 Gear reducer

Mounting position

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Type of machine coupling

- shaft mounting
- with fluid / flexible coupling
- with cardan joint
- with toothed belt drive

pitch	d_m	d_1	φ
-------	-------	-------	-----------

pitch	No.	z_2	z_3	overhang [mm]	φ
-------	-----	-------	-------	---------------	-----------

pitch	No.	z_2	z_3	overhang [mm]	φ
-------	-----	-------	-------	---------------	-----------

Direction of rotation of output shaft

- white arrow
- black arrow
- white and black arrow

Eventual axial load F_a [N]

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----

Backstop device (if present)

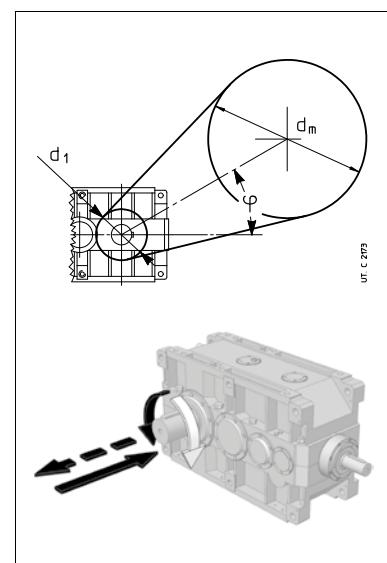
- free rotation, white arrow
- free rotation, black arrow

Type of admitted cooling

- with fan
- with coil
- with internal exchanger
- with UR O/A unit
- with UR O/W unit

Eventual limit to drive dimensions

min	standard	max
-----	----------	-----



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6 - Structural and operational details

Sound levels L_{WA} and L_{pA}	34
Efficiency	34
Overloads	34
Moment of inertia (of mass) J_1 [kg m ²]	35
High and low speed shaft end	36
Plug dimensions	36
Side-cover dimensions	37
Direction of rotation	37
Forced bearing and/or gear lubrication or with independent cooling unit.....	38

6 - Structural and operational details

Sound levels L_{WA} and L_{pA}

Standard production sound power level L_{WA} [dB(A)]¹⁾ and mean sound pressure level L_{pA} [dB(A)]²⁾ assuming nominal load, and input speed $n_1 = 1\ 500^3)$ min⁻¹. Tolerance +3 dB(A).

If required, gear reducers can be supplied with reduced sound levels (normally 3 dB(A) less than tabulated values): consult us.

In case of gear reducers with fan cooling, add to the values in the table 3 dB(A) for 1 fan and 5 dB(A) for 2 fans.

Size	Helical gear reducers								Bevel helical gear reducers												
	R 2I		R 3I		R 4I		R CI		R C2I		R C3I										
	$i_N \leq 12,5$	$i_N \geq 14$	$i_N \leq 63$	$i_N \geq 71$	$i_N \leq 160$	$i_N \geq 200$	$i_N \leq 16$	$i_N \geq 18$	$i_N \leq 63$	$i_N \geq 71$	L_{WA}	L_{pA}									
4000 ... 4501	105	93	102	90	101	89	98	86	95	83	92	80	101	89	96	86	96	84	92	80	
5000 ... 5601	-	-	106	94	105	93	102	90	99	87	96	84	-	-	-	101	89	99	87	96	84
6300, 6301	-	-	110	98	109	97	106	94	103	91	100	88	-	-	-	104	92	102	90	99	87
7101	-	-	112	100	111	99	108	96	105	93	102	90	-	-	-	106	94	104	92	102	90
8001	-	-	114	102	113	101	110	98	107	95	104	92	-	-	-	107	95	105	93	103	91

1) To ISO/CD 8579.

2) Mean value of measurement at 1 m from external profile of gear reducer standing in free field on a reflecting surface.

3) In the speed range n_1 750 – 1 800 min⁻¹, sum to the table values: -3 dB(A) for 750 min⁻¹; -2 dB(A) for 1000 min⁻¹; -1 dB(A) for $n_1 = 1\ 200$ min⁻¹; +2 dB(A) for $n_1 = 1\ 800$ min⁻¹.

Efficiency

The efficiency stated in the table is rough and referred to nominal running conditions (torque, speed, temperature); it is necessary to keep in mind that the efficiency value can diminish considerably for values of $M_2 \ll M_{N2}$.

Nominal efficiency	Helical gear reducers			Bevel helical gear reducers		
	R 2I	R 3I	R 4I	R CI	R C2I	R C3I
η	0.970	0.955	0.940	0.970	0.955	0.940

Overloads

When a gear reducer is subjected to high static and dynamic overloads, the need arises for verifying that such overloads will always remain lower than M_{2max} (see ch. 7, 9).

Overloads are normally generated when one has:

- starting on full load (especially for high inertias and low transmission ratios), braking, shocks;
- gear reducers in which the low speed shaft becomes driving member due to driven machine inertia;
- applied power higher than that required; other static or dynamic causes.

The following general observations on overloads are accompanied by some formulae for carrying out evaluations in certain typical instances.

Where no evaluation is possible, install safety devices which will keep values within M_{2max} .

Starting torque

When starting on full load (especially for high inertias and low transmission ratios) verify that M_{2max} is equal to or greater than starting torque, by using the following formula:

$$M_2 \text{ start} = \left(\frac{M \text{ start}}{M_N} \cdot M_2 \text{ available} - M_2 \text{ required} \right) \cdot \frac{J}{J + J_0} + M_2 \text{ required}$$

where:

$M \text{ start}$ and M_N are the starting torque and the motor nominal torque, respectively;

$M_2 \text{ required}$ is the torque absorbed by the machine through work and frictions;

$M_2 \text{ available}$ is the output torque due to motor nominal power;

J_0 is the moment of inertia (of mass) of the motor;

J is the external moment of inertia (of mass) in kg m² (gear reducers, couplings, driven machine) referred to the motor shaft;

NOTE: when seeking to verify that starting torque is sufficiently high for starting, take into account starting friction, if any, in evaluating $M_2 \text{ required}$.

Stopping machines with high kinetic energy (high moments of inertia combined with high speeds) with brake motor

$$\left(\frac{M_f}{\eta} \cdot i + M_2 \text{ required} \right) \cdot \frac{J}{J + J_0} - M_2 \text{ required} \leq M_{2max}$$

where:

M_f is the braking torque applied on high speed shaft; for other symbols see above and ch. 1.

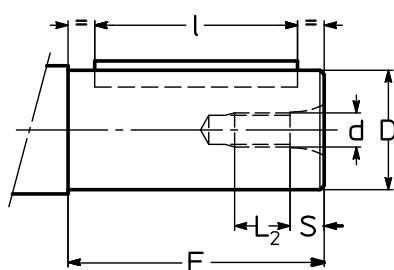
6 - Structural and operational details

Moment of inertia (of mass) J_1 [kg m²]

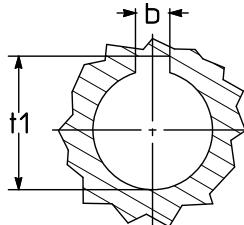
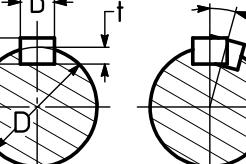
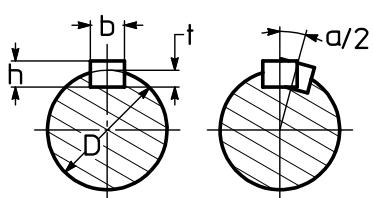
The moment of inertia is referred to the high speed shaft of gear reducer, design with only one single HSS and LSS end; the one referred to the low speed shaft is given by following ratio: $J_2 = J_1 \cdot i^2$.

Train of gears	i_N	Gear reducer size ¹⁾									
		Moment of inertia of mass J_1 [kg m ²]									
		4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301
2I	10	0,713	0,732	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	0,684	0,7	0,8	0,813	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	0,467	0,478	0,757	0,769	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	0,448	0,458	0,521	0,53	1,393	1,429	1,609	1,633	3,593	3,643
	16	0,431	0,44	0,495	0,502	1,333	1,363	1,522	1,543	3,412	3,428
	18	0,297	0,303	0,469	0,475	0,994	1,017	1,439	1,457	3,296	3,332
	20	0,286	0,291	0,45	0,455	0,956	0,975	1,39	1,406	2,39	2,4
3I	22,4	0,279	0,284	0,31	0,314	0,808	0,823	1,023	1,035	2,318	2,34
	25	0,21	0,213	0,298	0,301	0,79	0,803	0,862	0,871	—	—
	28	0,206	0,208	0,224	0,226	0,602	0,611	0,653	0,659	1,526	1,539
	31,5	0,202	0,204	0,217	0,219	0,588	0,595	0,633	0,638	1,476	1,481
	35,5	0,149	0,15	0,211	0,212	0,418	0,423	0,613	0,617	0,996	1,004
	40	0,146	0,147	0,156	0,157	0,409	0,413	0,601	0,605	0,966	0,969
	45	0,133	0,134	0,152	0,153	0,362	0,365	0,425	0,427	0,834	0,953
	50	0,131	0,132	0,137	0,138	0,356	0,359	0,374	0,376	0,816	0,818
	56	0,075	0,076	0,135	0,135	0,241	0,243	0,366	0,368	0,555	0,63
	63	0,074	0,075	0,078	0,079	0,237	0,239	0,249	0,25	0,543	0,544
	71	0,054	0,054	0,077	0,077	0,164	0,165	0,244	0,245	0,363	0,538
	80	0,053	0,053	0,056	0,056	0,162	0,163	0,169	0,17	0,356	0,357
	90	0,048	0,048	0,054	0,055	0,148	0,149	0,166	0,167	0,352	0,353
4I	100	0,047	0,047	0,054	0,054	0,147	0,148	0,164	0,165	0,317	0,317
	125	—	—	0,048	0,048	—	—	—	—	—	—
	125	0,044	0,044	0,045	0,045	0,128	0,129	0,131	0,131	0,275	0,276
	160	0,035	0,035	0,035	0,035	0,106	0,106	0,108	0,108	0,248	0,248
	200	0,021	0,021	0,022	0,022	0,05	0,05	0,051	0,051	0,112	0,112
C1	250	0,017	0,017	0,018	0,018	0,042	0,042	0,042	0,042	0,101	0,101
	315	0,015	0,015	0,017	0,017	0,036	0,036	0,042	0,042	0,084	0,084
	8	0,964	0,993	1,387	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	0,916	0,943	1,284	1,309	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	0,872	0,894	1,035	1,229	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	0,845	0,866	0,969	0,985	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	0,572	0,587	0,921	0,934	—	—	—	—	—	—
C2I	14	0,556	0,569	0,634	0,644	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	0,388	0,397	0,603	0,612	—	—	—	—	—	—
	18	0,378	0,386	0,426	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	20	0,398	0,403	0,408	0,413	—	—	—	—	—	—
	22,4	0,391	0,395	0,42	0,423	1,26	1,274	—	—	—	—
	25	0,384	0,388	0,409	0,412	1,236	1,248	1,311	1,319	—	—
	28	0,298	0,3	0,399	0,402	0,953	0,962	1,278	1,285	1,642	1,655
C3I	31,5	0,293	0,296	0,31	0,311	0,938	0,946	0,986	0,992	1,597	1,601
	35,5	0,272	0,274	0,303	0,305	0,859	0,864	0,965	0,97	1,568	1,577
	40	0,269	0,271	0,279	0,281	0,849	0,854	0,879	0,883	1,169	1,172
	45	0,181	0,182	0,275	0,276	0,564	0,568	0,866	0,869	1,028	1,156
	50	0,179	0,18	0,186	0,186	0,558	0,561	0,577	0,579	1,01	1,012
	56	0,124	0,124	0,183	0,184	0,383	0,386	0,569	0,571	0,671	1,002
	63	0,122	0,123	0,126	0,127	0,38	0,381	0,391	0,393	0,66	0,661
	71	0,114	0,114	0,125	0,125	0,358	0,359	0,386	0,387	0,652	0,655
	80	0,113	0,114	0,124	0,124	0,356	0,357	0,383	0,384	0,443	0,443
	100	0,068	0,069	0,075	0,075	0,221	0,222	0,239	0,24	0,438	0,438
C4I	125	—	—	0,069	0,069	—	—	0,223	0,223	—	—
	125	0,051	0,052	0,052	0,053	0,163	0,163	0,166	0,166	0,319	0,319
	160	0,034	0,034	0,034	0,034	0,104	0,105	0,106	0,106	0,215	0,215
	200	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,087	0,087	0,088	0,088	0,137	0,169
	250	0,016	0,016	0,016	0,016	0,052	0,052	0,053	0,053	0,108	0,108
C5I	315	0,013	0,013	0,013	0,013	0,044	0,044	0,045	0,045	0,065	0,065
	315	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

1) For sizes 7101 and 8001, consult us.

High and low speed shaft end

Gear reducer



UTC 2099

(Hollow) machine shaft

Shaft end						Key			Keyway			
D Ø	E	d Ø	S	L ₂	a/2 _{max} arc min 1)	b h9	h h11	I	b h9 hub N9 shaft	t shaft	t ₁ shaft	
38 k6	80	M10	7,6	18,4	3,27	10	×	8	×	70	5	41,3
48 k6	110	M12	9,5	22,5	3,08	14	×	9	×	90	14	51,8
55 m6	110	M12	9,5	22,5	2,75	16	×	10	×	90	16	59,3
60 m6	140	M16	12,7	27,3	2,46	18	×	11	×	110	18	64,4
65 m6	140	M16	12,7	27,3	2,33	18	×	11	×	110	18	69,4
70 m6	140	M16	12,7	27,3	2,55	20	×	12	×	125	20	74,9
75 m6	140	M16	12,7	27,3	2,38	20	×	12	×	125	20	79,9
80 m6	170	M20	16	34	2,23	22	×	14	×	140	22	85,4
90 m6	170	M20	16	34	1,99	25	×	14	×	140	25	95,4
100 m6	210	M24	19	41	1,79	28	×	16	×	180	28	106,4
110 m6	210	M24	19	41	1,63	28	×	16	×	180	28	116,4
120 m6	210	M30	22	45	1,78	B32	×	18	×	170	32	127,4
125 m6	210	M30	22	45	1,71	32	×	18	×	180	32	132,4
140 m6	250	M30	22	45	1,52	36	×	20	×	180	36	148,4
150 m6	245	M36	27	54	1,42	36	×	20	×	220	36	158,4
150 m6	250	M36	27	54	1,42	B36	×	20	×	210	36	158,4
180 m6	300	M36	27	54	1,18	45	×	25	×	250	45	190,4
190 m6	280	M36	27	54	1,12	B45	×	25	×	230	45	200,4
200 m6	280	M36	27	54	1,07	B45	×	25	×	230	45	210,4
200 m6	350	M36	27	54	1,07	45	×	25	×	320	45	210,4
210 m6	300	M36	27	54	1,02	B50	×	28	×	250	50	221,4
220 m6	300	M36	27	54	0,97	B50	×	28	×	250	50	231,4
240 m6	330	M45	33	67	1,06	B56	×	32	×	270	56	252,4
250 m6	330	M45	33	67	1,02	B56	×	32	×	270	56	262,4
270 m6	380	M45	33	67	0,94	B63	×	32	×	320	63	282,4
280 m6	380	M45	33	67	0,91	B63	×	32	×	320	63	292,4
300 m6	430	M45	33	67	0,85	B70	×	36	×	355	70	314,4
320 m6	430	M45	33	67	0,80	B70	×	36	×	355	70	334,4
360 m6	590	M45	33	67	1,45	B80	×	40	×	550	90	375,4
400 m6	660	M45	33	67	1,50	B90	×	45	×	610	90	417,4

1) Maximum angular disalignment of keyways on double extension shafts.

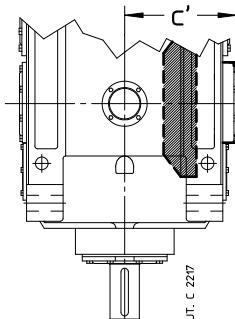
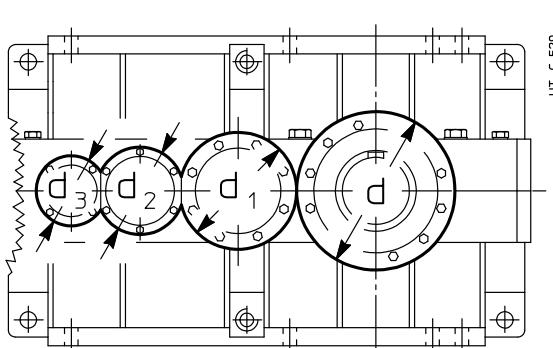
Plug dimensions

The filler, drain and level plugs have standard threading G 1" for size ≤ 6301, G 1 1/4" for size 7101, G 1 1/2" for size 8001.

6 - Structural and operational details

Side-cover dimensions

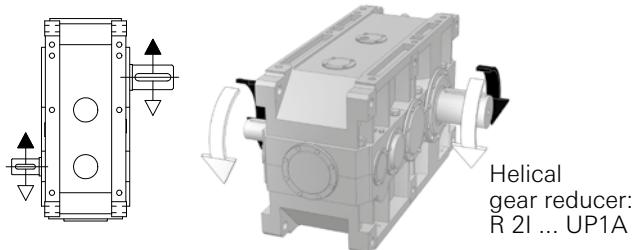
The low speed shaft covers are machined for spigot. For cover height, consider the difference **C** - **H₁** (ch. 8 and 10); for trains of gears CI and C2I the cover dimensions on bevel wheel side are stated in the table. Diameter tolerance $\pm 0,5$ (excluding **d** dimension).



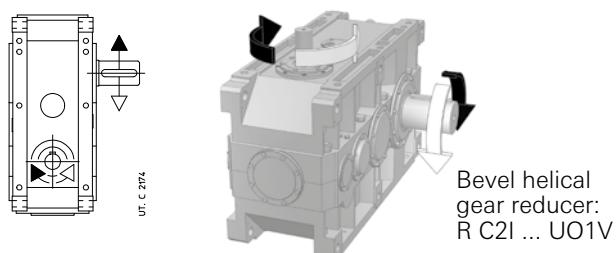
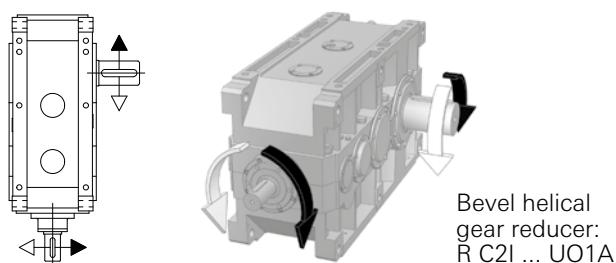
Grandezza	Rotismo									
	2I		3I, 4I, C2I, C3I		d₃ Ø	d₂ Ø	c' (C2I)	d₁ Ø	c' (CI)	d Ø h7
4000, 4001	$i_N \leq 11,2$ 170	$i_N \geq 12,5$ 190	$i_N \leq 11,2$ 259	$i_N \geq 12,5$ 248	190	248	318	340	363 ¹⁾	432
4500, 4501	$i_N \leq 12,5$ 170	$i_N \geq 14$ 190	$i_N \leq 12,5$ 259	$i_N \geq 14$ 248	190	248	318	340	363 ¹⁾	472
5000, 5001	228		320		228	320	423 ¹⁾	388	-	530
5600, 5601	228		320		228	320	423	432	-	590
6300, 6301	248		362		248	362	468	510	-	648
7101	320		490		320	490	518	648	-	782 ²⁾
8001	388		550		388	550	580	782	-	889 ²⁾

- 1) Overhanging from **C** dimension (see ch. 10.1 and 10.2).
2) For hollow low speed shaf: 842 (size 7101), 969 (size 8001).

Direction of rotation

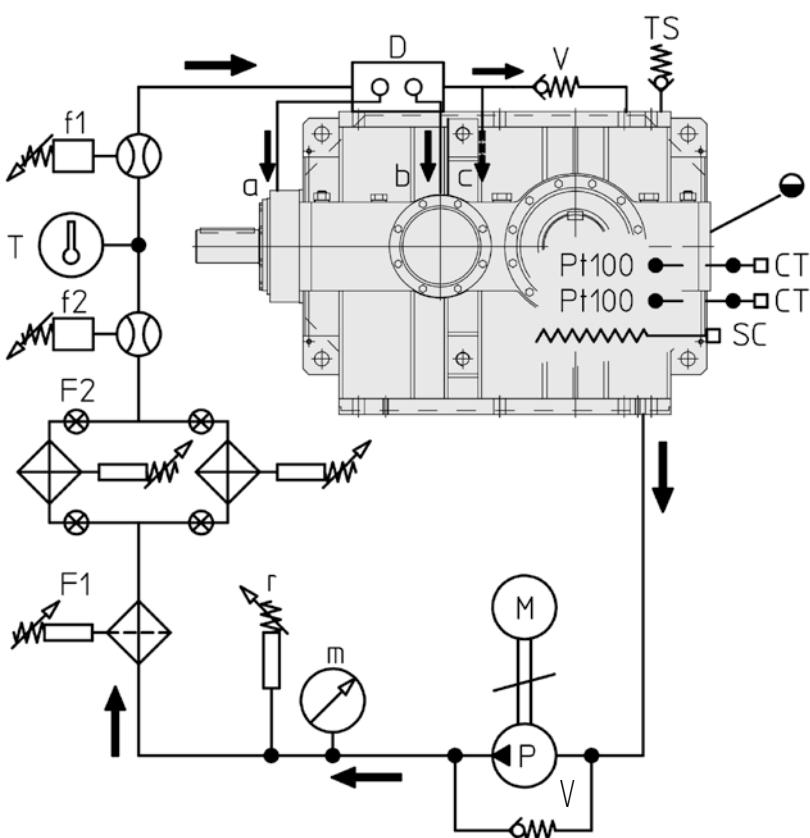


The correspondence between gear reducer high speed shaft and low speed shaft direction of rotation is given at ch. 8 and 10 and it is according to design and train of gears. For the arrows' meaning interpretation refer to the examples on the left.



Forced lubrication of bearings and/or gears with motor pump: hydraulic circuit diagram

The bearings and/or the gears to be forced lubricated are determined by Rossi according to gear reducer and application.



As standard

a, b, c	Gear pair/bearing pipes
m	Pressure gauge (0 – 16 bar)
M	Motor pump (1,5 kW, 230.400 V 50 Hz)
P	Pump (30 dm ³ /min)
T	Thermometer 0 – 120 °C
V	Safety valve
r	Minimum pressure gauge
TS	Filler plug
D	Flow rate
●	Oil level (approx.)

On request

Pt100*	Oil temperature probe (separate)*
f1	Electric flow switch: vertical mounting
f2	Visible flow switch
F1	Filter
F2	Exchange filter
CT03N*, CT10N*	Control devices with 2 and 3 thresholds (separately supplied); supply 230 V 50 Hz*
SC*	Oil heater*

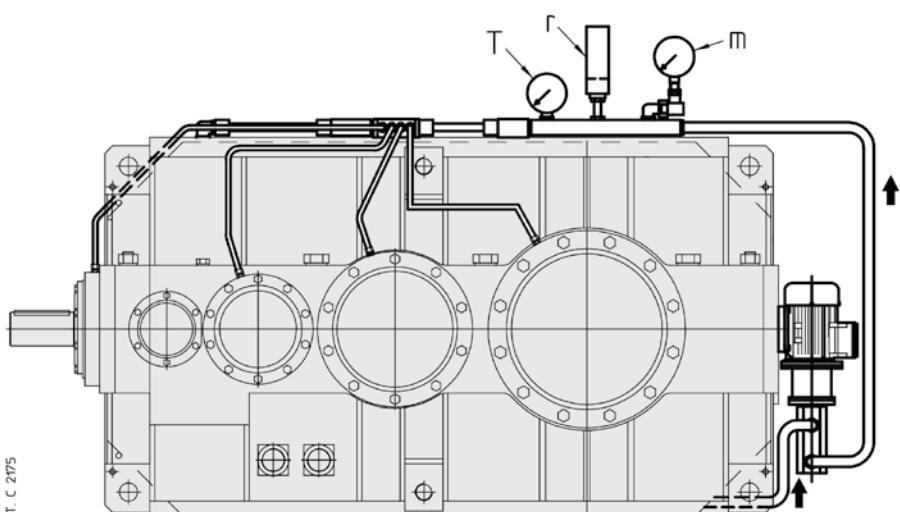
* On request, but necessary for gear reducer starting at $T_{\text{ambient}} (= T_{\text{oil}}) \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$: pre-heat the oil with the heater.

Starting at low temperature ($T_{\text{oil}} = T_{\text{ambient}} \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) of gear reducer with forced lubrication

Always foresee oil heater and 2-threshold signalling device CT03N + Pt100 and 3-threshold signalling device CT10N + Pt100..

- **CT03N** (2-threshold device) and relevant temperature probe Pt100, to pilot the heater; set the operating threshold at 50 °C (stopping the heater supply) and the reset threshold at 30 °C.
- **CT10N** (3-threshold device) and relevant temperature probe Pt100 to start the motor pump and the motor of gear reducer; it is advised to delay the starting of gear reducer motor by at least 1 min from the motor pump starting so that oil is already circulating: the motor pump must run simultaneously with gear reducer; set the operating threshold at 30 °C to start the gear reducer and the motor pump, the reset threshold at 10 °C and the safety threshold at 90 °C.

For starting at $T_{\text{oil}} (= T_{\text{ambient}}) \leq 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ it is necessary to adjust the calibration of devices CT03N and CT10N according to real ambient temperature (see also point B1 in the table at ch. 12 (8)).

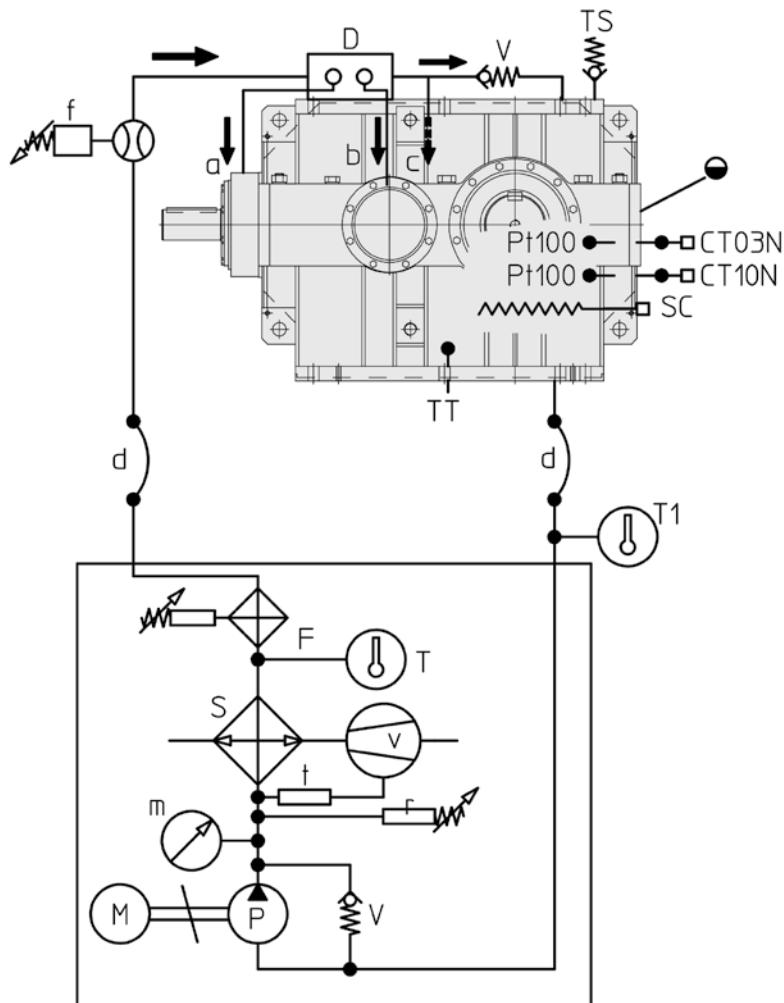


Example of forced lubrication with motor pump; the exact position of motor pump depends on the gear reducer size, train of gears, mounting position and available dimensions: for this reason, on request, a drawing of the specific solution will be supplied; pipes are usually realized with suction and delivery flexible pipes and with rigid pipes between the flow rate and the bearings.

6 - Structural and operational details

Bearing and/or gear pair forced lubrication with oil/air or oil/water independent cooling unit: hydraulic circuit diagram

The bearings and/or the gears to be forced lubricated are determined by Rossi according to gear reducer and application.



As standard

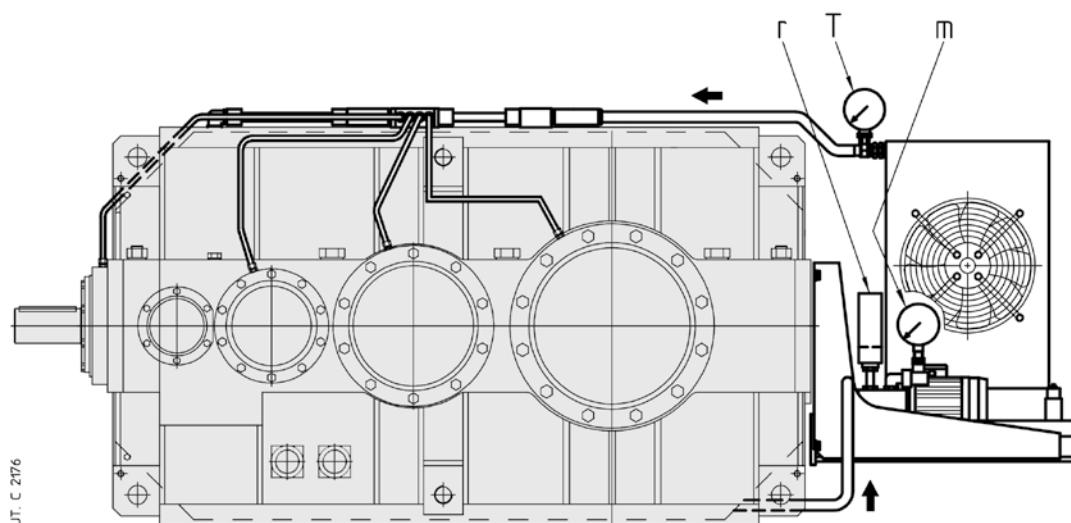
a, b, c	Gear pair/bearing pipes
d	Flexible connection (by Customer)
m	Pressure gauge (0 – 16 bar)
M	Motor pump (ch. 12 (10))
P	Pump (ch. 12 (10))
S	Oil/air or oil/water exchanger
v	Motor fan (UR O/A)
t	Fan thermostat 0 ÷ 90 °C (UR O/A)
T	Thermometer 0 – 120 °C
V	Safety valve
r	Minimum pressure gauge
TS	Filler plug
D	Flow rate
●	Approx. oil level

On request

Pt100*	Oil temperature probe (loose)*
f	Flow switch (loose)
F	Filter with electric blockage warning (with UR O/A it is supplied loose)
CT03N*, CT10N*	Control devices with 2 and 3 thresholds (separately supplied); supply 230 V 50 Hz*
T1	Thermometer 0 – 120 °C
TT	Bi-metal type thermostat
SC*	Oil heater*

* On request, but necessary for gear reducer starting at $T_{\text{ambient}} (= T_{\text{oil}}) \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$: pre-heat the oil with the heater.

For **starting at low temperature**: see previous page.



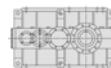
Example of forced lubrication with cooling unit: the exact position of cooling unit depends on the gear reducer size, on train of gears, mounting position and available dimensions: for this reason, on request, a drawing of specific solution is supplied; the pipes are usually realized with suction/delivery flexible pipes and with rigid pipes between the flow rate and the bearings.

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7 - Selection tables

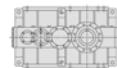
(helical gear reducers)

7

 $n_1 = 1\,800 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears	i_N	n_{N2} min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size											
			P_{N2} [kW] M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kNm]											
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001
2i	10	180	1820▲ 95 (155)	2000▲ 105 (180)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	160	1600▲ 95 (155)	1780▲ 106 (180)	1890▲ 114 (212)	2040▲ 123 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	140	1440▲ 95 (160)	1610▲ 106 (180)	1690▲ 116 (212)	1790▲ 122 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	132	1270▲ 95 (160)	1420▲ 106 (180)	1550▲ 118 (218)	1710▲ 130 (243)	2150▲ 160 (315)	2420▲ 180 (365)	2970▲ 224 (425)	3360▲ 253 (487)	4410▲ 335 (600)	4820▲ 366 (710)	—	—
	16	112	1100▲ 95 (155)	1180▲ 102 (175)	1370▲ 118 (218)	1510▲ 130 (250)	1880▲ 160 (307)	2080▲ 177 (355)	2640▲ 224 (425)	3010▲ 255 (500)	3830▲ 335 (600)	4210▲ 375 (710)	—	—
	18	100	1010▲ 95 (155)	1130▲ 106 (180)	1180▲ 117 (206)	1250▲ 124 (236)	1720▲ 160 (307)	1940▲ 180 (355)	2310▲ 224 (412)	2570▲ 249 (462)	3460▲ 335 (580)	3840▲ 373 (670)	—	—
	20	90	881▲ 95 (155)	980▲ 106 (180)	1080▲ 118 (218)	1210▲ 132 (250)	1510▲ 160 (307)	1700▲ 180 (355)	2110▲ 224 (437)	2420▲ 257 (500)	3020▲ 335 (615)	3330▲ 375 (710)	—	—
	22,4	80	796▲ 95 (145)	888▲ 106 (170)	953▲ 118 (206)	1040▲ 128 (236)	1340▲ 160 (315)	1510▲ 180 (365)	1850▲ 224 (412)	2120▲ 257 (475)	2730▲ 335 (580)	3050▲ 375 (670)	—	—
3i	25	71	711 95 (170)	753 101 (195)	865▲ 118 (190)	968▲ 132 (218)	1220▲ 160 (300)	1370▲ 180 (345)	1650▲ 224 (412)	1890▲ 257 (487)	—	—	3390▲ 462 (925)	—
	28	63	658 100 (170)	704 107 (195)	746 115 (218)	803 124 (250)	1250▲ 190 (335)	1380▲ 210 (387)	1470▲ 227 (450)	1590▲ 245 (487)	2200▲ 320 (630)	2540▲ 371 (750)	3390▲ 497 (1000)	—
	31,5	56	571 100 (170)	639 112 (195)	698 122 (230)	748 131 (265)	1090▲ 190 (325)	1220▲ 212 (375)	1380▲ 241 (450)	1510▲ 262 (530)	1910▲ 320 (630)	2170▲ 371 (750)	3390▲ 575 (1150)	—
	35,5	50	525 100 (170)	577 110 (195)	622 125 (230)	663 133 (257)	991 190 (335)	1110 212 (375)	1230▲ 243 (425)	1380▲ 274 (500)	1750▲ 327 (650)	2020▲ 378 (750)	3370▲ 630 (1120)	—
	40	45	456 100 (165)	511 112 (190)	571 125 (230)	609 133 (265)	867 190 (335)	968 212 (375)	1120▲ 243 (462)	1290▲ 280 (530)	1520▲ 327 (650)	1730▲ 378 (750)	2920▲ 630 (1180)	—
	45	40	417 100 (170)	467 112 (195)	497 125 (218)	556 140 (250)	787 190 (335)	878 212 (387)	972 243 (437)	1120 280 (500)	1380▲ 333 (670)	1620▲ 386 (775)	2570▲ 625 (1220)	—
	50	35,5	362 100 (170)	406 112 (195)	453 125 (236)	508 140 (272)	689 190 (335)	768 212 (387)	881 243 (475)	1010 280 (545)	1270▲ 352 (670)	1370▲ 386 (775)	2250▲ 630 (1220)	—
	56	31,5	328 100 (170)	368 112 (195)	394 125 (224)	442 140 (257)	639 190 (345)	714 212 (387)	772 243 (450)	890 280 (515)	1170 354 (670)	1310 394 (775)	2100▲ 630 (1250)	2870▲ 900 (1750)
	63	28	285 100 (170)	319 112 (195)	357 125 (243)	400 140 (272)	560 190 (345)	624 212 (387)	716 243 (475)	825 280 (545)	1020 355 (670)	1160 412 (775)	1820▲ 630 (1250)	2490▲ 900 (1750)
	71	25	267 100 (175)	299 112 (200)	310 125 (224)	348 140 (257)	504 190 (355)	562 212 (400)	627 243 (450)	723 280 (515)	935 355 (690)	1060 412 (800)	1660▲ 630 (1250)	2260▲ 900 (1800)
	80	22,4	232 100 (175)	260 112 (200)	290 125 (243)	325 140 (280)	441 190 (355)	492 212 (400)	564 243 (487)	650 280 (560)	812 355 (690)	926 412 (800)	1440▲ 630 (1250)	1970▲ 900 (1800)
	90	20	214 100 (175)	239 112 (200)	252 125 (230)	283 140 (265)	403 190 (355)	450 212 (400)	494 243 (462)	570 280 (530)	733 355 (650)	850 412 (750)	1330▲ 630 (1250)	1860▲ 900 (1800)
	100	18	185 100 (175)	208 112 (200)	229 125 (243)	257 140 (280)	353 190 (355)	394 212 (400)	451 243 (487)	520 280 (545)	641 355 (690)	731 412 (800)	1150▲ 630 (1250)	1620▲ 900 (1800)
	125	14	— 100 (175)	— 112 (200)	183 125 (243)	205 140 (243)	— 190 (355)	— 212 (400)	361 243 (425)	416 280 (487)	— 355 (690)	— 412 (800)	— 650 (1250)	— 925 (1800)
4i	125	14	142 95 (180)	159 106 (206)	185 125 (250)	212 143 (290)	278 190 (365)	301 206 (412)	350 243 (487)	399 277 (560)	486 345 (690)	554 400 (800)	899▲ 650 (1250)	1350▲ 925 (1800)
	160	11,2	118 100 (180)	132 112 (206)	146 125 (250)	168 145 (290)	226 190 (365)	248 209 (412)	285 243 (487)	326 278 (560)	396 353 (690)	440 400 (800)	730▲ 650 (1250)	1050▲ 925 (1800)
	200	9	98,6 100 (180)	110 112 (206)	122 125 (250)	141 145 (290)	169 190 (365)	188 212 (412)	213 243 (487)	244 278 (560)	301 345 (690)	342 400 (800)	579 650 (1250)	813▲ 925 (1800)
	250	7,1	77,6 100 (180)	86,9 112 (206)	95,7 125 (250)	111 145 (290)	137 190 (365)	153 212 (412)	173 243 (487)	198 278 (560)	246 355 (690)	280 412 (800)	471 650 (1250)	630▲ 925 (1800)
	315	5,6	63,1 100 (180)	70,7 112 (206)	73,4 125 (230)	85,1 145 (265)	108 190 (365)	120 212 (412)	134 243 (462)	155 280 (530)	197 355 (690)	224 412 (800)	371 650 (1250)	497▲ 925 (1800)

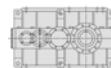
▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).



$n_1 = 1\ 500 \text{ min}^{-1}$

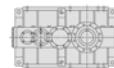
Train of gears	i_N	n_{N2} min^{-1}	Gear reducer size													
			P_{N2} [kW] M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kN m]													
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001		
2I	10	150	1590 100 (160)	1780 112 (180)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	132	1400 100 (160)	1570 112 (180)	1700 123 (218)	1800 130 (250)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	118	1260 100 (160)	1420 112 (185)	1520 125 (218)	1610 132 (250)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	106	1110 100 (160)	1250 112 (185)	1370 125 (218)	1480 135 (250)	1910▲ 170 (325)	2120▲ 189 (375)	2690▲ 243 (437)	3010▲ 272 (500)	3900▲ 355 (615)	4300▲ 392 (710)	—	—	—	—
	16	95	966 100 (155)	1060 110 (180)	1210 125 (218)	1350 140 (250)	1670▲ 170 (315)	1820▲ 185 (365)	2390▲ 243 (437)	2670▲ 272 (500)	3380▲ 355 (615)	3740▲ 400 (710)	—	—	—	—
	18	85	890 100 (160)	997 112 (185)	1050 125 (206)	1120 133 (236)	1530▲ 170 (315)	1710▲ 190 (365)	2090▲ 243 (412)	2310▲ 268 (475)	3050▲ 355 (580)	3440▲ 400 (670)	—	—	—	—
	20	75	772 100 (160)	865 112 (185)	954 125 (224)	1070 140 (257)	1340▲ 170 (315)	1490▲ 190 (365)	1910▲ 243 (450)	2140▲ 272 (515)	2670▲ 355 (630)	2960▲ 400 (730)	—	—	—	—
	22,4	67	698 100 (150)	782 112 (175)	841 125 (212)	930 138 (243)	1190▲ 170 (325)	1330▲ 190 (375)	1670▲ 243 (425)	1870▲ 272 (487)	2410▲ 355 (600)	2710▲ 400 (690)	—	—	—	—
3I	25	60	624 100 (170)	676 109 (195)	764 125 (195)	855 140 (224)	1080▲ 170 (300)	1210▲ 190 (355)	1490▲ 243 (425)	1660▲ 272 (487)	—	—	3040▲ 498 (1000)	5860▲ 498 (1700)	5860▲ 498 (1700)	
	28	53	581 106 (170)	624 114 (195)	646 120 (224)	679 126 (250)	1100 200 (345)	1180 216 (387)	1250 232 (462)	1340 249 (500)	1870▲ 327 (650)	2160▲ 379 (750)	3040▲ 535 (1060)	5170▲ 535 (1700)	5170▲ 535 (1700)	
	31,5	47,5	504 106 (175)	561 118 (200)	600 126 (230)	657 138 (265)	959 200 (335)	1070 224 (387)	1190 249 (462)	1280 267 (530)	1620▲ 327 (650)	1850▲ 379 (750)	3040▲ 620 (1180)	4490▲ 620 (1700)	4490▲ 620 (1700)	
	35,5	42,5	464 106 (175)	517 118 (200)	547 132 (236)	596 144 (257)	869 200 (335)	974 224 (387)	1080 257 (437)	1200 286 (500)	1490 333 (670)	1720 386 (775)	2980▲ 670 (1150)	4060▲ 670 (1600)	4060▲ 670 (1600)	
	40	37,5	403 106 (170)	448 118 (195)	503 132 (236)	548 144 (272)	761 200 (335)	852 224 (387)	986 257 (475)	1110 290 (545)	1290 333 (670)	1470 386 (775)	2590▲ 670 (1220)	3530▲ 670 (1750)	3530▲ 670 (1750)	
	45	33,5	369 106 (170)	410 118 (195)	437 132 (224)	497 150 (257)	690 200 (345)	773 224 (400)	857 257 (450)	955 286 (515)	1170 340 (690)	1380 394 (800)	2290▲ 670 (1250)	3260▲ 670 (1750)	3260▲ 670 (1750)	
	50	30	320 106 (170)	356 118 (195)	399 132 (243)	453 150 (280)	604 200 (345)	677 224 (400)	776 257 (475)	873 289 (560)	1100 365 (690)	1160 394 (800)	1990▲ 670 (1250)	2830▲ 670 (1750)	2830▲ 670 (1750)	
	56	26,5	290 106 (175)	323 118 (200)	347 132 (224)	394 150 (257)	561 200 (355)	628 224 (400)	681 257 (450)	760 287 (530)	1000 365 (690)	1110 399 (800)	1860 670 (1250)	2520▲ 670 (1800)	2520▲ 670 (1800)	
	63	23,6	252 106 (175)	280 118 (200)	314 132 (243)	357 150 (280)	491 200 (355)	550 224 (400)	631 257 (487)	712 290 (560)	870 365 (690)	995 425 (800)	1620 670 (1250)	2190▲ 670 (1800)	2190▲ 670 (1800)	
	71	21,2	236 106 (175)	263 118 (200)	273 132 (230)	310 150 (265)	442 200 (355)	495 224 (400)	553 257 (462)	619 288 (530)	801 365 (690)	914 425 (800)	1470 670 (1250)	1990▲ 670 (1800)	1990▲ 670 (1800)	
	80	19	205 106 (175)	228 118 (200)	255 132 (243)	290 150 (280)	387 200 (355)	433 224 (400)	497 257 (487)	561 290 (560)	696 365 (690)	796 425 (800)	1280 670 (1250)	1730▲ 670 (1800)	1730▲ 670 (1800)	
	90	17	189 106 (175)	210 118 (200)	222 132 (230)	252 150 (265)	354 200 (355)	396 224 (400)	436 257 (462)	489 288 (530)	628 365 (650)	731 425 (750)	1180 670 (1250)	1640▲ 670 (1800)	1640▲ 670 (1800)	
	100	15	164 106 (175)	182 118 (200)	202 132 (243)	229 150 (280)	309 200 (355)	347 224 (400)	398 257 (487)	449 290 (560)	549 365 (690)	628 425 (800)	1020 670 (1250)	1420▲ 670 (1800)	1420▲ 670 (1800)	
	125	11,8	—	—	161 132 (212)	183 150 (243)	— —	— —	318 257 (425)	359 290 (487)	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	
4I	125	11,8	122 98 (180)	136 109 (206)	154 125 (250)	178 145 (290)	244 200 (365)	263 216 (412)	292 243 (487)	334 278 (560)	407 347 (690)	461 400 (800)	772 670 (1250)	1160▲ 950 (1800)	1160▲ 950 (1800)	
	160	9,5	104 106 (180)	116 118 (206)	128 132 (250)	140 145 (290)	198 200 (365)	222 224 (412)	244 250 (487)	272 278 (560)	340 365 (690)	366 400 (800)	627 670 (1250)	896▲ 950 (1800)	896▲ 950 (1800)	
	200	7,5	87,1 106 (180)	97 118 (206)	107 132 (250)	117 145 (290)	148 200 (365)	166 224 (412)	187 256 (487)	203 278 (560)	260 358 (690)	285 400 (800)	498 670 (1250)	696 950 (1800)	696 950 (1800)	
	250	6	68,5 106 (180)	76,3 118 (206)	84,2 132 (250)	92,1 145 (290)	120 200 (365)	135 224 (412)	152 257 (487)	165 278 (560)	210 365 (690)	241 425 (800)	404 670 (1250)	539 950 (1800)	539 950 (1800)	
	315	4,75	55,7 106 (180)	62,1 118 (206)	64,6 132 (230)	73,4 150 (265)	94,7 200 (365)	106 224 (412)	118 257 (462)	134 290 (530)	168 365 (690)	193 425 (800)	319 670 (1250)	425 950 (1800)	425 950 (1800)	

▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).

***n₁ = 1 200 min⁻¹***

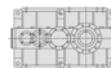
Train of gears	<i>i_N</i>	<i>n_{N2}</i> min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size													
			P_{N2} [kW] M_{N2} (M_{2max}) [kNm]													
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001		
21	10	118	1280	1430	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	106	1120	1260	1380	1490	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	95	1010	1140	1220	1330	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	85	892	999	1100	1180	1540	1720	2160	2420	3130▲	3450▲	5620▲	7770▲		
	16	75	774	867	970	1090	1340	1500	1920	2150	2720▲	3010▲	4880▲	6760▲		
	18	67	714	799	843	929	1230	1380	1680	1880	2460▲	2770▲	4410▲	6110▲		
	20	60	620	694	765	858	1080	1210	1530	1720	2150▲	2380▲	3900▲	5560▲		
	22,4	53	560	627	675	756	956	1070	1350	1510	1940▲	2180▲	3530▲	5030▲		
	25	47,5	516	560	612	686	869	974	1200	1340	—	—	2520▲	4710▲		
31	25	47,5	104 (175)	112 (200)	125 (195)	140 (224)	171 (307)	192 (355)	244 (425)	273 (500)	—	—	515 (1030)	950 (1700)		
	28	42,5	465	516	535	546	878	978	1030	1080	1510	1750	2520▲	4150▲		
	31,5	37,5	404	450	496	544	768	863	988	1030	1310	1490	2520▲	3600▲		
	35,5	33,5	372	414	439	493	696	783	867	962	1200	1390	2390▲	3250▲		
	40	30	323	359	403	453	609	685	791	893	1040	1190	2080	2830▲		
	45	26,5	295	329	351	398	553	622	688	765	948	1110	1840	2610▲		
	50	23,6	256	285	320	364	484	544	623	701	880	943	1600	2270▲		
	56	21,2	232	259	278	316	449	505	546	609	804	888	1490	2020		
	63	19	202	224	252	286	393	442	506	571	699	798	1300	1760		
	71	17	189	210	219	249	354	398	444	496	643	733	1180	1600		
	80	15	164	183	205	233	310	348	399	450	559	638	1020	1390		
	90	13,2	151	168	178	203	283	318	350	392	504	586	943	1310		
	100	11,8	131	146	162	184	248	279	319	360	441	504	818	1140		
	125	9,5	—	—	129	147	—	—	255	288	—	—	—	—		
41	125	9,5	101	113	123	143	195	218	234	267	337	369	619	928		
	160	7,5	83,6	93,1	103	112	159	178	201	217	273	294	503	719		
	200	6	69,8	77,7	85,8	93,7	119	133	150	162	213	228	399	558		
	250	4,75	54,9	61,1	67,5	73,7	96,3	108	122	132	169	193	324	432		
	315	3,75	44,7	49,7	51,8	58,8	75,9	85,3	95,1	107	135	154	256	341		

▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).


 $n_1 = 1\,000 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears	i_N	n_{N2} min^{-1}	Gear reducer size												
			P_{N2} [kW] M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kNm]												
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
2I	10	100	1070 101 (165)	1200 113 (185)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11,2	90	941 101 (165)	1050 113 (185)	1160 126 (224)	1300 141 (250)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12,5	80	849 101 (165)	950 113 (190)	1020 126 (224)	1150 141 (257)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	71	747 101 (165)	836 113 (190)	921 126 (224)	989 135 (257)	1300 174 (335)	1460 196 (387)	1820 247 (450)	2020 274 (500)	2640 361 (630)	2880 394 (730)	4710▲ 635 (1090)	6510▲ 905 (1550)	
	16	63	648 101 (160)	726 113 (185)	812 126 (224)	911 141 (257)	1140 174 (325)	1280 196 (375)	1610 247 (450)	1810 276 (515)	2290 361 (630)	2530 406 (730)	4090 635 (1150)	5660▲ 905 (1650)	
	18	56	598 101 (165)	669 113 (190)	706 126 (212)	792 141 (243)	1040 174 (325)	1170 196 (375)	1410 247 (425)	1590 276 (487)	2070 361 (600)	2330 406 (690)	3690 635 (1120)	5110▲ 905 (1550)	
	20	50	519 101 (165)	581 113 (190)	641 126 (230)	719 141 (265)	909 174 (325)	1020 196 (375)	1290 247 (462)	1450 276 (515)	1810 361 (650)	2000 406 (750)	3270 635 (1180)	4650▲ 905 (1700)	
	22,4	45	469 101 (155)	525 113 (180)	565 126 (218)	634 141 (250)	808 174 (335)	910 196 (375)	1130 247 (437)	1270 276 (500)	1630 361 (615)	1840 406 (710)	2950 635 (1120)	4210▲ 905 (1600)	
	25	40	442 106 (175)	492 118 (200)	513 126 (200)	575 141 (230)	735 174 (315)	828 196 (365)	1010 247 (437)	1130 276 (500)	-	-	2240 550 (1090)	3940▲ 955 (1750)	
3I	28	35,5	389 106 (175)	433 118 (200)	476 132 (230)	484 134 (257)	733 201 (355)	830 227 (400)	917 255 (475)	917 255 (515)	1280 336 (670)	1480 389 (775)	2240 595 (1180)	3470▲ 955 (1750)	
	31,5	31,5	337 106 (180)	376 118 (206)	423 133 (236)	481 151 (272)	641 201 (345)	726 227 (387)	830 260 (475)	917 287 (545)	1110 336 (670)	1270 389 (775)	2220 675 (1220)	3010▲ 955 (1750)	
	35,5	28	310 106 (180)	346 118 (206)	368 133 (243)	418 151 (257)	582 201 (345)	658 227 (400)	728 260 (450)	804 287 (515)	1020 342 (690)	1180 397 (800)	2000 675 (1180)	2720▲ 955 (1650)	
	40	25	269 106 (175)	300 118 (200)	338 133 (243)	384 151 (280)	509 201 (345)	576 227 (400)	664 260 (487)	749 293 (560)	884 342 (690)	1010 397 (800)	1740 675 (1250)	2370 955 (1800)	
	45	22,4	247 106 (175)	275 118 (200)	294 133 (230)	334 151 (265)	462 201 (355)	523 227 (400)	578 260 (462)	639 287 (530)	840 365 (690)	932 400 (800)	1540 675 (1250)	2190 955 (1800)	
	50	20	214 106 (175)	238 118 (200)	268 133 (243)	305 151 (280)	404 201 (355)	457 227 (400)	523 260 (487)	588 292 (560)	739 369 (690)	840 428 (800)	1340 675 (1250)	1900 955 (1800)	
	56	18	194 106 (175)	216 118 (200)	233 133 (230)	265 151 (265)	375 201 (355)	425 227 (400)	459 260 (462)	509 288 (530)	675 369 (690)	773 417 (800)	1250 675 (1250)	1690 955 (1800)	
	63	16	168 106 (175)	188 118 (200)	211 133 (243)	240 151 (280)	328 201 (355)	372 227 (400)	425 260 (487)	479 293 (560)	587 369 (690)	668 428 (800)	1090 675 (1250)	1470 955 (1800)	
	71	14	158 106 (175)	176 118 (200)	183 133 (230)	209 151 (265)	296 201 (355)	335 227 (400)	373 260 (462)	414 289 (530)	540 369 (690)	614 428 (800)	987 675 (1250)	1340 955 (1800)	
	80	12,5	137 106 (175)	153 118 (200)	172 133 (243)	195 151 (280)	259 201 (355)	293 227 (400)	335 260 (487)	378 293 (560)	469 369 (690)	534 428 (800)	857 675 (1250)	1160 955 (1800)	
	90	11,2	126 106 (175)	141 118 (200)	149 133 (230)	170 151 (265)	237 201 (355)	268 227 (400)	294 260 (462)	327 289 (530)	423 369 (650)	491 428 (750)	790 675 (1250)	1100 955 (1800)	
	100	10	110 106 (175)	122 118 (200)	135 133 (243)	154 151 (280)	207 201 (355)	234 227 (400)	268 260 (487)	302 293 (560)	371 369 (690)	422 428 (800)	685 675 (1250)	955 955 (1800)	
	125	8	- 106 (180)	- 118 (206)	108 133 (212)	123 151 (243)	- 201 (365)	- 227 (412)	214 260 (425)	242 293 (487)	- 293 (530)	- 369 (690)	- 428 (800)	- 675 (1250)	- 955 (1800)
4I	125	8	88,8 106 (180)	98,9 118 (206)	103 125 (250)	119 145 (290)	163 201 (365)	185 227 (412)	195 243 (487)	223 278 (560)	289 369 (690)	308 400 (800)	518 675 (1250)	777 955 (1800)	
	160	6,3	69,8 106 (180)	77,8 118 (206)	86,1 133 (250)	93,6 145 (290)	132 201 (365)	150 227 (412)	169 260 (487)	181 278 (560)	230 369 (690)	261 428 (800)	421 675 (1250)	601 955 (1800)	
	200	5	58,3 106 (180)	64,9 118 (206)	71,8 133 (250)	78,1 145 (290)	99 201 (365)	112 227 (412)	126 260 (487)	135 278 (560)	179 369 (690)	192 404 (800)	334 675 (1250)	467 955 (1800)	
	250	4	45,9 106 (180)	51,1 118 (206)	56,5 133 (250)	61,4 145 (290)	80,4 201 (365)	91 227 (412)	103 260 (487)	111 280 (560)	142 369 (690)	162 428 (800)	272 675 (1250)	362 955 (1800)	
	315	3,15	37,3 106 (180)	41,5 118 (206)	43,4 133 (230)	49,3 151 (265)	63,4 201 (365)	71,7 227 (412)	79,9 260 (462)	90,1 293 (530)	114 369 (690)	129 428 (800)	214 675 (1250)	285 955 (1800)	

▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).



n₁ = 750 min⁻¹

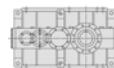
Train of gears	<i>i</i> _N	<i>n</i> _{N2} min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size													
			P_{N2} [kW] $M_{N2} (M_{2max})$ [kNm]													
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001		
2I	10	75	808 101 (165)	904 113 (190)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	67	711 101 (165)	795 113 (190)	875 127 (230)	984 142 (257)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	60	642 101 (170)	718 113 (195)	772 127 (230)	868 142 (265)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	53	565 101 (170)	631 113 (195)	695 127 (230)	744 136 (257)	995 177 (345)	1130 201 (387)	1380 250 (462)	1520 275 (515)	2010 366 (650)	2170 395 (750)	3560 640 (1120)	4910 910 (1600)		
	16	47,5	490 101 (165)	548 113 (190)	613 127 (230)	689 142 (265)	871 177 (335)	988 201 (375)	1230 250 (462)	1380 281 (530)	1750 366 (650)	1930 412 (750)	3090 640 (1180)	4270 910 (1700)		
	18	42,5	452 101 (170)	505 113 (195)	533 127 (218)	599 142 (250)	796 177 (335)	904 201 (387)	1080 250 (437)	1210 281 (500)	1570 366 (615)	1770 412 (710)	2790 640 (1150)	3860 910 (1600)		
	20	37,5	392 101 (170)	438 113 (195)	484 127 (236)	544 142 (272)	697 177 (335)	791 201 (387)	982 250 (475)	1100 281 (530)	1380 366 (670)	1520 412 (775)	2470 640 (1220)	3510 910 (1750)		
	22,4	33,5	354 101 (160)	396 113 (185)	427 127 (224)	480 142 (257)	619 177 (345)	703 201 (387)	861 250 (450)	966 281 (515)	1240 366 (630)	1400 412 (730)	2230 640 (1150)	3180 910 (1650)		
3I	25	30	333 107 (180)	371 119 (206)	387 127 (206)	435 142 (236)	563 177 (325)	639 201 (375)	766 250 (450)	853 279 (515)	—	—	1860 610 (1220)	2980 960 (1800)		
	28	26,5	293 107 (180)	326 119 (206)	357 132 (236)	403 149 (257)	552 201 (365)	631 230 (412)	704 261 (487)	762 282 (515)	986 345 (690)	1140 400 (800)	1860 655 (1250)	2620 960 (1800)		
	31,5	23,6	254 107 (180)	283 119 (206)	319 134 (243)	363 152 (280)	483 201 (355)	552 230 (400)	630 263 (487)	702 293 (560)	894 359 (690)	976 400 (800)	1670 680 (1250)	2270 960 (1800)		
	35,5	21,2	234 107 (180)	260 119 (206)	278 134 (243)	316 152 (265)	438 201 (355)	501 230 (400)	552 263 (462)	605 288 (530)	770 345 (690)	892 400 (800)	1510 680 (1180)	2060 960 (1700)		
	40	19	203 107 (175)	226 119 (200)	255 134 (243)	290 152 (280)	383 201 (355)	438 230 (400)	504 263 (487)	568 296 (560)	698 360 (690)	761 400 (800)	1310 680 (1250)	1790 960 (1800)		
	45	17	186 107 (175)	207 119 (200)	222 134 (230)	252 152 (265)	348 201 (355)	398 230 (400)	438 263 (462)	481 288 (530)	644 373 (690)	699 400 (800)	1160 680 (1250)	1650 960 (1800)		
	50	15	161 107 (175)	180 119 (200)	203 134 (243)	230 152 (280)	304 201 (355)	348 230 (400)	397 263 (487)	444 294 (560)	561 374 (690)	635 431 (800)	1010 680 (1250)	1430 960 (1800)		
	56	13,2	146 107 (175)	163 119 (200)	176 134 (230)	200 152 (265)	283 201 (355)	323 230 (400)	348 263 (462)	383 289 (530)	513 374 (690)	599 431 (800)	946 680 (1250)	1280 960 (1800)		
	63	11,8	127 107 (175)	141 119 (200)	159 134 (243)	181 152 (280)	247 201 (355)	283 230 (400)	322 263 (487)	362 295 (560)	445 374 (690)	505 431 (800)	821 680 (1250)	1110 960 (1800)		
	71	10,6	119 107 (175)	132 119 (200)	139 134 (230)	158 152 (265)	223 201 (355)	255 230 (400)	283 263 (462)	312 290 (530)	410 374 (690)	463 431 (800)	746 680 (1250)	1010 960 (1800)		
	80	9,5	103 107 (175)	115 119 (200)	130 134 (243)	148 152 (280)	195 201 (355)	223 230 (400)	254 263 (487)	286 295 (560)	356 374 (690)	404 431 (800)	647 680 (1250)	876 960 (1800)		
	90	8,5	95 107 (175)	106 119 (200)	113 134 (230)	128 152 (265)	178 201 (355)	204 230 (400)	223 263 (462)	246 291 (530)	321 374 (650)	371 431 (750)	597 680 (1250)	830 960 (1800)		
	100	7,5	82,5 107 (175)	91,9 119 (200)	102 134 (243)	116 152 (280)	156 201 (355)	178 230 (400)	203 263 (487)	229 296 (560)	281 374 (690)	319 431 (800)	518 680 (1250)	721 960 (1800)		
	125	6	—	—	81,8 134 (212)	93,1 152 (243)	—	—	163 263 (425)	183 296 (487)	—	—	—	—	—	
4I	125	6	66,8 107 (180)	74,5 119 (206)	78,4 127 (250)	89,2 145 (290)	123 201 (365)	140 230 (412)	158 263 (487)	167 278 (560)	219 374 (690)	249 431 (800)	392 680 (1250)	586 960 (1800)		
	160	4,75	52,6 107 (180)	58,6 119 (206)	65,1 134 (250)	70,2 145 (290)	99,7 201 (365)	114 230 (412)	128 263 (487)	136 278 (560)	174 374 (690)	197 431 (800)	318 680 (1250)	454 960 (1800)		
	200	3,75	43,9 107 (180)	48,9 119 (206)	54,3 134 (250)	58,6 145 (290)	74,5 201 (365)	85,2 230 (412)	95,8 263 (487)	103 281 (560)	136 374 (690)	154 431 (800)	252 680 (1250)	352 960 (1800)		
	250	3	34,5 107 (180)	38,5 119 (206)	42,7 134 (250)	46,1 145 (290)	60,5 201 (365)	69,2 230 (412)	77,8 263 (487)	83,5 282 (560)	108 374 (690)	122 431 (800)	205 680 (1250)	273 960 (1800)		
	315	2,36	28,1 107 (180)	31,3 119 (206)	32,8 134 (230)	37,3 152 (265)	47,7 201 (365)	54,6 230 (412)	60,6 263 (462)	68,3 296 (530)	86,2 374 (690)	97,7 431 (800)	162 680 (1250)	215 960 (1800)		

7 - Selection tables (helical gear reducers)



$n_1 \leq 90 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears	i_N	n_{N2} min^{-1}	Gear reducer size													
			P_{N2} [kW]		M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kN m]											
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001		
2I	10	9	101 106 (180)	113 118 (206)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	8	89,1 106 (180)	99,2 118 (206)	109 132 (243)	124 150 (280)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	7,1	80,4 106 (180)	89,5 118 (206)	96,5 132 (243)	110 150 (280)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	6,3	70,8 106 (180)	78,8 118 (206)	86,9 132 (243)	92,4 140 (280)	135 200 (365)	159 236 (412)	181 272 (487)	186 281 (560)	248 376 (690)	266 404 (800)	447 670 (1220)	614 950 (1700)		
	16	5,6	61,4 106 (175)	68,4 118 (200)	76,6 132 (243)	87,1 150 (280)	118 200 (355)	139 236 (400)	160 272 (487)	175 297 (560)	220 384 (690)	253 450 (800)	388 670 (1250)	534 950 (1800)		
	18	5	56,6 106 (175)	63 118 (200)	66,6 132 (230)	75,7 150 (265)	108 200 (355)	127 236 (400)	140 272 (462)	151 292 (530)	206 400 (650)	232 450 (750)	351 670 (1220)	483 950 (1700)		
	20	4,5	49,1 106 (175)	54,7 118 (200)	60,5 132 (243)	68,7 150 (280)	94,2 200 (355)	111 236 (400)	128 272 (487)	143 303 (560)	174 385 (690)	200 450 (800)	311 670 (1250)	439 950 (1800)		
	22,4	4	44,4 106 (165)	49,4 118 (190)	53,3 132 (230)	60,6 150 (265)	83,8 200 (355)	98,8 236 (400)	112 272 (462)	121 293 (530)	163 400 (650)	183 450 (750)	281 670 (1220)	397 950 (1700)		
3I	25	3,55	40,8 109 (180)	45,6 122 (206)	48,4 132 (212)	55 150 (243)	76,2 200 (335)	89,9 236 (375)	99,9 272 (462)	109 298 (530)	—	—	260 710 (1250)	371 1000 (1800)		
	28	3,15	35,9 109 (180)	40,1 122 (206)	42,8 132 (236)	48,7 150 (280)	67,7 206 (365)	82,2 250 (412)	88,1 272 (487)	97,2 300 (560)	133 388 (690)	154 450 (800)	242 710 (1250)	327 1000 (1800)		
	31,5	2,8	31,1 109 (180)	34,8 122 (206)	40 140 (243)	45,8 160 (280)	59,2 206 (355)	71,9 250 (400)	80,5 280 (487)	90 313 (560)	119 400 (690)	132 450 (800)	210 710 (1250)	284 1000 (1800)		
	35,5	2,5	28,6 109 (180)	32 122 (206)	34,8 140 (243)	39,8 160 (272)	53,7 206 (355)	65,2 250 (400)	70,6 280 (462)	78,8 313 (530)	107 400 (690)	120 450 (800)	190 710 (1220)	256 1000 (1700)		
	40	2,24	24,9 109 (175)	27,8 122 (200)	32 140 (243)	36,5 160 (280)	47 206 (355)	57,1 250 (400)	64,4 280 (487)	72,5 315 (560)	93 400 (690)	103 450 (800)	165 710 (1250)	223 1000 (1800)		
	45	2	22,7 109 (175)	25,4 122 (200)	27,8 140 (230)	31,8 160 (265)	42,7 206 (355)	51,8 250 (400)	56 280 (462)	63 315 (530)	82,9 400 (690)	94,4 450 (800)	146 710 (1250)	206 1000 (1800)		
	50	1,8	19,7 109 (175)	22,1 122 (200)	25,4 140 (243)	29 160 (280)	37,3 206 (355)	45,3 250 (400)	50,7 280 (487)	57,1 315 (560)	72 400 (690)	79,6 450 (800)	127 710 (1250)	179 1000 (1800)		
	56	1,6	17,9 109 (175)	20 122 (200)	22,1 140 (230)	25,2 160 (265)	34,7 206 (355)	42,1 250 (400)	44,5 280 (462)	50 315 (530)	65,8 400 (690)	75 450 (800)	118 710 (1250)	159 1000 (1800)		
	63	1,4	15,5 109 (175)	17,4 122 (200)	20 140 (243)	22,8 160 (280)	30,3 206 (355)	36,8 250 (400)	41,2 280 (487)	46,4 315 (560)	57,2 400 (690)	63,2 450 (800)	103 710 (1250)	138 1000 (1800)		
	71	1,25	14,6 109 (175)	16,3 122 (200)	17,4 140 (230)	19,9 160 (265)	27,3 206 (355)	33,1 250 (400)	36,1 280 (462)	40,7 315 (530)	52,7 400 (690)	58 450 (800)	93,5 710 (1250)	126 1000 (1800)		
	80	1,12	12,6 109 (175)	14,1 122 (200)	16,3 140 (243)	18,6 160 (280)	23,9 206 (355)	29 250 (400)	32,5 280 (487)	36,5 315 (560)	45,8 400 (690)	50,6 450 (800)	81,1 710 (1250)	109 1000 (1800)		
	90	1	11,6 109 (175)	13 122 (200)	14,1 140 (230)	16,2 160 (265)	21,9 206 (355)	26,5 250 (400)	28,5 280 (462)	32 315 (530)	41,3 400 (650)	46,4 450 (750)	74,8 710 (1250)	104 1000 (1800)		
	100	0,9	10,1 109 (175)	11,3 122 (200)	12,8 140 (243)	14,7 160 (280)	19,1 206 (355)	23,2 250 (400)	26 280 (487)	29,2 315 (560)	36,1 400 (690)	39,9 450 (800)	64,9 710 (1250)	89,9 1000 (1800)		
	125	0,71	—	—	10,3 140 (212)	11,7 160 (243)	—	—	20,8 280 (425)	23,4 315 (487)	—	—	—	—	—	
4I	125	0,71	8,19 109 (180)	9,16 122 (206)	10,4 140 (250)	11,4 154 (290)	15,1 206 (365)	18,3 250 (412)	20,2 280 (487)	21,8 303 (560)	28,2 400 (690)	31,1 450 (800)	49,1 710 (1250)	73,1 1000 (1800)		
	160	0,56	6,44 109 (180)	7,21 122 (206)	8,16 140 (250)	9,26 159 (290)	12,2 206 (365)	14,8 250 (412)	16,4 280 (487)	18,2 311 (560)	22,4 400 (690)	24,7 450 (800)	39,9 710 (1250)	56,6 1000 (1800)		
	200	0,45	5,37 109 (180)	6,02 122 (206)	6,81 140 (250)	7,78 160 (290)	9,14 206 (365)	11,1 250 (412)	12,3 280 (487)	13,8 315 (560)	17,4 400 (690)	19,3 450 (800)	31,6 710 (1250)	44 1000 (1800)		
	250	0,36	4,23 109 (180)	4,73 122 (206)	5,36 140 (250)	6,12 160 (290)	7,43 206 (365)	9,02 250 (412)	9,96 280 (487)	11,2 315 (560)	13,8 400 (690)	15,3 450 (800)	25,7 710 (1250)	34 1000 (1800)		
	315	0,28	3,44 109 (180)	3,85 122 (206)	4,11 140 (230)	4,69 160 (265)	5,85 206 (365)	7,1 250 (412)	7,75 280 (462)	8,71 315 (530)	11,1 400 (690)	12,2 450 (800)	20,3 710 (1250)	26,9 1000 (1800)		

**Summary of transmission ratios *i***

Train of gears	<i>i_N</i>	Gear reducer size <i>i</i>											
		4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001
2I	10	9,86	9,86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	11,2	11,2	11,4	11,4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	12,4	12,4	12,9	12,9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	14,1	14,1	14,3	14,3	14*	14*	14,2*	14,2*	14,3	14,3	14,1	14,6
	16	16,3	16,3	16,2	16,2	16*	16*	16*	16*	16,5	16,8	16,3	16,8
	18	17,6	17,6	18,7	18,7	17,5*	17,5*	18,3	18,3	18,3	18,3	18*	18,6
	20	20,3	20,3	20,6	20,6	20*	20*	20*	20*	20,9	21,3	20,3	20,4
3I	22,4	22,5*	22,5*	23,3	23,3	22,5*	22,5*	22,8	22,8	23,1	23,1	22,5*	22,6
	25	25,2	25,2	25,7	25,7	24,8	24,8	25,7	25,7	—	—	25,7	25,4
	28	28,7	28,7	29,1	29,1	28,7	28,7	29,1	29,1	27,4	27,5	27,7	28,8
	31,5	33	33	32,9	32,9	32,8	32,8	32,8	32,8	31,6	32,2	31,9	33,2
	35,5	35,9	35,9	37,9	37,9	36,1	36,1	37,4	37,4	35,2	35,2	35,3	36,8
	40	41,3	41,3	41,3	41,3	41,3	41,3	41	41	40,5	41,3	40,7	42,3
	45	45,2	45,2	47,4	47,4	45,5	45,5	47,1	47,1	45,5	44,9	45,9	45,8
	50	52,1	52,1	52	52	52*	52*	52*	52*	52,3	53,3	52,9	52,7
	56	57,4	57,4	59,7	59,7	56*	56*	59,3*	59,3*	57,3	56,6	56,5	59,1
	63	66,2	66,2	66	66	64*	64*	64*	64*	65,9	67,1	65,1	68,1
	71	70,6	70,6	75,9	75,9	71,1	71,1	73*	73*	71,6	73,1	71,6	74,9
	80	81,3	81,3	81,2	81,2	81,2	81,2	81,2	81,2	82,4	83,9	82,5	86,3
	90	88,2	88,2	93,3	93,3	88,8	88,8	92,7	92,7	91,3	91,3	89,5	91
4I	100	102	102	103	103	102	102	102	102	104	106	103	105
	125	—	—	129	129	—	—	127	127	—	—	—	—
	125	125	125	127	127	129	129	131	131	134	136	136	129
	160	159	159	162	162	159	159	161	161	168	171	168	166
	200	191	191	194	194	212	212	215	215	216	220	211	214
	250	243	243	246	246	261	261	265	265	272	277	260	277
	315	299	299	321	321	332	332	341	341	340	347	330	351

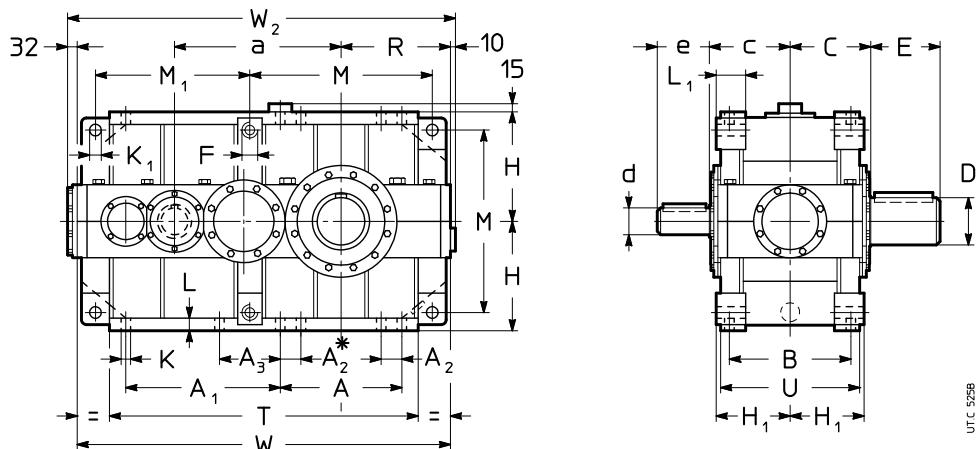
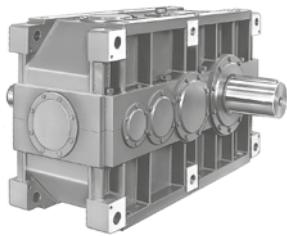
* Finite transmission ratio.

8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

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Designs (direction of rotation).....	59
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Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity	61

8.1 - Gear reducers R 2I

Dimensions



UTC 5258

* For size ≥ 6300 .

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	B	C	c	F	H h11	H ₁ h12	K	K ₁ Ø H11	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	W ₂ 2)	kg 4)
4000	700	505	625	90	—	500	330	330	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1260	580	1525	1567	2320
4001																			1567	2400	2390
4500	750	505	675	90	—	500	358	330	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1310	580	1575	1617	2660
4501																			1617	2730	2750
5000	875	630	785	115	—	625	410	426 ³⁾	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1575	725	1905	1947	4540
5001																			4540	4660	4680
5600	935	630	845	115	—	625	445	426	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1635	725	1965	2007	5430
5601																			5430	5550	5630
6300	1080	770	970	115	—	695	490	472	M56	630	406	48	60	65	148	1070	1900	795	2230	2272	7650
6301																			7650	7750	7930
7101	1270	930	1228	115	590	843	601	537	M56	710	481	48	66	71	185	1230	2279	943	2648	2676	12950
8001	1430	1008	1286	145	596	944	682	600	M90	900	544	60	95	85	250	1574	2590	1064	3086	3114	19850
																					20570

Size	D Ø	E	d Ø	e	d Ø	e
4000	190	280	110	i _N ≤ 11,2 210	90	i _N ≥ 12,5 170
4001	200					
4500	210	300	110	i _N ≤ 12,5 210	90	i _N ≥ 14 170
4501	220					
5000	240	330	—	—	110	210
5001	250					
5600	270	380	—	—	110	210
5601	280					
6300	300	430	—	—	125	210
6301	320					
7101	360	590	—	—	180	300
8001	400	660	—	—	200	350

1) Working length on thread 1,7 · F.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6, dimension W₂ increases by approx. 20 for overall dimensions of filler plug.

3) c dimension overhangs from C dimension.

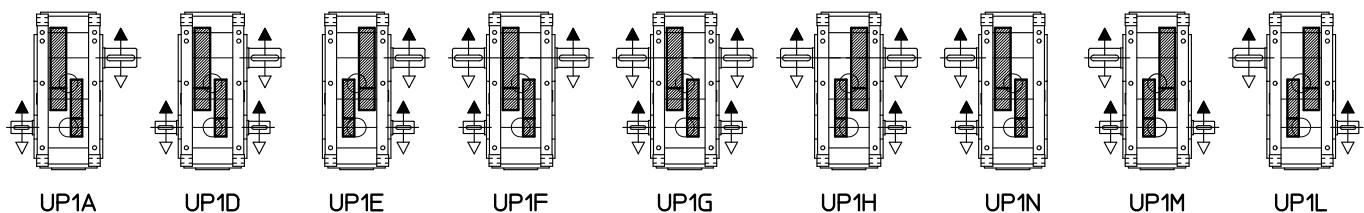
4) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft end.

8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

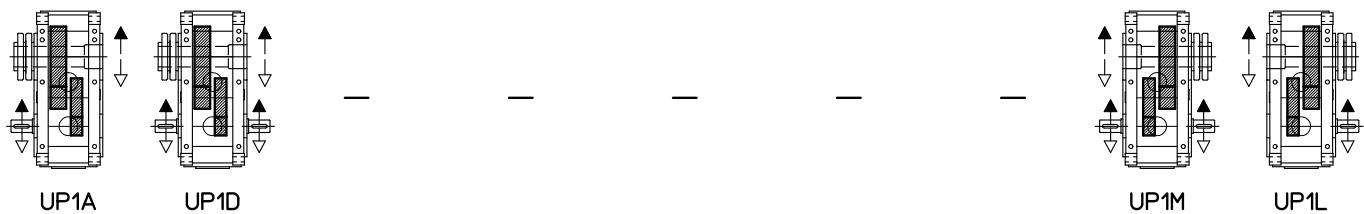
8.1 - R 2I gear reducers

Designs (direction of rotation)

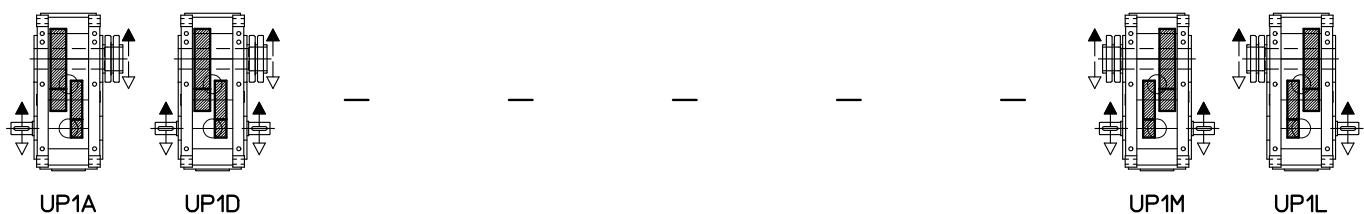
Solid low speed shaft (standard)



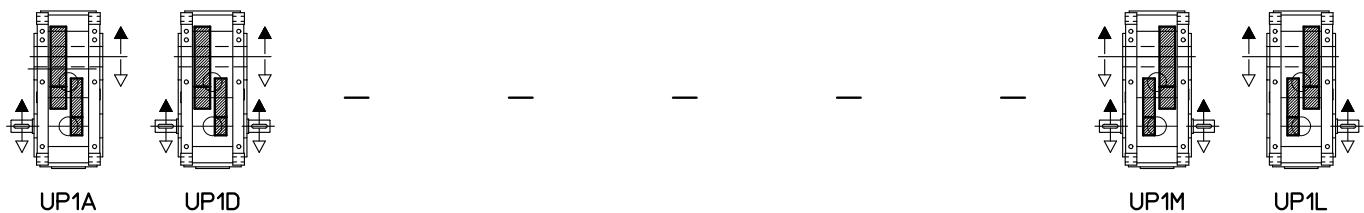
Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine opposite side (on request)



Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine side (on request)



Hollow low speed shaft with keyway (on request)



8

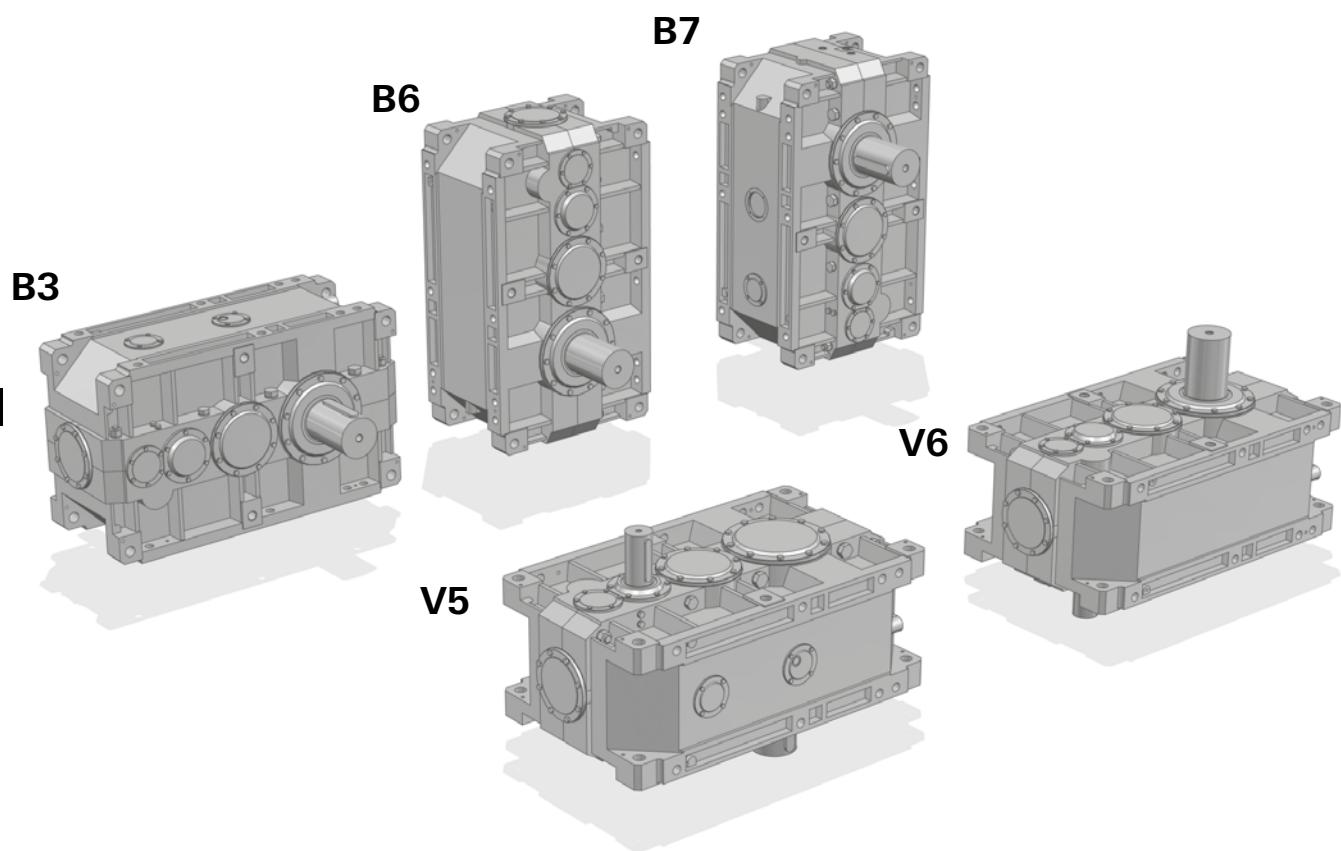
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8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

8.1 - R 2I gear reducers

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

▼ Oil filler plug
● Oil level plug
■ Oil drain plug

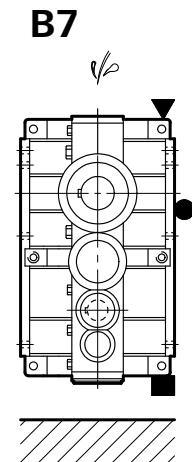
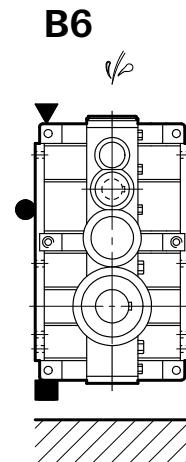
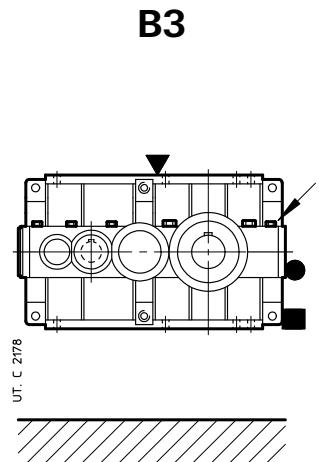
▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)
■ Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)
○ Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

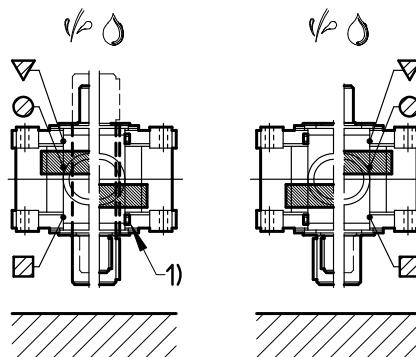
8.1 - R 2I gear reducers

Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.



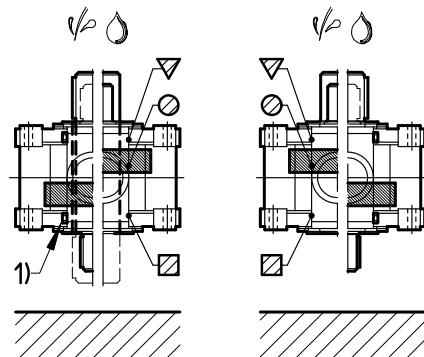
V5



UP1A	UP1E
UP1D	UP1H
UP1F	
UP1G	
UP1A*	UP1M*
UP1D*	UP1L*

UP1N	UP1M
	UP1L

V6



UP1A	UP1E
UP1D	UP1H
UP1F	
UP1G	
UP1A*	UP1M*
UP1D*	UP1L*

UP1N	UP1M
	UP1L

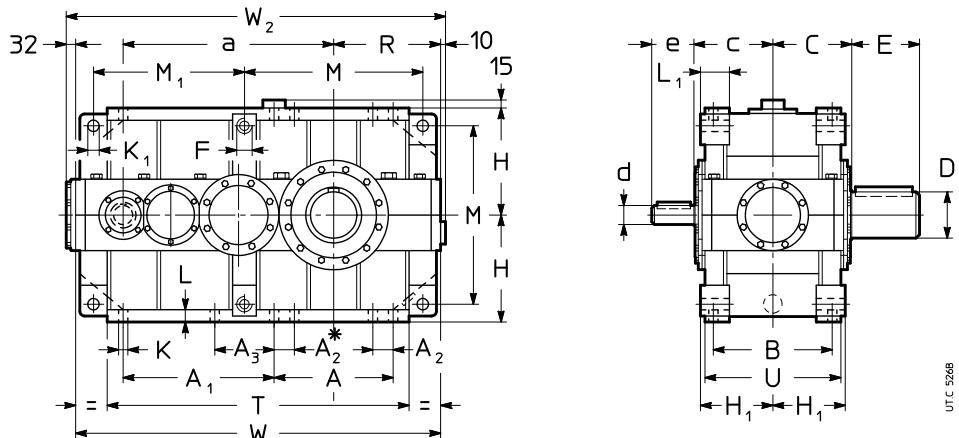
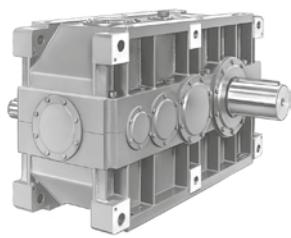
8

Size	B3	B6	B7	Oil quantity [l]	
				with low speed shaft on bottom	with low speed wheel on top
4000, 4001	118	150	224	236	250
4500, 4501	112	140	236	224	250
5000, 5001	236	300	450	475	500
5600, 5601	224	265	450	450	500
6300, 6301	335	400	670	630	710
7101	560	670	1120	1000	1120
8001	950	1060	1800	1700	1900

See notes at previous page.

8.2 - Gear reducers R 3I

Dimensions



* For sizes ≥ 6300 .

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	B	C	c	F 1)	H h11	H ₁ h12	K Ø	K ₁ Ø H11	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	W ₂ 2)	kg 3)
4000	900	505	625	90	—	500	330	325	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1260	580	1525	1567	2370
4001																				2450	2530
4500	950	505	675	90	—	500	358	325	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1310	580	1575	1617	2700
4501																				2780	2890
5000	1125	630	785	115	—	625	410	405	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1575	725	1905	1947	4620
5001																				4740	4900
5600	1185	630	845	115	—	625	445	405	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1635	725	1965	2007	5530
5601																				5650	5870
6300	1380	770	970	115	—	695	490	455	M56	630	406	48	60	65	148	1070	1900	795	2230	2272	7760
6301																				7860	8190
7101	1630	930	1228	115	590	843	601	510	M56	710	481	48	66	71	185	1230	2279	943	2648	2676	13190
8001	1880	1008	1286	145	596	944	682	577	M90	900	544	60	95	85	250	1574	2590	1064	3086	3114	20430
																				21150	

Size	D Ø	E	d Ø	e	d Ø	e
4000	190	280	80	170	65	140
4001	200					
4500	210	300	80	170	65	140
4501	220					
5000	240	330	100	210	80	170
5001	250					
5600	270	380	100	210	80	170
5601	280					
6300	300	430	110	210	90	170
6301	320					
7101	360	590	120	210	—	—
8001	400	660	150	250	—	—

1) Working length on thread 1,7 · F.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6, dimension W₂ increases by approx. 20 for overall dimensions of filler plug.

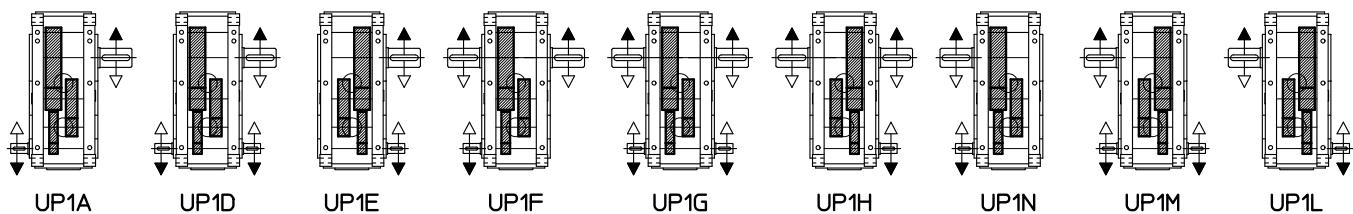
3) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft end.

8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

8.2 - Gear reducers R 3I

Designs (direction of rotation)

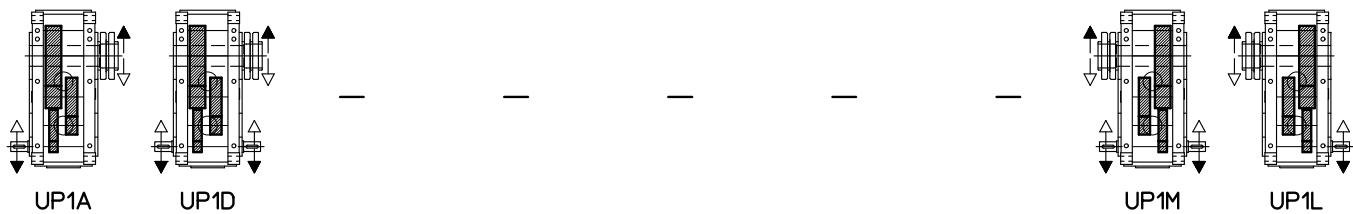
Solid low speed shaft (standard)



Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine opposite side (on request)



Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine side (on request)



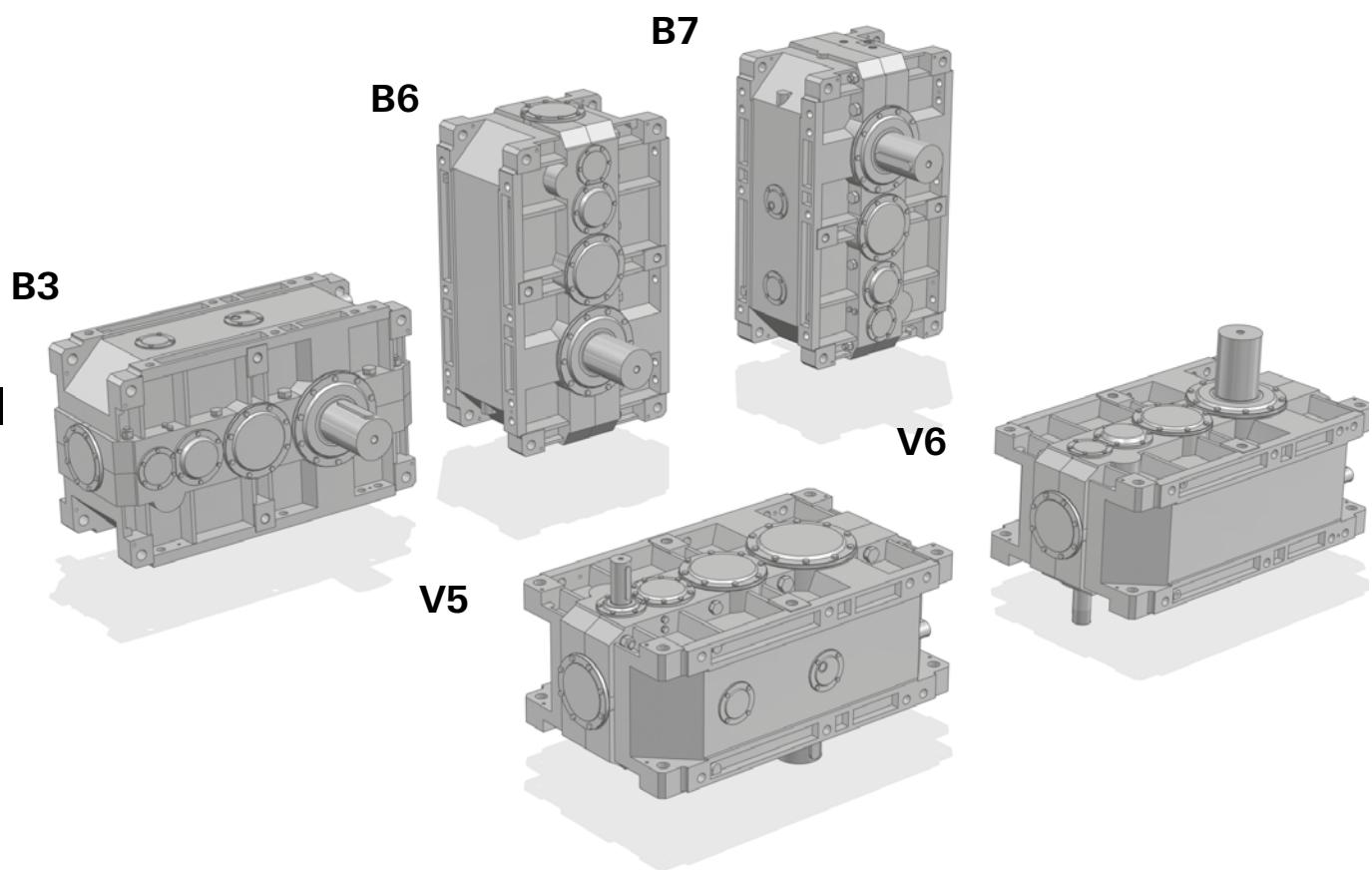
Hollow low speed shaft with keyway (on request)



8.2 - Gear reducers R 3I

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

- ▼ Oil filler plug
- Oil level plug
- Oil drain plug

- ▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)
- ☒ Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

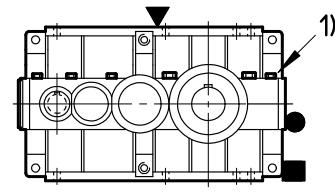
8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

8.2 - Gear reducers R 3I

Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

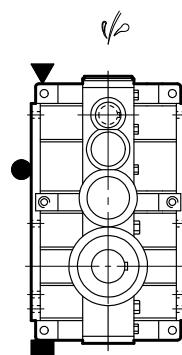
Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.

B3

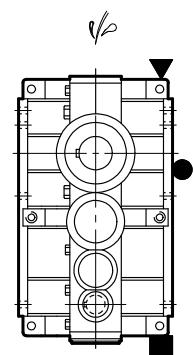


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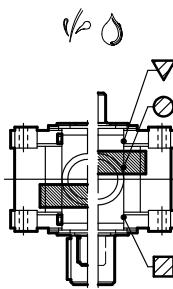
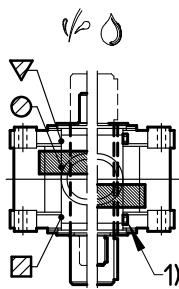
B6



B7



V5



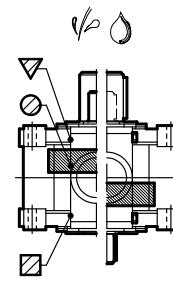
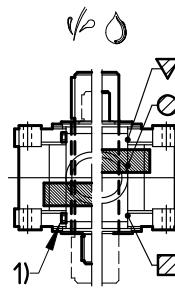
UP1A
UP1D
UP1F
UP1G

UP1A*
UP1D*

UP1E
UP1H

UP1M*
UP1L*

V6



UP1A
UP1D
UP1F
UP1G

UP1A*
UP1D*

UP1E
UP1H

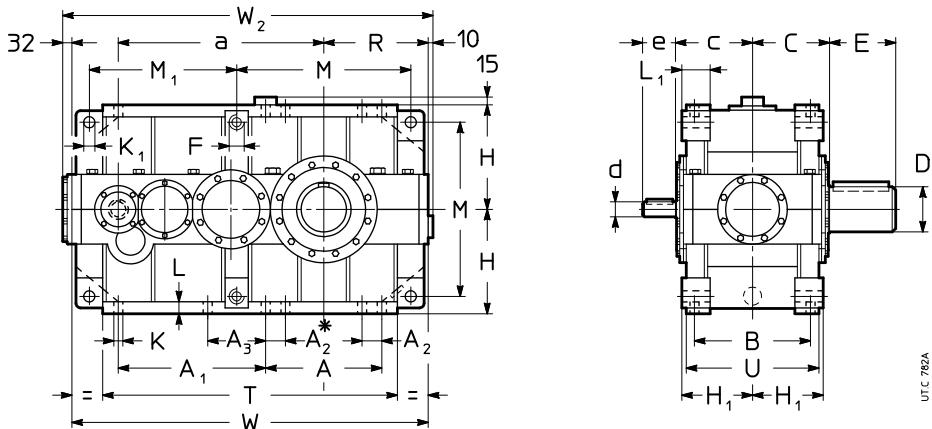
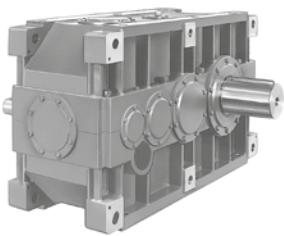
UP1M*
UP1L*

8

Size	Oil quantity [l]				
	B3	B6	B7	V5, V6 with low speed shaft on bottom	V5, V6 with low speed wheel on top
4000, 4001	140	236	224	236	250
4500, 4501	140	236	224	236	250
5000, 5001	280	450	450	450	500
5600, 5601	280	450	450	450	500
6300, 6301	400	630	670	630	710
7101	630	950	1060	1000	1120
8001	1060	1800	1700	1800	1900

8.3 - Gear reducers R 4I

Dimensions



* For sizes ≥ 6300 .

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	B	C	c	F 1)	H h11	H ₁ h12	K Ø	K ₁ Ø H11	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	W ₂ 2)	kg 3)
4000	900	505	625	90	—	500	330	325	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1260	580	1525	1567	2360 2430
4001	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2430	2430
4500	950	505	675	90	—	500	358	325	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1310	580	1575	1617	2650 2720
4501	220	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2740	2830
5000	1125	630	785	115	—	625	410	405	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1575	725	1905	1947	4630 4740
5001	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4770	4900
5600	1185	630	845	115	—	625	445	405	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1635	725	1965	2007	5520 5640
5601	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5720	5860
6300	1380	770	970	115	—	695	490	455	M56	630	406	48	60	65	148	1070	1900	795	2230	2272	7730 7830
6301	320	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8010	8160
7101	1630	930	1228	115	590	843	601	540	M56	710	481	48	66	71	185	1230	2279	943	2648	2676	13230
8001	1880	1008	1286	145	596	944	682	577	M90	900	544	60	95	85	250	1574	2590	1064	3086	3114	20420
																					21140

Size	D Ø	E	d Ø	e 4) $i_N \leq 160$	d Ø	e 5) $i_N \geq 200$
4000	190	280	55	110	48	110
4001	200	—	—	—	—	—
4500	210	300	55	110	48	110
4501	220	—	—	—	—	—
5000	240	330	70	140	55	110
5001	250	—	—	—	—	—
5600	270	380	70	140	55	110
5601	280	—	—	—	—	—
6300	300	430	75	140	60	140
6301	320	—	—	—	—	—
7101	360	590	90	170	—	—
8001	400	660	110	210	—	—

1) Working length on thread 1,7 · F.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6, dimension W₂ increases by 20 for overall dimensions of filler plug.

3) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft end.

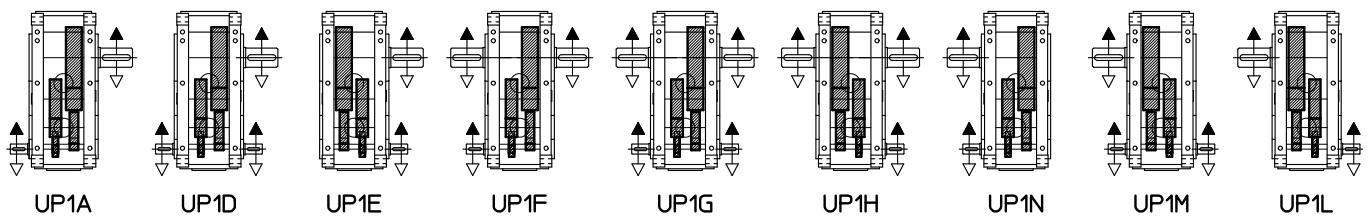
4) For size ≤ 6301 , the second high speed shaft end (UP1D, UP1G, UP1M) has the dimensions of high speed shaft end for $i_N \geq 200$.

8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

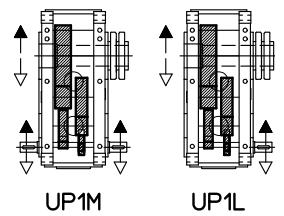
8.3 - Gear reducers R 41

Designs (direction of rotation)

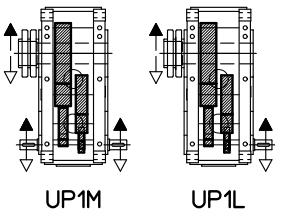
Solid low speed shaft (standard)



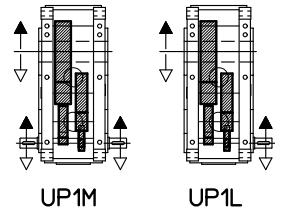
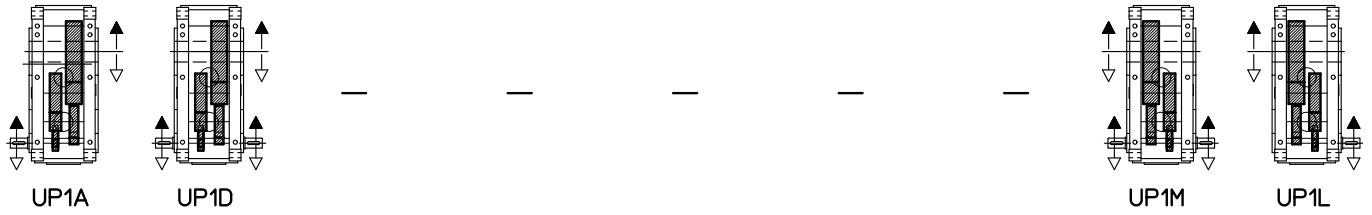
Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine opposite side (on request)



Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine side (on request)



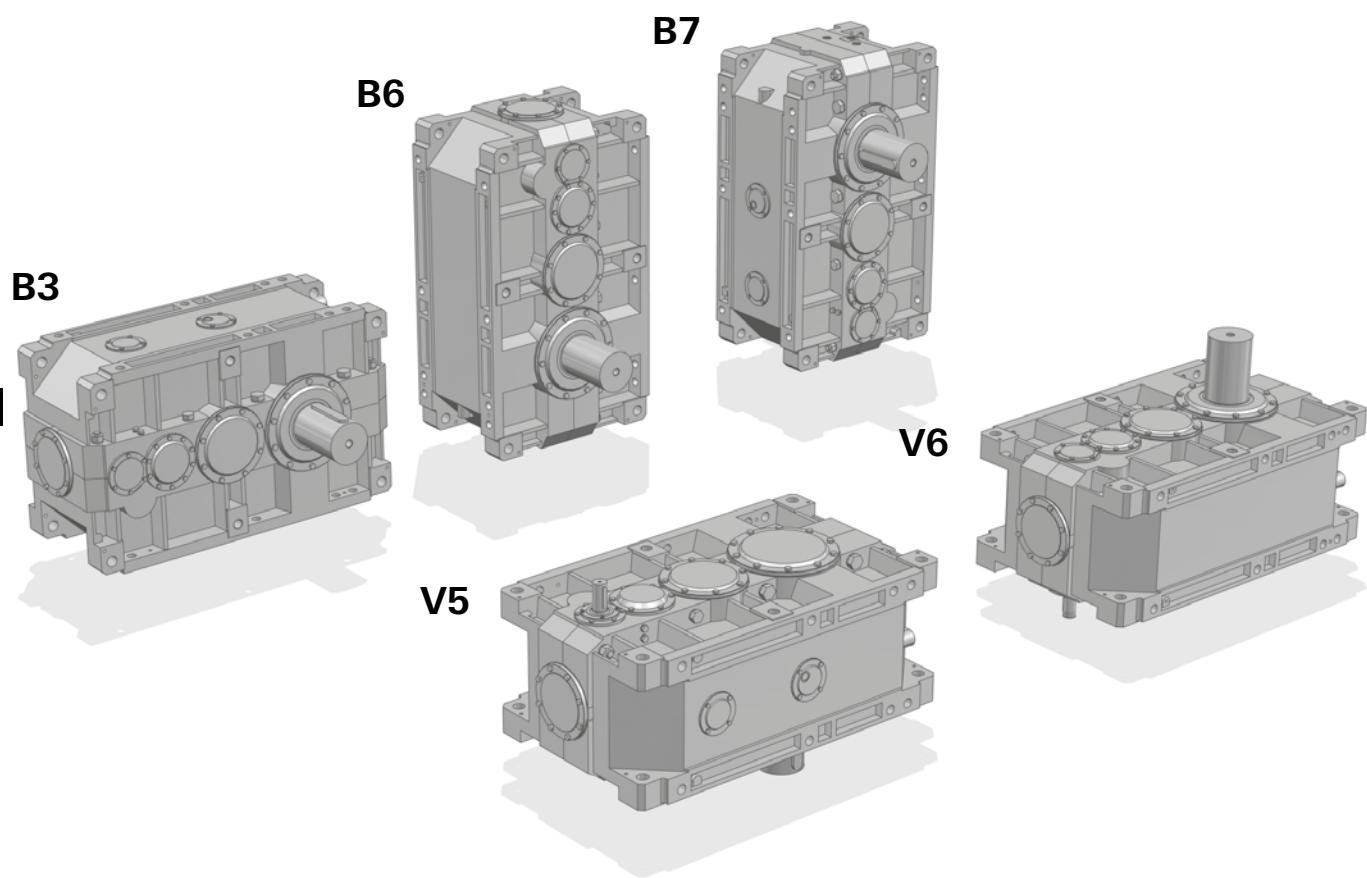
Hollow low speed shaft with keyway (on request)



8.3 - Gear reducers R 4I

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

- ▼ Oil filler plug
- Oil level plug
- Oil drain plug

- ▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

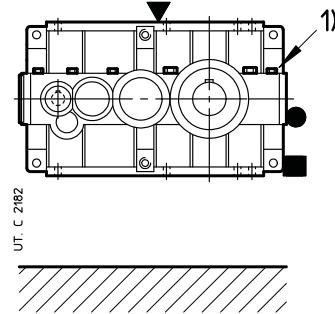
8 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (helical gear reducers)

8.3 - Gear reducers R 41

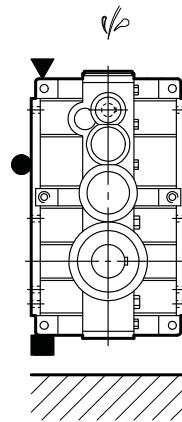
Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.

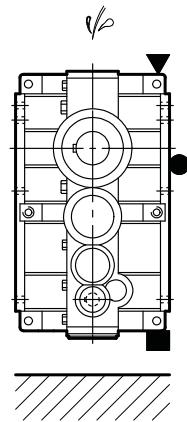
B3



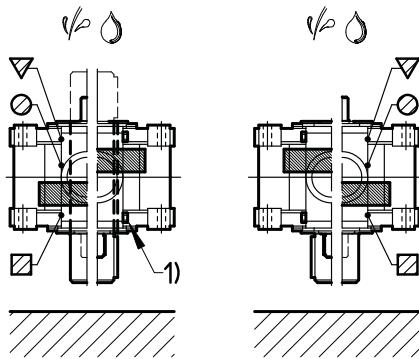
B6



B7



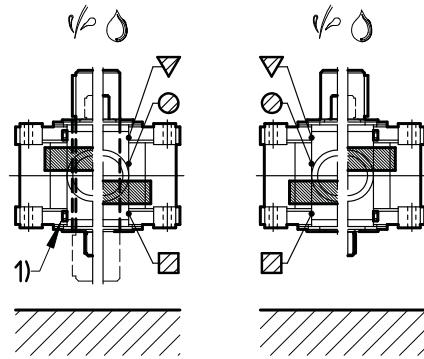
V5



UP1A	UP1E
UP1D	UP1H
UP1F	
UP1G	
UP1A*	UP1M*
UP1D*	UP1L*

UP1N	UP1M
	UP1L

V6



UP1A	UP1E
UP1D	UP1H
UP1F	
UP1G	
UP1A*	UP1M*
UP1D*	UP1L*

8

UP1N	UP1M
	UP1L

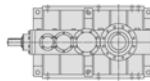
Size	Oil quantity [l]				
	B3	B6	B7	with low speed shaft on bottom	with low speed wheel on top
4000, 4001	160	265	224	250	265
4500, 4501	160	265	224	250	265
5000, 5001	315	530	425	500	530
5600, 5601	315	530	425	500	530
6300, 6301	450	750	630	710	750
7101	750	1120	1060	1120	1120
8001	1180	2000	1700	1900	1900

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9 - Selection tables

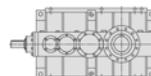
(bevel helical gear reducers)

9

 $n_1 = 1\,800 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears		n_{N2} min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size												
			P_{N2} [kW] M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kNm]												
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
C1	8	224	1770▲ 73 (140)	1910▲ 79 (155)	2260▲ 97 (195)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	9	200	1710▲ 80 (145)	1870▲ 88 (170)	2020▲ 100 (190)	2230▲ 110 (218)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10	180	1480▲ 80 (145)	1670▲ 90 (170)	1860▲ 100 (200)	2050▲ 112 (206)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	11,2	160	1340▲ 80 (150)	1510▲ 90 (170)	1620▲ 100 (195)	1810▲ 112 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	12,5	140	1180▲ 80 (150)	1270▲ 87 (175)	1470▲ 100 (195)	1640▲ 112 (195)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	14	132	1060▲ 80 (140)	1190▲ 90 (165)	1280▲ 100 (200)	1430▲ 112 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	16	112	927▲ 80 (150)	989▲ 85 (165)	1160▲ 100 (185)	1260▲ 108 (212)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	18	100	838▲ 80 (145)	942▲ 90 (165)	989▲ 98 (195)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	20	90	908▲ 95 (165)	984▲ 103 (190)	916▲ 100 (185)	989▲ 108 (218)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
C2I	22,4	80	824▲ 98 (165)	899▲ 107 (190)	953▲ 115 (224)	1040▲ 125 (250)	1610▲ 190 (325)	1760▲ 207 (375)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	25	71	730▲ 100 (160)	803▲ 110 (185)	877▲ 120 (224)	958▲ 131 (257)	1370▲ 185 (315)	1500▲ 202 (365)	1800▲ 243 (450)	2040▲ 275 (515)	—	—	—	—	
	28	63	672▲ 100 (165)	753▲ 112 (185)	782▲ 123 (212)	858▲ 135 (243)	1290▲ 190 (325)	1440▲ 212 (375)	1580▲ 243 (425)	1810▲ 278 (487)	1980▲ 300 (600)	2200▲ 335 (670)	—	—	
	31,5	56	584▲ 100 (165)	654▲ 112 (185)	731▲ 125 (230)	807▲ 138 (265)	1110▲ 188 (325)	1260▲ 212 (375)	1440▲ 243 (450)	1660▲ 280 (515)	1830▲ 320 (650)	2020▲ 360 (730)	—	—	
	35,5	50	534▲ 100 (165)	598▲ 112 (190)	636▲ 125 (212)	712▲ 140 (243)	1020▲ 190 (335)	1140▲ 212 (375)	1260▲ 243 (425)	1460▲ 280 (500)	1730▲ 335 (630)	1960▲ 380 (710)	—	—	
	40	45	463▲ 100 (165)	519▲ 112 (190)	580▲ 125 (230)	650▲ 140 (265)	895▲ 190 (335)	999▲ 212 (375)	1150▲ 243 (462)	1320▲ 280 (530)	1600▲ 350 (650)	1800▲ 400 (750)	—	—	
	45	40	423 100 (170)	474 112 (195)	505▲ 125 (218)	565▲ 140 (250)	811▲ 190 (335)	905▲ 212 (387)	1000▲ 243 (437)	1160▲ 280 (500)	1480▲ 355 (650)	1700▲ 412 (630)	—	—	
	50	35,5	367 100 (170)	411 112 (195)	460 125 (236)	515 140 (272)	710▲ 190 (335)	792▲ 212 (387)	908▲ 243 (475)	1050▲ 280 (545)	1280▲ 355 (670)	1460▲ 412 (750)	—	—	
	56	31,5	334 100 (170)	374 112 (195)	400 125 (224)	448 140 (257)	639▲ 190 (345)	714▲ 212 (387)	796▲ 243 (450)	917▲ 280 (515)	1170▲ 355 (670)	1340▲ 412 (630)	—	—	
	63	28	290 100 (170)	324 112 (195)	363 125 (243)	406 140 (272)	560▲ 190 (345)	624▲ 212 (387)	716▲ 243 (475)	825▲ 280 (545)	1020▲ 355 (670)	1160▲ 412 (775)	—	—	
	71	25	267 100 (175)	299 112 (200)	316 125 (224)	353 140 (257)	512▲ 190 (355)	571▲ 212 (400)	627▲ 243 (450)	723▲ 280 (515)	917▲ 355 (650)	1060▲ 412 (630)	—	—	
	80	22,4	232 100 (175)	260 112 (200)	286 125 (243)	321 140 (280)	448▲ 190 (355)	499▲ 212 (400)	573▲ 243 (487)	660▲ 280 (545)	801▲ 355 (690)	913▲ 412 (775)	—	—	
	90	20	214 100 (175)	239 112 (200)	252 125 (230)	283 140 (265)	409▲ 190 (355)	457▲ 212 (400)	502▲ 243 (462)	578▲ 280 (530)	723▲ 355 (650)	839▲ 412 (750)	—	—	
	100	18	185 100 (175)	208 112 (200)	229 125 (243)	257 140 (280)	358▲ 190 (355)	400▲ 212 (400)	458▲ 243 (487)	528▲ 280 (545)	659▲ 355 (600)	767▲ 412 (690)	1020▲ 550 (1090)	1630▲ 925 (1800)	
	125	14	— 100 (175)	— 112 (200)	183 125 (243)	205 140 (243)	—	— 243 (425)	366▲ 280 (487)	422▲ 280 (487)	—	— 243 (425)	—	— 243 (425)	
C3I	125	14	145 100 (175)	162 112 (200)	181 125 (243)	203 140 (280)	275 190 (355)	307 212 (400)	352 243 (487)	406 280 (560)	508 355 (670)	535 381 (750)	941▲ 650 (1250)	1280▲ 925 (1800)	
	160	11,2	115 100 (175)	129 112 (200)	144 125 (243)	161 140 (280)	218 190 (355)	244 212 (400)	279 243 (487)	322 280 (560)	406 355 (690)	463 412 (800)	753▲ 650 (1250)	1020▲ 925 (1800)	
	200	9	90,3 100 (175)	101 112 (200)	113 125 (243)	127 140 (280)	177 190 (355)	198 212 (400)	227 243 (487)	261 280 (560)	322 355 (670)	370 412 (750)	597 412 (690)	812▲ 650 (1250)	925 (1800)
	250	7,1	71,2 100 (175)	79,8 112 (200)	89,2 125 (243)	99,9 140 (280)	140 190 (355)	156 212 (400)	179 243 (487)	206 280 (560)	258 355 (690)	294 412 (800)	471 650 (1250)	641▲ 925 (1800)	
	315	5,6	57,9 100 (175)	64,9 112 (200)	72,6 125 (243)	81,3 140 (280)	110 190 (355)	123 212 (400)	141 243 (487)	162 280 (560)	203 355 (690)	225 400 (800)	371 650 (1250)	505▲ 925 (1800)	

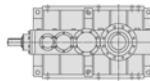
▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).



n₁ = 1 500 min⁻¹

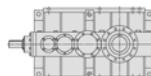
Train of gears		<i>n_{N2}</i> min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size												
			<i>P_{N2}</i> [kW]		<i>M_{N2}</i> (<i>M_{2max}</i>) [kN m]										
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
CI	8	190	1520▲ 75 (145)	1670▲ 82 (160)	1920▲ 99 (200)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	9	170	1510▲ 85 (150)	1670▲ 94 (175)	1780▲ 106 (195)	1890▲ 113 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10	150	1310▲ 85 (150)	1470▲ 95 (175)	1640▲ 106 (212)	1800▲ 118 (212)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	11,2	132	1190▲ 85 (155)	1330▲ 95 (175)	1430▲ 106 (200)	1590▲ 118 (230)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	12,5	118	1040 85 (155)	1130 92 (175)	1290▲ 106 (200)	1440▲ 118 (200)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	14	106	941 85 (145)	1050 95 (165)	1130 106 (206)	1220 114 (230)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	16	95	773 80 (150)	826 86 (170)	1030 106 (190)	1130 117 (218)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	18	85	742 85 (150)	826 95 (170)	839 100 (200)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
C2I	20	75	796▲ 100 (170)	860▲ 108 (195)	809 106 (190)	839 110 (218)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	22,4	67	743▲ 106 (170)	799▲ 114 (195)	829▲ 120 (230)	884▲ 128 (257)	1410▲ 200 (335)	1580▲ 224 (387)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	25	60	644▲ 106 (165)	717▲ 118 (185)	768▲ 126 (230)	853▲ 140 (265)	1240▲ 200 (325)	1350▲ 218 (375)	1590▲ 257 (450)	1790▲ 290 (530)	—	—	—	—	
	28	53	594 106 (165)	661 118 (190)	699▲ 132 (218)	779▲ 147 (250)	1130▲ 200 (335)	1270▲ 224 (375)	1390▲ 257 (425)	1540▲ 285 (500)	1730▲ 315 (615)	1880▲ 344 (690)	—	—	
	31,5	47,5	516 106 (165)	574 118 (190)	643 132 (230)	731 150 (265)	989▲ 200 (335)	1110▲ 224 (375)	1270▲ 257 (462)	1430▲ 290 (530)	1620▲ 340 (650)	1780▲ 380 (750)	—	—	
	35,5	42,5	472 106 (170)	525 118 (195)	559 132 (218)	636 150 (250)	898▲ 200 (335)	1010▲ 224 (387)	1110▲ 257 (437)	1240▲ 286 (500)	1530▲ 355 (650)	1720▲ 400 (730)	—	—	
	40	37,5	409 106 (170)	456 118 (195)	511 132 (236)	580 150 (272)	785▲ 200 (335)	880▲ 224 (387)	1010▲ 257 (475)	1130▲ 287 (545)	1390▲ 365 (670)	1550▲ 415 (775)	—	—	
	45	33,5	374 106 (170)	416 118 (195)	444 132 (224)	505 150 (257)	711 200 (345)	797 224 (400)	885▲ 257 (450)	986▲ 286 (515)	1260▲ 365 (670)	1460▲ 425 (670)	2360▲ 670 (1220)	3250▲ 950 (1750)	
	50	30	325 106 (170)	361 118 (195)	405 132 (243)	460 150 (272)	623 200 (345)	697 224 (400)	701 257 (475)	800 289 (545)	899 365 (670)	1100▲ 425 (775)	1260▲ 670 (1250)	2050▲ 950 (1750)	
	56	26,5	295 106 (175)	328 118 (200)	352 132 (224)	400 150 (257)	561 200 (355)	628 224 (400)	701 257 (450)	783 287 (515)	1000 365 (670)	1150▲ 425 (670)	1850▲ 670 (1180)	2550▲ 950 (1650)	
	63	23,6	256 106 (175)	285 118 (200)	319 132 (243)	363 150 (280)	491 200 (355)	550 224 (400)	631 257 (487)	712 290 (560)	871 365 (690)	996 425 (775)	1640▲ 670 (1250)	2320▲ 950 (1800)	
	71	21,2	236 106 (175)	263 118 (200)	278 132 (230)	316 150 (265)	449 200 (355)	503 224 (400)	553 257 (462)	619 288 (530)	785 365 (670)	915 425 (670)	1480▲ 670 (1220)	2100▲ 950 (1700)	
	80	19	205 106 (175)	228 118 (200)	252 132 (243)	286 150 (280)	393 200 (355)	440 224 (400)	505 257 (487)	569 290 (545)	687 365 (690)	785 425 (775)	—	—	
	90	17	189 106 (175)	210 118 (200)	222 132 (230)	252 150 (265)	359 200 (355)	402 224 (400)	442 257 (462)	496 288 (530)	619 365 (650)	721 425 (750)	—	—	
	100	15	164 106 (175)	182 118 (200)	202 132 (243)	229 150 (280)	314 200 (355)	352 224 (400)	404 257 (487)	455 290 (560)	565 365 (615)	659 425 (710)	916▲ 595 (1180)	1390▲ 950 (1800)	
	125	11,8	— 106 (175)	— 118 (200)	161 132 (212)	183 150 (243)	— 200 (355)	— 224 (400)	323 257 (425)	364 290 (487)	— 290 (560)	— 365 (690)	— 403 (800)	— 670 (1250)	950 (1800)
C3I	125	11,8	128 106 (175)	142 118 (200)	160 132 (243)	169 140 (280)	242 200 (355)	271 224 (400)	294 243 (487)	338 280 (560)	435 365 (690)	469 401 (775)	809▲ 670 (1250)	1100▲ 950 (1800)	
	160	9,5	101 106 (175)	113 118 (200)	127 132 (243)	141 147 (280)	192 200 (355)	215 224 (400)	246 257 (487)	268 280 (560)	348 365 (690)	398 425 (800)	647 670 (1250)	877▲ 950 (1800)	
	200	7,5	79,8 106 (175)	88,8 118 (200)	99,6 132 (243)	113 150 (280)	156 200 (355)	174 224 (400)	200 257 (487)	218 280 (560)	276 365 (690)	318 425 (775)	513 670 (1250)	695 950 (1800)	
	250	6	62,9 106 (175)	70 118 (200)	78,5 132 (243)	89,2 150 (280)	123 200 (355)	137 224 (400)	158 257 (487)	178 290 (560)	221 365 (690)	252 425 (800)	404 670 (1250)	548 950 (1800)	
	315	4,75	51,2 106 (175)	57 118 (200)	63,9 132 (243)	72,6 150 (280)	96,7 200 (355)	108 224 (400)	124 257 (487)	140 290 (560)	174 365 (690)	188 403 (800)	319 670 (1250)	432 950 (1800)	

▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).

 $n_1 = 1\,200 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears		n_{N2} min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size												
			P_{N2} [kW]		M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kNm]										
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
C1	8	150	1260	1330	1550▲	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	9	132	1220	1330	1430▲	1530▲	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10	118	1060	1180	1320	1450▲	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	11,2	106	954	1070	1150	1280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	12,5	95	837	935	1040	1160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	14	85	756	845	909	986	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	16	75	639	662	825	919	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	18	67	596	662	677	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
9	20	60	639	692	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	22,4	53	595	641	666	712	1130▲	1270▲	—	—	—	—	2850▲	4740▲	
	25	47,5	516	575	617	686	990▲	1110▲	1280▲	1440▲	—	—	530 (1030)	905 (1500)	
	28	42,5	476	530	561	625	905	1020	1120▲	1240▲	1390▲	1520▲	2850▲	3910▲	
	31,5	37,5	413	460	516	586	792	890	1020	1150	1300▲	1430▲	2570▲	3540▲	
	35,5	33,5	378	421	449	510	719	808	895	992	1230▲	1380▲	2280▲	3220▲	
	40	30	328	365	410	466	629	707	810	904	1120	1250	2060▲	2910▲	
	45	26,5	299	333	356	405	570	641	710	790	1020	1170	1900▲	2600▲	
	50	23,6	260	289	325	369	499	560	642	722	882	1010	1650▲	2260▲	
	56	21,2	236	263	282	321	449	505	563	627	805	925	1490▲	2040▲	
	63	19	205	228	256	291	393	442	506	571	699	799	1320▲	1860▲	
	71	17	189	210	223	253	359	404	444	496	631	733	1190▲	1680▲	
	80	15	164	183	202	230	315	354	405	457	551	630	—	—	
	90	13,2	151	168	178	203	288	323	355	398	497	578	—	—	
	100	11,8	131	146	162	184	252	283	324	366	454	529	758	1120▲	
C3I	125	9,5	—	—	129	147	—	—	259	293	—	—	615 (1220)	950 (1800)	
	125	9,5	102	114	128	136	194	218	237	271	349	388	649	878▲	
	160	7,5	81,2	90,4	101	115	153	172	198	215	280	319	519	703	
	200	6	63,9	71,2	79,9	90,8	125	140	161	180	222	255	411	557	
	250	4,75	50,4	56,1	63	71,6	98,3	110	127	143	177	202	324	440	
	315	3,75	41	45,6	51,2	58,2	77,4	87	99,8	113	140	156	256	347	

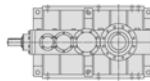
▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).



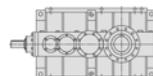
n₁ = 1 000 min⁻¹

Train of gears	<i>n_{N2}</i> min ⁻¹		Gear reducer size												
			<i>P_{N2}</i> [kW]		<i>M_{N2} (M_{2max})</i> [kN m]										
			4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
C1	8	125	1110 83 (150)	1120 83 (165)	1320 102 (206)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	112	1020 86 (155)	1110 94 (180)	1210 107 (200)	1300 116 (230)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	100	888 86 (155)	992 96 (180)	1110 107 (212)	1220 120 (218)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	90	803 86 (160)	897 96 (180)	965 107 (206)	1070 120 (236)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	80	704 86 (160)	787 96 (180)	875 107 (206)	975 120 (206)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	71	636 86 (150)	711 96 (170)	765 107 (212)	837 118 (236)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	63	553 86 (155)	559 87 (175)	694 107 (195)	773 120 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	18	56	502 86 (150)	553 95 (175)	575 103 (206)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
C2I	20	50	537 101 (170)	582 110 (200)	547 107 (195)	575 113 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	22,4	45	497 106 (170)	537 115 (200)	602 121 (236)	945 131 (257)	1070 201 (345)	227 227 (400)	—	—	—	—	—	2540▲ 565 (1060)	4150▲ 950 (1550)
	25	40	431 106 (165)	480 118 (190)	519 128 (236)	578 142 (272)	827 201 (335)	936 227 (387)	1070 260 (462)	1200 291 (530)	—	—	—	2540▲ 625 (1150)	3770▲ 955 (1700)
	28	35,5	397 106 (170)	443 118 (195)	470 133 (218)	525 149 (250)	756 201 (345)	856 227 (387)	939 260 (437)	1030 286 (515)	1180 322 (630)	1280 349 (690)	1280 675 (1220)	2380▲ 955 (1750)	3270▲ 955 (1750)
	31,5	31,5	345 106 (170)	384 118 (195)	432 133 (236)	491 151 (272)	662 201 (345)	749 227 (387)	856 260 (475)	961 292 (545)	1100 346 (670)	1200 385 (775)	1200 675 (1150)	2150▲ 955 (1650)	2960▲ 955 (1650)
	35,5	28	316 106 (175)	352 118 (200)	376 133 (224)	427 151 (257)	601 201 (345)	680 227 (400)	751 260 (450)	829 287 (515)	1030 361 (670)	1160 406 (750)	1160 675 (1150)	1910▲ 955 (1650)	2690▲ 955 (1650)
	40	25	274 106 (175)	305 118 (200)	343 133 (243)	390 151 (280)	525 201 (345)	595 227 (400)	680 260 (487)	758 290 (560)	939 369 (690)	1050 419 (800)	1050 675 (1150)	1720▲ 955 (1650)	2430▲ 955 (1650)
	45	22,4	250 106 (175)	279 118 (200)	298 133 (230)	339 151 (265)	476 201 (355)	539 227 (400)	596 260 (462)	660 287 (530)	829 369 (670)	853 428 (670)	853 675 (1250)	1590 955 (1800)	2180▲ 955 (1800)
	50	20	217 106 (175)	242 118 (200)	272 133 (243)	309 151 (280)	417 201 (355)	471 227 (400)	539 260 (487)	606 292 (560)	741 369 (690)	843 428 (775)	843 675 (1250)	1380 955 (1800)	1890▲ 955 (1800)
	56	18	197 106 (175)	220 118 (200)	237 133 (230)	269 151 (265)	375 201 (355)	425 227 (400)	473 260 (462)	524 288 (530)	676 369 (670)	775 428 (690)	775 675 (1220)	1240 955 (1700)	1710▲ 955 (1700)
	63	16	171 106 (175)	191 118 (200)	214 133 (243)	244 151 (280)	328 201 (355)	372 227 (400)	425 260 (487)	479 293 (560)	587 369 (690)	669 428 (775)	669 675 (1250)	1100 955 (1800)	1560▲ 955 (1800)
	71	14	158 106 (175)	176 118 (200)	186 133 (230)	212 151 (265)	300 201 (355)	340 227 (400)	373 260 (462)	414 289 (530)	530 369 (690)	614 428 (670)	614 675 (1220)	996 955 (1700)	1410▲ 955 (1700)
	80	12,5	137 106 (175)	153 118 (200)	169 133 (243)	192 151 (280)	263 201 (355)	297 227 (400)	340 260 (487)	384 293 (560)	463 369 (690)	527 428 (800)	527 —	—	—
	90	11,2	126 106 (175)	141 118 (200)	149 133 (230)	170 151 (265)	240 201 (355)	272 227 (400)	298 260 (462)	332 289 (530)	418 369 (650)	484 428 (750)	484 —	—	—
	100	10	110 106 (175)	122 118 (200)	135 133 (243)	154 151 (280)	210 201 (355)	238 227 (400)	272 260 (487)	307 293 (560)	381 369 (650)	443 428 (730)	676 660 (1250)	935 955 (1800)	676 —
	125	8	— 106 (175)	— 118 (200)	108 133 (212)	123 151 (243)	— 201 (355)	— 227 (400)	218 260 (425)	245 293 (487)	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
C3I	125	8	85,6 106 (175)	95,3 118 (200)	107 133 (243)	121 151 (280)	162 201 (355)	183 227 (400)	209 260 (487)	226 280 (560)	293 369 (690)	327 419 (800)	543 675 (1250)	735 955 (1800)	735 —
	160	6,3	67,8 106 (175)	75,6 118 (200)	85 133 (243)	96,6 151 (280)	128 201 (355)	145 227 (400)	166 260 (487)	181 284 (560)	235 369 (690)	267 428 (800)	434 675 (1250)	588 955 (1800)	588 —
	200	5	53,4 106 (175)	59,5 118 (200)	66,9 133 (243)	76 151 (280)	104 201 (355)	118 227 (400)	135 260 (487)	152 293 (560)	186 369 (690)	214 428 (800)	344 675 (1250)	466 955 (1800)	466 —
	250	4	42,1 106 (175)	46,9 118 (200)	52,7 133 (243)	60 151 (280)	82,1 201 (355)	92,9 227 (400)	106 260 (487)	120 293 (560)	149 369 (690)	169 428 (800)	272 675 (1250)	368 955 (1800)	368 —
	315	3,15	34,2 106 (175)	38,1 118 (200)	42,9 133 (243)	48,8 151 (280)	64,7 201 (355)	73,2 227 (400)	83,7 260 (487)	94,4 293 (560)	117 369 (690)	134 428 (800)	214 675 (1250)	290 955 (1800)	290 —

▲ Necessary forced lubrication with motor pump and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 6 and 12).

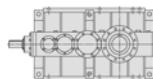
***n₁ = 750 min⁻¹***

Train of gears		n _{N2} min ⁻¹	Gear reducer size											
			P _{N2} [kW]											
			M _{N2} (M _{2max}) [kN m]											
CI	8	95	839 83 (150)	869 86 (170)	1020 105 (212)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	85	779 87 (160)	839 94 (185)	917 109 (206)	1000 119 (236)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	75	676 87 (160)	755 98 (185)	843 109 (218)	927 121 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	67	611 87 (165)	682 98 (185)	734 109 (212)	818 121 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	60	536 87 (165)	598 98 (185)	666 109 (212)	742 121 (212)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	53	484 87 (155)	541 98 (175)	581 109 (212)	646 121 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	47,5	416 86 (160)	431 89 (180)	528 109 (200)	588 121 (230)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	18	42,5	382 87 (155)	416 95 (180)	443 105 (212)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	20	37,5	407 102 (175)	444 111 (200)	416 109 (200)	443 116 (230)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
C2I	22,4	33,5	374 107 (175)	406 116 (200)	425 123 (243)	461 133 (265)	712 201 (355)	814 230 (400)	—	—	—	—	2110 625 (1090)	3120 955 (1550)
	25	30	324 107 (170)	362 119 (195)	394 129 (243)	441 145 (272)	623 201 (345)	712 230 (400)	812 263 (475)	902 292 (545)	—	—	2070 680 (1180)	2850 960 (1750)
	28	26,5	299 107 (175)	333 119 (200)	355 134 (224)	398 150 (257)	569 201 (355)	651 230 (400)	712 263 (450)	778 287 (515)	905 330 (650)	971 354 (710)	1800 680 (1250)	2460 960 (1800)
	31,5	23,6	260 107 (175)	289 119 (200)	326 134 (243)	372 152 (280)	498 201 (355)	570 230 (400)	649 263 (487)	723 293 (560)	838 352 (690)	913 390 (775)	1630 680 (1180)	2230 960 (1700)
	35,5	21,2	238 107 (175)	265 119 (200)	284 134 (230)	323 152 (265)	452 201 (355)	517 230 (400)	569 263 (462)	624 288 (530)	787 366 (690)	887 412 (775)	1440 680 (1180)	2030 960 (1700)
	40	19	206 107 (175)	230 119 (200)	259 134 (243)	295 152 (280)	396 201 (355)	452 230 (400)	516 263 (487)	575 293 (560)	713 374 (690)	793 424 (800)	1300 680 (1180)	1840 960 (1700)
	45	17	188 107 (175)	210 119 (200)	225 134 (230)	257 152 (265)	358 201 (355)	410 230 (400)	452 263 (462)	496 288 (530)	646 373 (690)	742 431 (690)	1200 680 (1250)	1650 960 (1800)
	50	15	163 107 (175)	182 119 (200)	205 134 (243)	234 152 (280)	314 201 (355)	359 230 (400)	409 263 (487)	458 294 (560)	562 374 (690)	637 431 (775)	1040 680 (1250)	1430 960 (1800)
	56	13,2	148 107 (175)	165 119 (200)	179 134 (230)	203 152 (265)	283 201 (355)	323 230 (400)	358 263 (462)	394 289 (530)	513 374 (690)	585 431 (690)	941 680 (1220)	1290 960 (1700)
	63	11,8	129 107 (175)	144 119 (200)	162 134 (243)	184 152 (280)	247 201 (355)	283 230 (400)	322 263 (487)	362 295 (560)	446 374 (690)	505 431 (800)	833 680 (1250)	1180 960 (1800)
	71	10,6	119 107 (175)	132 119 (200)	141 134 (230)	160 152 (265)	226 201 (355)	259 230 (400)	283 263 (462)	312 290 (530)	402 374 (690)	464 431 (690)	752 680 (1220)	1060 960 (1700)
	80	9,5	103 107 (175)	115 119 (200)	128 134 (243)	146 152 (280)	198 201 (355)	226 230 (400)	258 263 (487)	291 296 (560)	351 374 (690)	398 431 (800)	— —	— —
	90	8,5	95 107 (175)	106 119 (200)	113 134 (230)	128 152 (265)	181 201 (355)	207 230 (400)	226 263 (462)	250 290 (530)	317 374 (650)	366 431 (750)	— —	— —
	100	7,5	82,5 107 (175)	91,9 119 (200)	102 134 (243)	116 152 (280)	158 201 (355)	181 230 (400)	206 263 (487)	233 296 (560)	289 374 (670)	334 431 (750)	523 680 (1250)	706 960 (1800)
	125	6	— 107 (175)	— 119 (200)	81,8 134 (243)	93,1 152 (243)	— —	— 230 (400)	165 263 (425)	186 296 (487)	— —	— —	— —	— —
C3I	125	6	64,4 107 (175)	71,8 119 (200)	81 134 (243)	92,2 152 (280)	122 201 (355)	139 230 (400)	159 263 (487)	176 291 (560)	223 374 (690)	246 420 (800)	410 680 (1250)	555 960 (1800)
	160	4,75	51,1 107 (175)	56,9 119 (200)	64,2 134 (243)	73,1 152 (280)	96,5 201 (355)	110 230 (400)	126 263 (487)	142 296 (560)	178 374 (690)	202 431 (800)	328 680 (1250)	444 960 (1800)
	200	3,75	40,2 107 (175)	44,8 119 (200)	50,5 134 (243)	57,5 152 (280)	78,4 201 (355)	89,7 230 (400)	102 263 (487)	115 296 (560)	141 374 (690)	161 431 (800)	260 680 (1250)	352 960 (1800)
	250	3	31,7 107 (175)	35,3 119 (200)	39,8 134 (243)	45,3 152 (280)	61,8 201 (355)	70,7 230 (400)	80,6 263 (487)	90,9 296 (560)	113 374 (690)	128 431 (800)	205 680 (1250)	278 960 (1800)
	315	2,36	25,8 107 (175)	28,7 119 (200)	32,4 134 (243)	36,9 152 (280)	48,7 201 (355)	55,7 230 (400)	63,5 263 (487)	71,6 296 (560)	89,1 374 (690)	101 431 (800)	162 680 (1250)	219 960 (1800)



$n_1 \leq 90 \text{ min}^{-1}$

Train of gears	n_{N2} min^{-1}	Gear reducer size												
		P_{N2} [kW]		M_{N2} ($M_{2\max}$) [kN m]										
		4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001	
C1	8	11,2	103 85 (160)	111 91 (185)	129 111 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	9	10	101 95 (175)	107 100 (200)	118 117 (230)	129 128 (257)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	10	9	88,1 95 (175)	98,3 106 (200)	110 118 (236)	118 129 (236)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	11,2	8	79,6 95 (175)	88,8 106 (195)	95,3 118 (230)	107 132 (265)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	12,5	7,1	69,8 95 (175)	77,7 106 (200)	86,5 118 (224)	96,8 132 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	14	6,3	63,1 95 (165)	70,4 106 (190)	75,6 118 (230)	82 128 (257)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	16	5,6	51 88 (170)	54,5 94 (190)	68,6 118 (212)	76,7 132 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	18	5	49,7 95 (165)	51 97 (190)	56,1 111 (224)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
C2I	20	4,5	52,1 109 (180)	58,3 122 (206)	51 111 (212)	55,9 122 (243)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	22,4	4	45,8 109 (180)	51,3 122 (206)	54,7 132 (243)	60,9 147 (280)	87,3 206 (365)	106 250 (412)	—	—	—	—	288 710 (1150)	386 985 (1650)
	25	3,55	39,8 109 (175)	44,5 122 (200)	51,2 140 (243)	58,5 160 (280)	76,4 206 (355)	92,7 250 (400)	104 280 (487)	112 303 (560)	—	—	260 710 (1250)	355 1000 (1800)
	28	3,15	36,7 109 (175)	41 122 (200)	44,5 140 (230)	50,9 160 (265)	69,8 206 (355)	84,8 250 (400)	91 280 (462)	98,3 302 (530)	116 353 (690)	127 385 (775)	226 710 (1250)	308 1000 (1800)
	31,5	2,8	31,8 109 (175)	35,6 122 (200)	40,9 140 (243)	46,8 160 (280)	61,1 206 (355)	74,2 250 (400)	83,1 280 (487)	92,5 312 (560)	111 387 (690)	116 414 (800)	204 710 (1220)	279 1000 (1700)
	35,5	2,5	29,1 109 (175)	32,6 122 (200)	35,6 140 (230)	40,7 160 (265)	55,5 206 (355)	67,3 250 (400)	72,8 280 (462)	81 311 (530)	103 400 (690)	116 450 (800)	180 710 (1220)	253 1000 (1700)
	40	2,24	25,3 109 (175)	28,3 122 (200)	32,5 140 (243)	37,2 160 (280)	48,5 206 (355)	58,9 250 (400)	66 280 (487)	74,2 315 (560)	91,5 400 (690)	101 450 (800)	163 710 (1250)	229 1000 (1800)
	45	2	23,1 109 (175)	25,8 122 (200)	28,3 140 (230)	32,3 160 (265)	44 206 (355)	53,4 250 (400)	57,8 280 (462)	65,1 315 (530)	83,1 400 (690)	92,9 450 (800)	150 710 (1250)	205 1000 (1800)
	50	1,8	20 109 (175)	22,4 122 (200)	25,8 140 (243)	29,4 160 (280)	38,5 206 (355)	46,7 250 (400)	52,3 280 (487)	58,8 315 (560)	72,2 400 (690)	79,8 450 (800)	130 710 (1250)	178 1000 (1800)
	56	1,6	18,2 109 (175)	20,4 122 (200)	22,4 140 (230)	25,6 160 (265)	34,7 206 (355)	42,1 250 (400)	45,8 280 (462)	51,6 315 (530)	65,9 400 (690)	73,3 450 (800)	118 710 (1220)	161 1000 (1700)
	63	1,4	15,8 109 (175)	17,7 122 (200)	20,3 140 (243)	23,2 160 (280)	30,3 206 (355)	36,8 250 (400)	41,2 280 (487)	46,4 315 (560)	57,3 400 (690)	63,3 450 (800)	104 710 (1250)	147 1000 (1800)
	71	1,25	14,6 109 (175)	16,3 122 (200)	17,7 140 (230)	20,2 160 (265)	27,7 206 (355)	33,7 250 (400)	36,1 280 (462)	40,7 315 (530)	51,6 400 (690)	58,1 450 (800)	94,3 710 (1220)	132 1000 (1700)
	80	1,12	12,6 109 (175)	14,1 122 (200)	16 140 (243)	18,3 160 (280)	24,3 206 (355)	29,5 250 (400)	33 280 (487)	37,1 315 (560)	45,1 400 (690)	49,9 450 (800)	—	—
	90	1	11,6 109 (175)	13 122 (200)	14,1 140 (230)	16,2 160 (265)	22,2 206 (355)	26,9 250 (400)	28,9 280 (462)	32,5 315 (530)	40,7 400 (650)	45,8 450 (750)	—	—
	100	0,9	10,1 109 (175)	11,3 122 (200)	12,8 140 (243)	14,7 160 (280)	19,4 206 (355)	23,6 250 (400)	26,4 280 (487)	29,7 315 (560)	37,1 400 (690)	41,9 450 (775)	65,6 710 (1250)	88 1000 (1800)
	125	0,71	—	—	10,3 140 (212)	11,7 160 (243)	—	—	21,1 280 (425)	23,7 315 (487)	—	—	—	—
C3I	125	0,71	7,89 109 (175)	8,84 122 (200)	10,2 140 (243)	11,6 160 (280)	14,9 206 (355)	18,1 250 (400)	20,3 280 (487)	22,8 315 (560)	28,6 400 (690)	30,1 429 (800)	51,4 710 (1250)	69,2 1000 (1800)
	160	0,56	6,26 109 (175)	7 122 (200)	8,05 140 (243)	9,2 160 (280)	11,8 206 (355)	14,4 250 (400)	16,1 280 (487)	18,1 315 (560)	22,9 400 (690)	25,3 450 (800)	41,1 710 (1250)	55,4 1000 (1800)
	200	0,45	4,92 109 (175)	5,51 122 (200)	6,34 140 (243)	7,24 160 (280)	9,62 206 (355)	11,7 250 (400)	13,1 280 (487)	14,7 315 (560)	18,1 400 (690)	20,2 450 (800)	32,6 710 (1250)	43,9 1000 (1800)
	250	0,36	3,88 109 (175)	4,35 122 (200)	5 140 (243)	5,71 160 (280)	7,58 206 (355)	9,2 250 (400)	10,3 280 (487)	11,6 315 (560)	14,5 400 (690)	16 450 (800)	25,7 710 (1250)	34,6 1000 (1800)
	315	0,28	3,16 109 (175)	3,53 122 (200)	4,06 140 (243)	4,64 160 (280)	5,97 206 (355)	7,25 250 (400)	8,12 280 (487)	9,14 315 (560)	11,4 400 (690)	12,6 450 (800)	20,3 710 (1250)	27,3 1000 (1800)

**Summary of transmission ratios *i***

Train of gears	<i>i</i> _N	Gear reducer size <i>i</i>											
		4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001
CI	8	7,76	7,76	8,12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	8,82	8,82	9,33	9,33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	10,2	10,2	10,1	10,3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11,2	11,3	11,3	11,7	11,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12,5	12,8	12,8	12,9	12,9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	14,2	14,2	14,7	14,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	16,3	16,3	16,2	16,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
C2I	18	18*	18*	18,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	20	19,7	19,7	20,6	20,6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	22,4	22,4	22,4	22,7	22,7	22,2	22,2	—	—	—	—	23,3	24
	25	25,8	25,8	25,8	25,8	25,4	25,4	25,4	25,4	—	—	25,7	26,6
	28	28	28	29,6	29,6	27,8	27,8	29	29	28,6	28,7	29,7	30,6
	31,5	32,3	32,3	32,2	32,2	31,8	31,8	31,8	31,8	32,9	33,6	32,8	33,8
	35,5	35,3	35,3	37,1	37,1	35*	35*	36,2	36,2	36,5	36,5	37,1	37,2
	40	40,7	40,7	40,6	40,6	40*	40*	40*	40*	41,2	41,9	41	41,1
	45	44,5	44,5	46,7	46,7	44,2	44,2	45,6	45,6	45,3	45,7	44,5	45,9
	50	51,3	51,3	51,2	51,2	50,5	50,5	50,5	50,5	52,2	53,1	51,3	52,9
	56	56,5	56,5	58,9	58,9	56*	56*	57,6	57,6	57,2	57,9	56,8	58,5
	63	65,1	65,1	64,9	64,9	64*	64*	64*	64*	65,8	67	64,1	64,3
	71	70,6	70,6	74,7	74,7	70*	70*	73*	73*	73	73	71	71,1
	80	81,3	81,3	82,3	82,3	80*	80*	80*	80*	83,5	85	—	—
	90	88,2	88,2	93,3	93,3	87,5*	87,5*	91,3	91,3	92,6	92,6	—	—
	100	102	102	103	103	100*	100*	100*	100*	101	101	102	107
	125	—	—	129	129	—	—	125*	125*	—	—	—	—
C3I	125	130	130	130	130	130*	130*	130*	130*	132	134	130	136
	160	164	164	164	164	164*	164*	164*	164*	165	168	163	170
	200	209	209	208	208	202	202	202	202	208	210	205	215
	250	265	265	264	264	256*	256*	256*	256*	260	265	260	272
	315	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	329	336	330	345

9

* Finite transmission ratio.

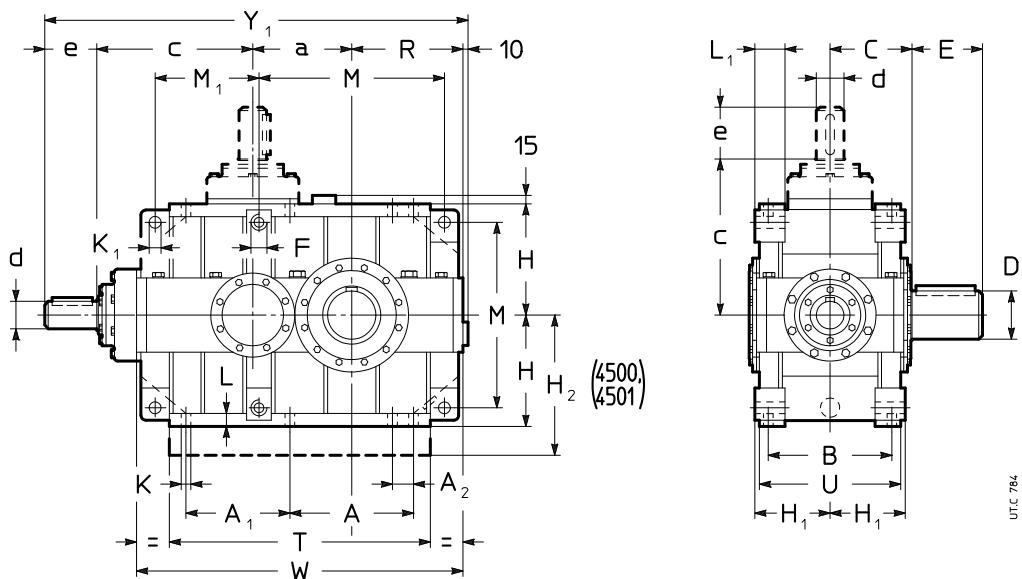
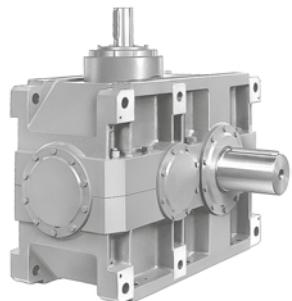
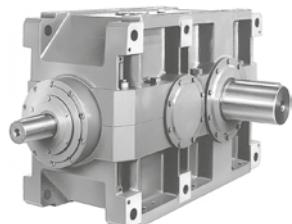
10 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (bevel helical gear reducers)

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10

10.1 - Gear reducers R CI

Dimensions



UTC 784

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	B	C	c	F	H _{h11}	H _{h12}	H ₂ h11	K	K ₁ Ø H11	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	kg	
			M ₁			3)		1)	R												4)
4000	400	505	420	90	500	330	605	M45	450	296	-	39	48	52	116	750	1055	580	1320	2240 2310	
4001																				2310 2390	
4500	450	505	470	90	500	358	605	M45	450	296	560	39	48	52	116	750	1105	580	1370	2750 2830	
4501																				2840 2940	

Size	D Ø	E	d Ø	e	Y ₁	d Ø	e	Y ₁
				2)			2)	
4000	190	280	110	210	1675	90	170	1635
4001	200				i _N ≤ 11,2			
4500	210	300	110	210	1725	90	170	1685
4501	220				i _N ≤ 12,5			
					i _N ≥ 12,5			
					i _N ≥ 14			

1) Working length of thread 1,7 · F.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6, dimension Y₁ increases by approx. 20 for filler plug overall dimensions.

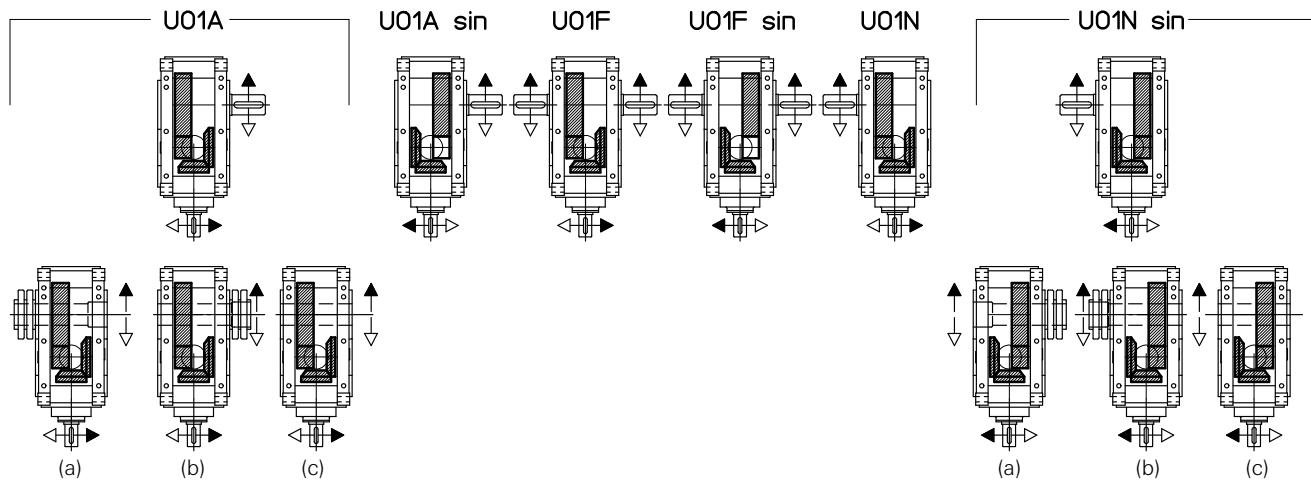
3) The cover on bevel wheel side overhangs from C dimension (see ch. 6) by 33 mm for sizes 4000, 4001 and 5 mm for sizes 5000, 5001.

4) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft.

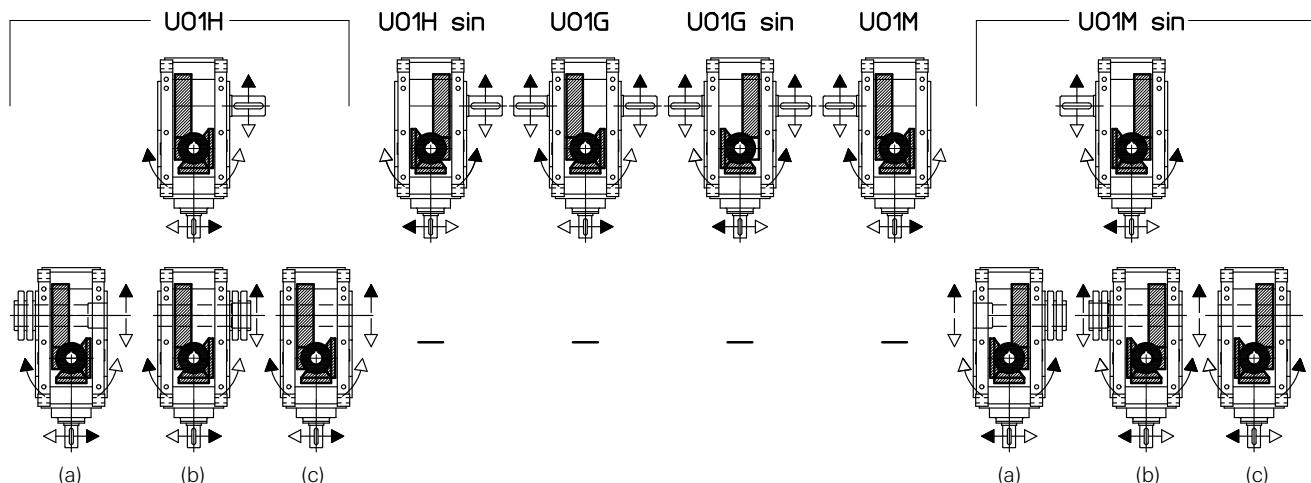
10.1 - Gear reducers R CI

Designs¹⁾²⁾ (direction of rotation)

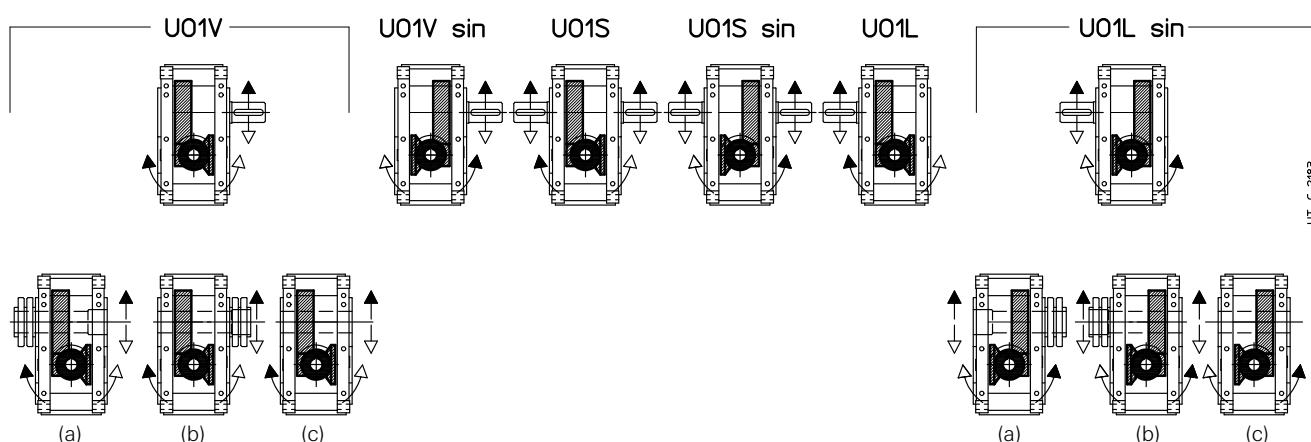
Solid low speed shaft (standard)



Solid low speed shaft (standard)



Solid low speed shaft (standard)



10

UT_C_2183

(a) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine opposite side** (on request, see ch. 12).

(b) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine side** (on request, see ch. 12).

(c) Hollow low speed shaft **with keyway** (on request, see ch. 12).

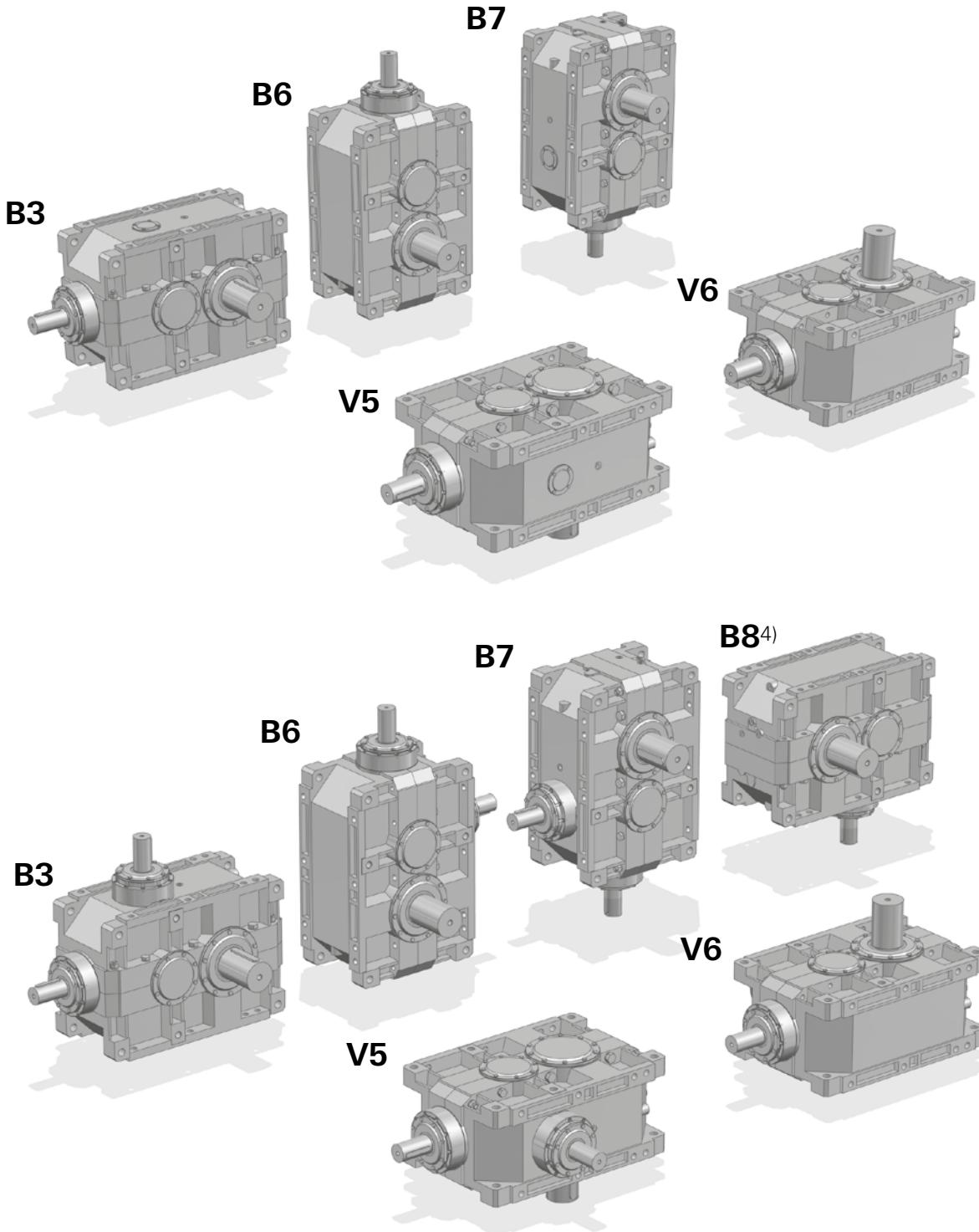
1) The housing of designs U01A ... U01N sin is not prearranged for other designs (U01H ... U01L sin).

2) For U01A, U01H, U01V designs and derivatives it is recommended to adopt the black arrow direction of rotation; for U01A sin, U01H sin, U01V sin designs and derivatives, the white arrow direction of rotation. If it is not possible, consult us.

10.1 - Gear reducers R CI

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

2) ⚠ for designs UO1H ... UO1M sin, UO1V ... UO1L sin.

3) ⚠ for designs UO1A ... UO1N sin, UO1H ... UO1M sin.

4) Mounting position B8 available only for designs UO1V ... UO1L sin.

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

- ▼ Oil filler plug
- Oil level plug
- Oil drain plug

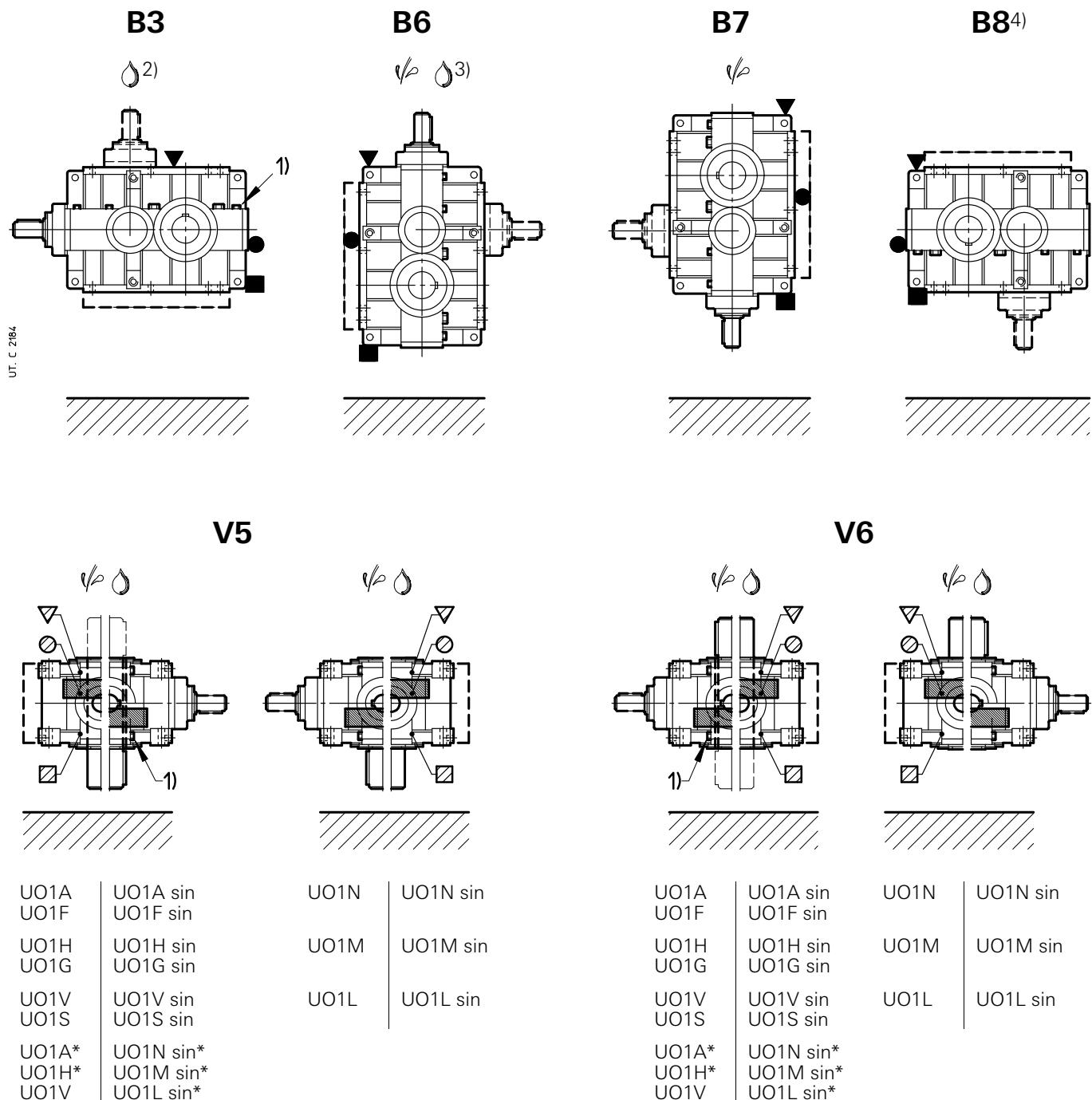
- ▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)
- ☒ Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

10 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (bevel helical gear reducers)

10.1 - Gear reducers R CI

Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

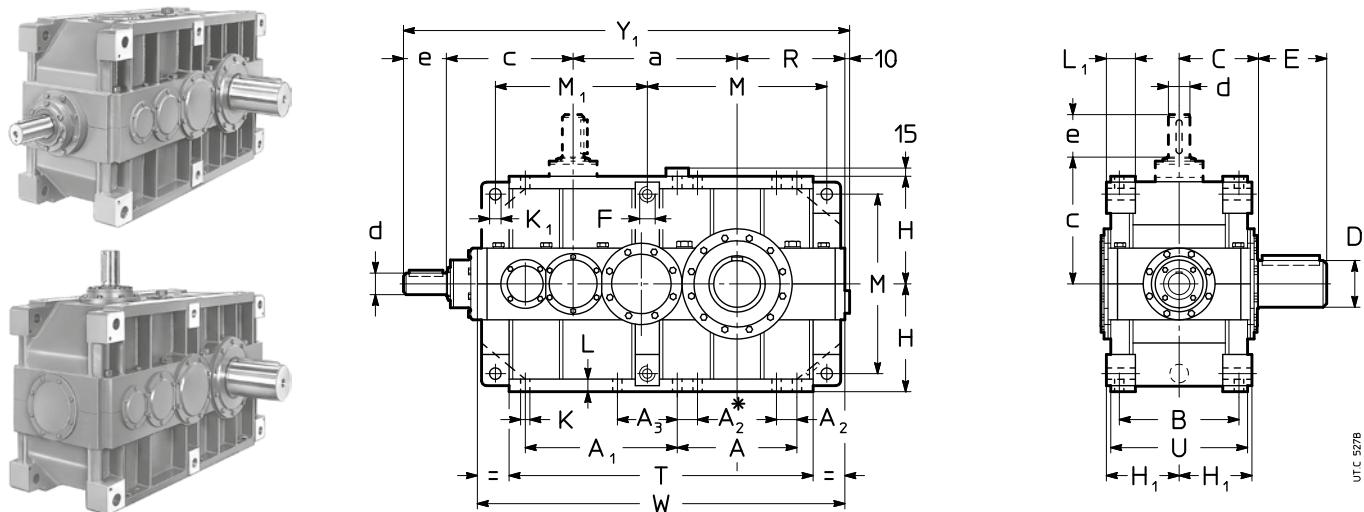
Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.



Size	Oil quantity [l]					
	B3	B6	B7	B8 ⁴⁾	V5, V6	
4000, 4001	100	150	160	100	112	118
4500, 4501	132	190	212	132	140	170

10.2 - Gear reducers R C2I

Dimensions



URC 5278

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	B	C	c	F	H _{h11}	H _{h12}	K _Ø	K _{1 Ø} H11	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	kg
			M ₁						1)	R										3)
4000	700	505	625	90	—	500	330	480	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1260	580	1525	2440 2520
4001																				2510 2600
4500	750	505	675	90	—	500	358	480	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1310	580	1575	2780 2850
4501																				2870 2960
5000	875	630	785	115	—	625	410 ⁴⁾	605	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1575	725	1905	4790 4910
5001																				4930 5070
5600	935	630	845	115	—	625	445	605	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1635	725	1965	5680 5800
5601																				5880 6020
6300	1080	770	970	115	—	695	490	605 ⁵⁾	M56	630	406	48	60	65	148	1070	1900	795	2230	7950 8060
6301																				8230 8390
7101	1270	930	1228	115	590	843	601	833	M56	710	481	48	66	71	185	1230	2279	943	2648	13350
8001	1430	1008	1286	145	596	944	682	934	M90	900	544	60	95	85	250	1574	2590	1064	3086	20550
																				21270

Size	D Ø	E	d Ø	e	Y ₁	d Ø	e	Y ₁		
				2)				2)		
4000	190	280	90	i _N ≤ 40	170	1810	70	i _N ≥ 45	140	1780
4001	200			i _N ≤ 45				i _N ≥ 50		
4500	210	300	90	i _N ≤ 40	170	1860	70	i _N ≥ 45	140	1830
4501	220			i _N ≤ 45				i _N ≥ 50		
5000	240	330	110	i _N ≤ 45	210	2260	90	i _N ≥ 50	170	2220
5001	250			i _N ≤ 31,5				i _N ≥ 56 ⁶⁾		
5600	270	380	110	i _N ≤ 45	210	2320	90	i _N ≥ 50	170	2280
5601	280			i _N ≤ 56 ⁶⁾				i _N ≥ 56 ⁶⁾		
6300	300	430	110	i _N ≤ 56 ⁶⁾	210	2535	90	i _N ≥ 56 ⁶⁾	170	2495
6301	320			i _N ≤ 31,5				i _N ≥ 35,5		
7101	360	590	140	i _N ≤ 31,5	250	3073	110	i _N ≥ 35,5	210	3033
8001	400	660	150	i _N ≤ 31,5	245	3519	125	i _N ≥ 35,5	210	3474

1) Working length of thread 1,7 · F.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6 dimension Y₁ increases by 20 for overall dimensions of filler plug.

3) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft.

4) The cover on bevel wheel side overhangs from C dimension (see ch. 6) by 13 mm.

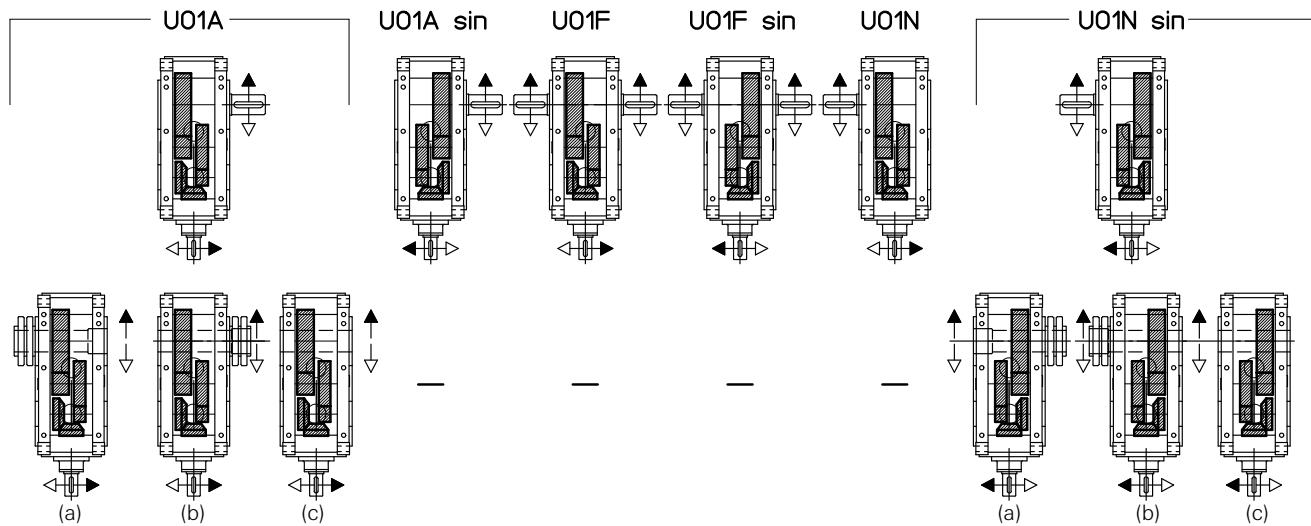
5) The high speed shaft end shoulder is within dimension H.

6) For size 6301: i_N ≤ 56 and i_N ≥ 63, respectively.

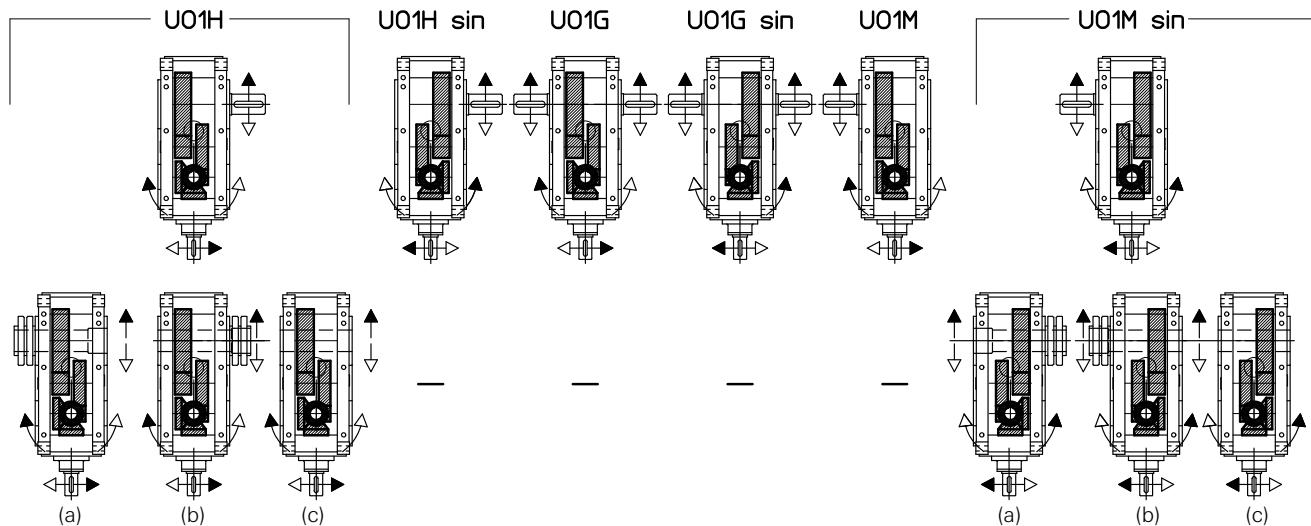
10.2 - Gear reducers R C2I

Designs¹⁾²⁾ (direction of rotation)

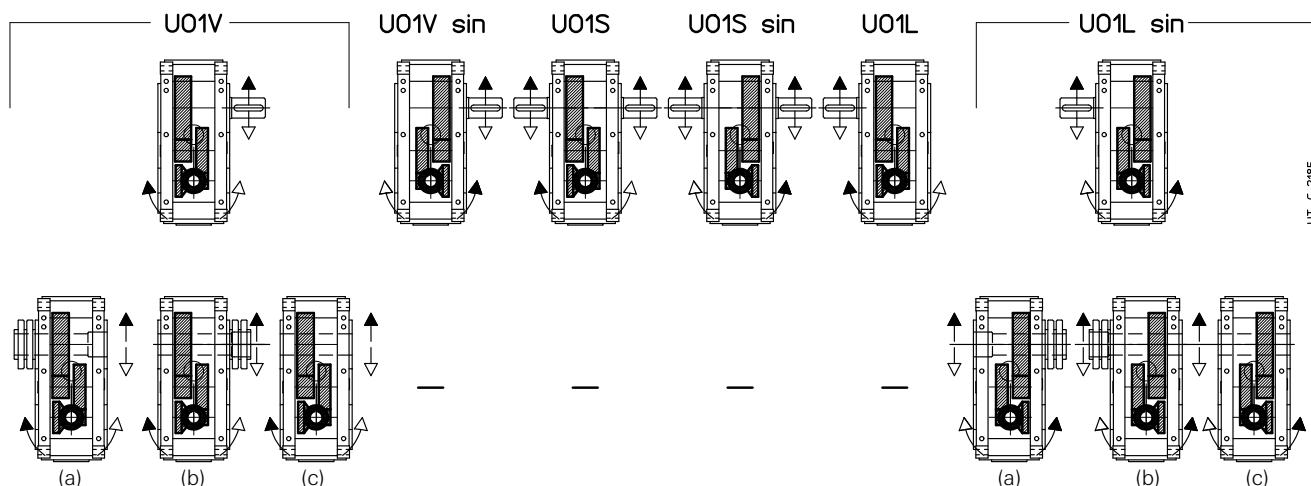
Solid low speed shaft (standard)



Solid low speed shaft (standard)



Solid low speed shaft (standard)



(a) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine opposite side** (on request, see ch. 12).

(b) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine side** (on request, see ch. 12).

(c) Hollow low speed shaft **with keyway** (on request, see ch. 12).

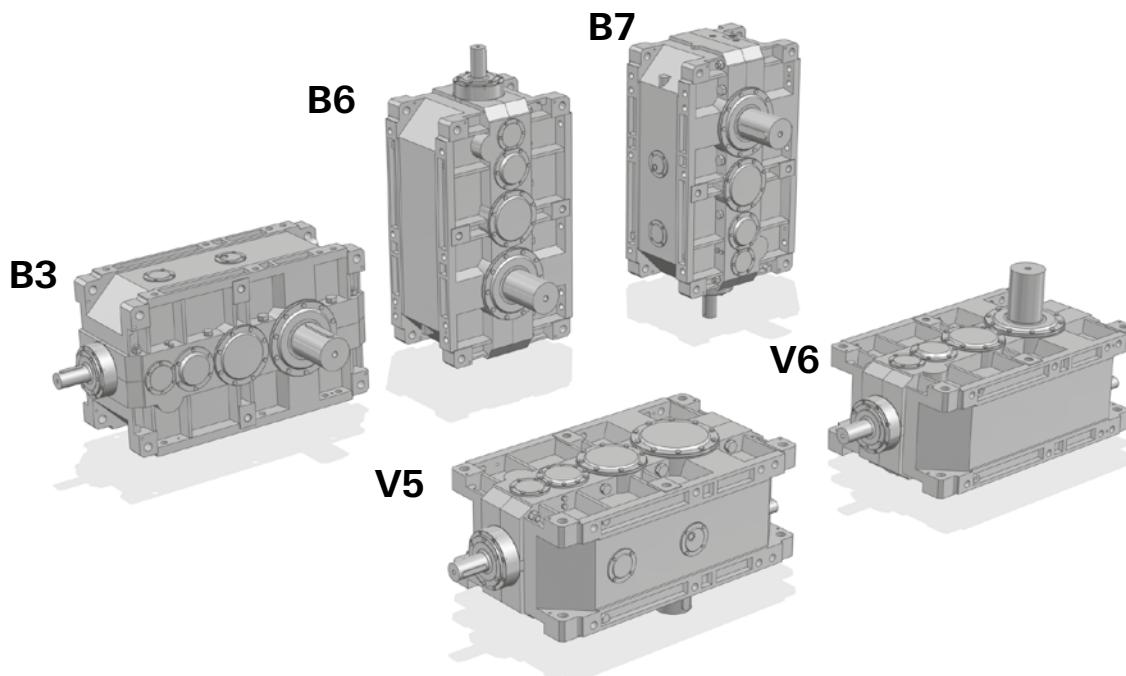
1) The housing of designs U01A ... U01N sin is not prearranged for other designs (U01H ... U01L sin).

2) For U01A, U01H, U01V designs and derivatives it is recommended to adopt the black arrow direction of rotation; for U01A sin, U01H sin, U01V sin designs and derivatives, the white arrow direction of rotation. If it is not possible, consult us.

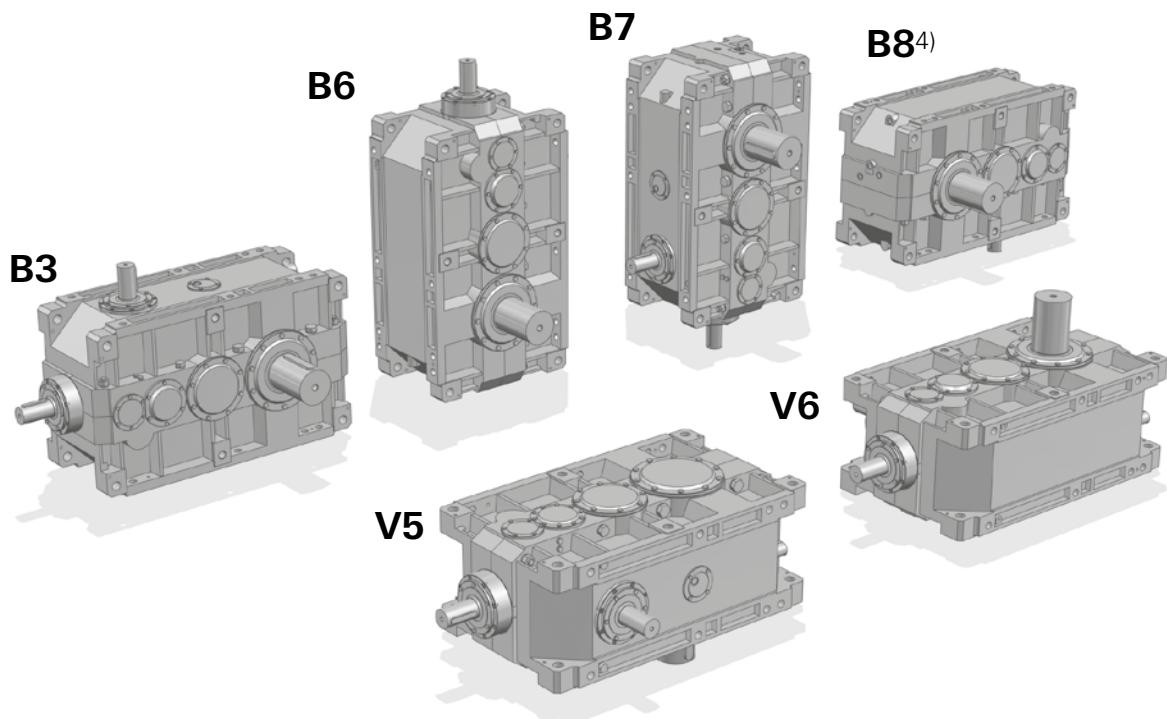
10.2 - Gear reducers R C21

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



10



⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

2) ⚠ for designs UO1H ... UO1M sin, UO1V ... UO1L sin.

3) ⚠ for designs UO1A ... UO1N sin, UO1H ... UO1M sin.

4) Mounting position B8 available only for designs UO1V ... UO1L sin.

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

- ▼ Oil filler plug
- Oil level plug
- Oil drain plug

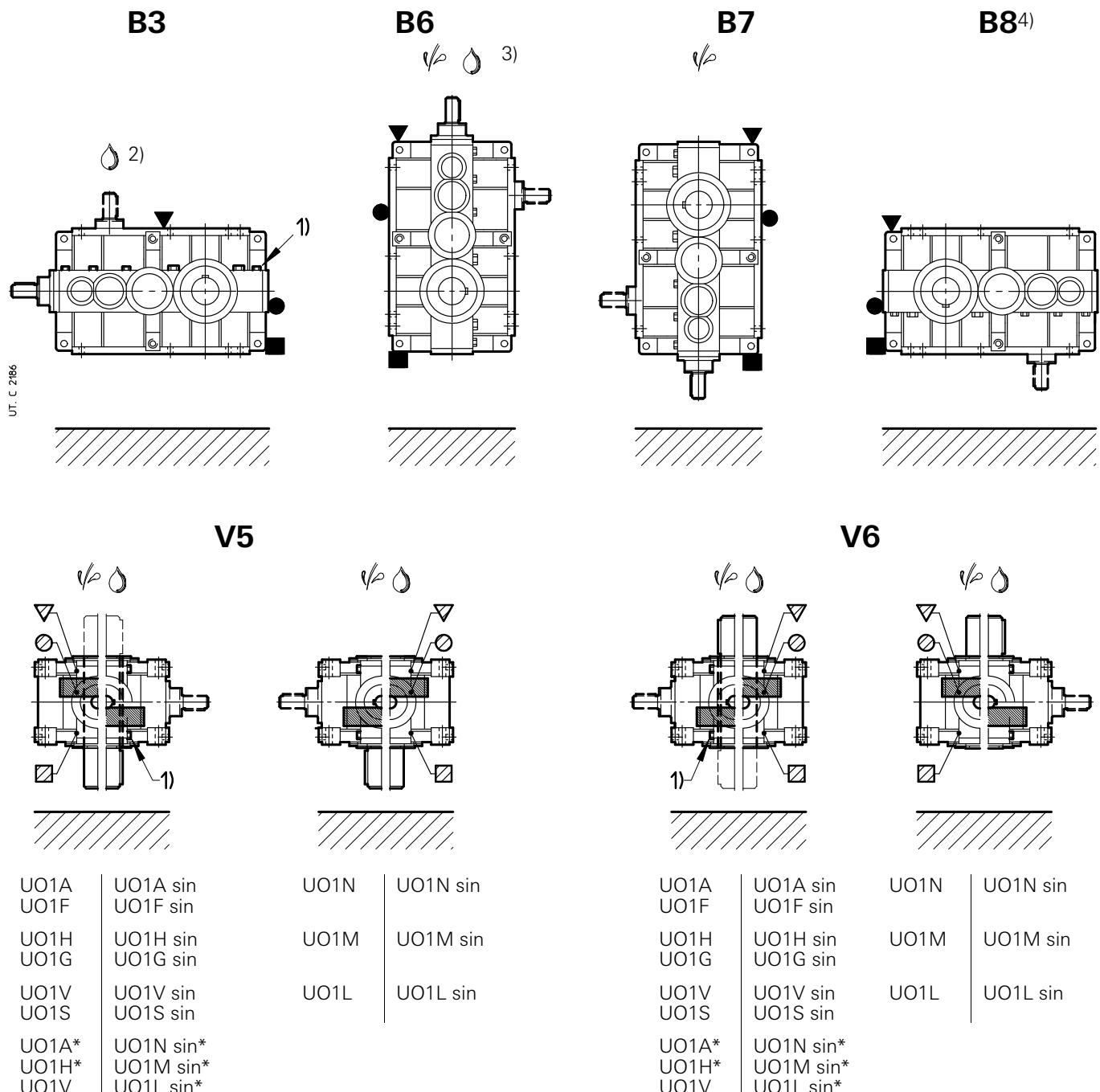
- ▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)
- Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

10 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (bevel helical gear reducers)

10.2 - Gear reducers R C2I

Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.

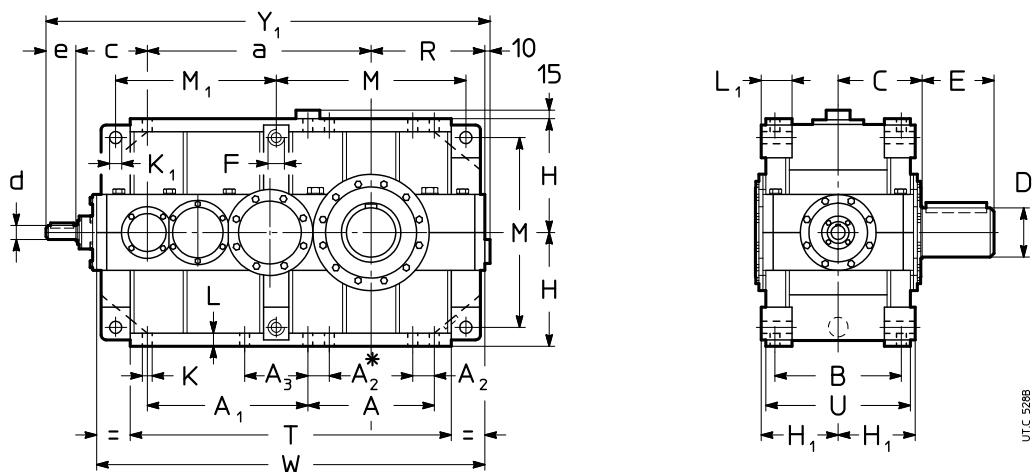
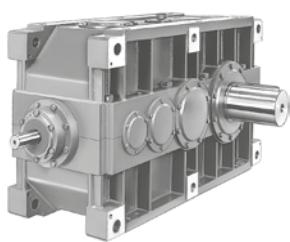


Size	Oil quantity [l]				
	B3	B6	B7	B8 ⁴⁾	V5, V6
4000, 4001	132	224	224	132	224
4500, 4501	132	224	224	132	224
5000, 5001	265	450	425	265	450
5600, 5601	265	450	425	265	450
6300, 6301	375	630	630	375	630
7001	600	950	1060	600	950
8001	1000	1700	1700	1000	1700
				with low speed shaft on bottom	with low speed wheel on top

Notes at previous page.

10.3 - Gear reducers R C3I

Dimensions



* For sizes ≥ 6300 , only.

Size	a	A	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	B	C	F	H _{h11}	H _{h12}	K _Ø	K _{1 Ø H11}	L	L ₁	M	T	U	W	kg	
	M ₁					1)	R													3)
4000	900	505	625	90	–	500	330	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1260	580	1525	2440	2510
4001																			2520	2600
4500	950	505	675	90	–	500	358	M45	450	296	39	48	52	116	750	1310	580	1575	2780	2870
4501																			2850	2960
5000	1125	630	785	115	–	625	410	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1575	725	1905	4790	4930
5001																			4910	5070
5600	1185	630	845	115	–	625	445	M56	560	370	48	60	65	148	930	1635	725	1965	5680	5880
5601																			5800	6020
6300	1380	770	970	115	–	695	490	M56	630	406	48	60	65	148	1070	1900	795	2230	7950	8230
6301																			8060	8390
7101	1630	930	1228	115	590	843	601	M56	710	481	48	66	71	185	1230	2279	943	2648	13260	13760
8001	1880	1008	1286	145	596	944	682	M90	900	544	60	95	85	250	1574	2590	1064	3086	20450	21170

Size	D Ø	E	c	d Ø	e	Y ₁	c	d Ø	e	Y ₁	c	d Ø	e	Y ₁
						2)				2)				2)
						i _N ≤ 125				i _N = 160, 200				i _N ≥ 250
4000	190	280	282	48	110	1752	282	48	110	1752	282	38	80	1722
4001	200					i _N ≤ 125				i _N = 160, 200				i _N ≥ 250
4500	210	300	282	48	110	1802	282	48	110	1802	282	38	80	1772
4501	220					i _N ≤ 125				i _N = 160, 200				i _N ≥ 250
5000	240	330	380	70	140	2215	357	55	110	2162	357	48	110	2162
5001	250					i _N ≤ 125				i _N = 160, 200				i _N ≥ 250
5600	270	380	380	70	140	2275	357	55	110	2222	357	48	110	2222
5601	280					i _N ≤ 125				i _N = 160, 200				i _N ≥ 250
6300	300	430	380	70	140	2540	357	55	110	2487	357	48	110	2487
6301	320					i _N ≤ 160				i _N = 200, 250 ^{a)}				i _N = 315
7101	360	590	480	90	170	3000	480	70	140	2970	480	70	140	2970
						i _N ≤ 160				i _N = 200, 250				i _N = 315
8001	400	660	605	110	210	3605	605	90	170	3565	605	90	170	3565

1) Working length of thread $1,7 \cdot F$.

2) For mounting positions B6, B7, V5, V6 dimension Y₁ increases by approx. 20 for overall dimensions of filler plug.

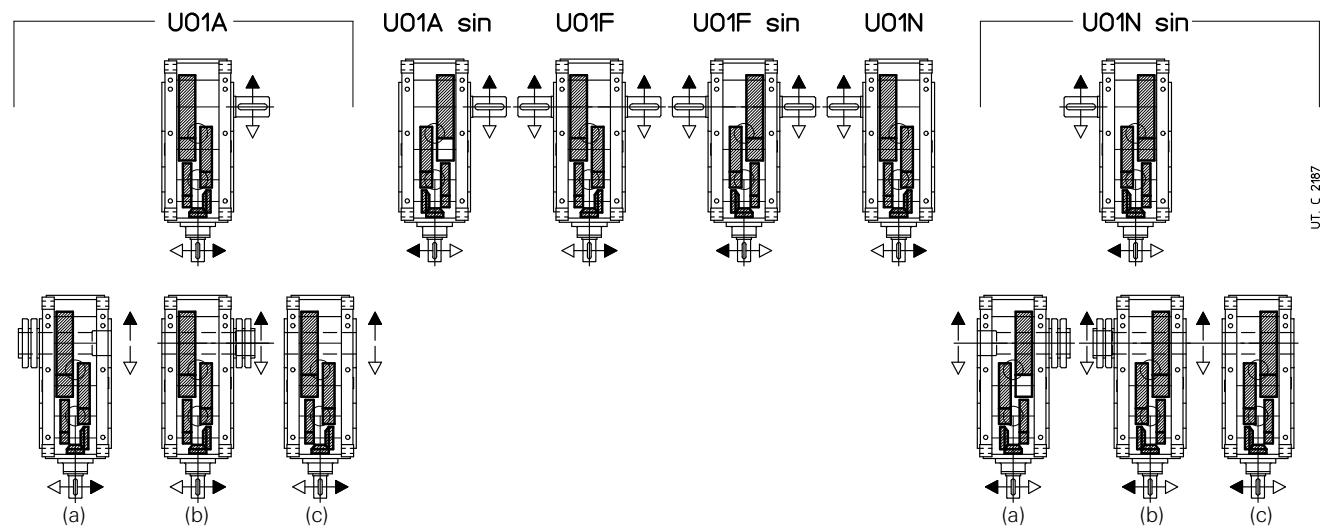
3) Values valid for double extension low speed shaft end.

4) For size 6301: $i_N \leq 200$ and $i_N = 250$, respectively.

10.3 - Gear reducers R C3I

Designs^{1) 2)} (direction of rotation)

Solid low speed shaft (standard)



- (a) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine opposite side** (on request, see ch. 12).
- (b) Hollow low speed shaft **with shrink disc on machine side** (on request, see ch. 12).

- (c) Hollow low speed shaft **with keyway** (on request, see ch. 12).

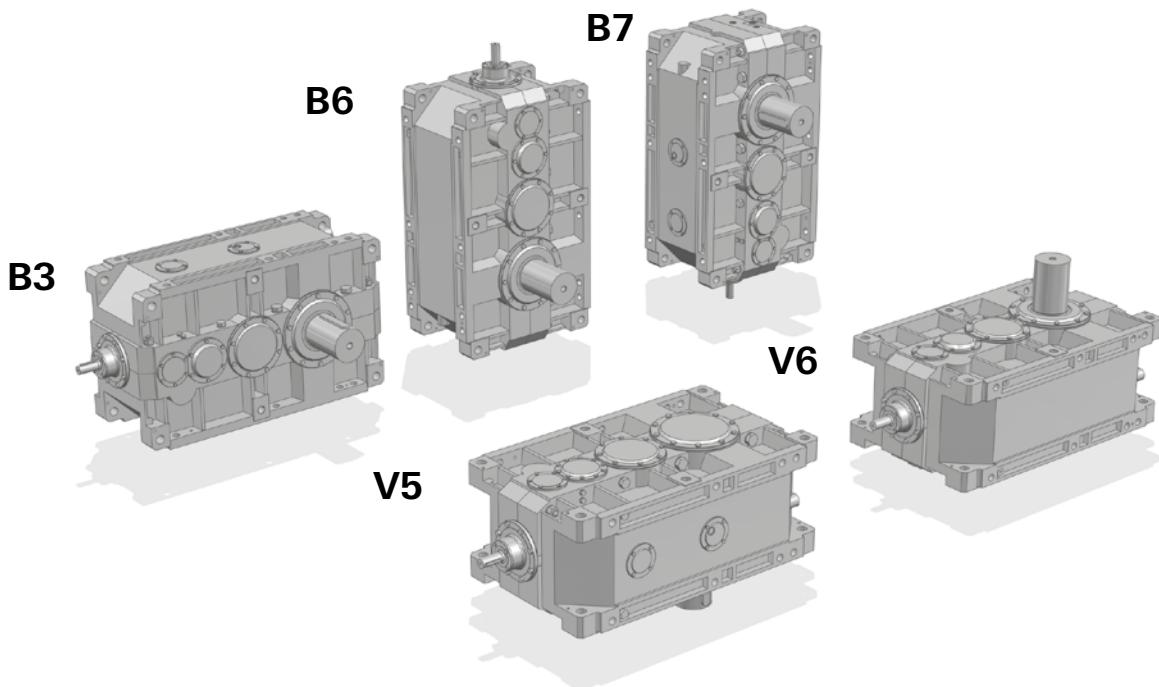
1) The housing of designs U01A ... U01N sin is not prearranged for other designs (U01H ... U01L sin).

2) For U01A, U01H, U01V designs and derivatives it is recommended to adopt the black arrow direction of rotation; for U01A sin, U01H sin, U01V sin designs and derivatives, the white arrow direction of rotation. If it is not possible, consult us.

10.3 - Gear reducers R C3I

Mounting positions

Except specific needs, prefer mounting position B3 (see ch. 2).



10

⚠ Possible high oil splash: for the corrective factor f_{t_3} of nominal thermal power P_{t_N} see ch. 4.

⚠ Possible bearing lubrication pump: consult us for verification.

1) Mounting position **B3** may be identified from the position of the screw-heads as arrowed. The same is valid for mounting positions V5 and V6 with double extension or hollow low speed shaft: in these cases, consider the **position of low speed wheel**, for the identification of correct mounting position (see also «Designs» at the previous page).

* Valid in case of **hollow low speed shaft** (with shrink disc or keyway).

▼ Oil filler plug

● Oil level plug

■ Oil drain plug

▼ Oil filler plug on opposite side (not in view)

■ Oil level plug on opposite side (not in view)

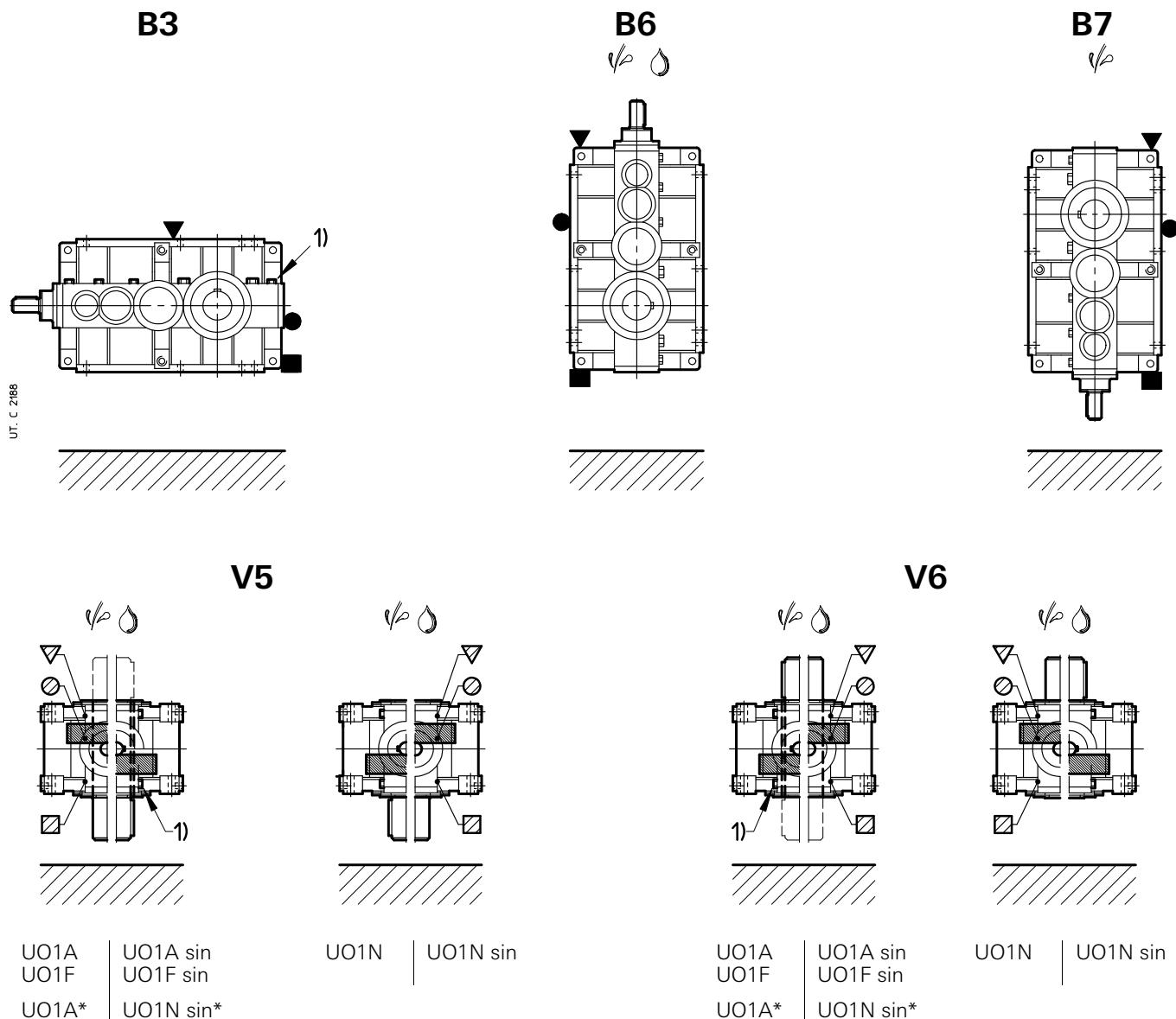
○ Oil drain plug on opposite side (not in view)

10 - Dimensions, designs, mounting positions (bevel helical gear reducers)

10.3 - Gear reducers R C3I

Lubrication - Plug position and oil quantity

Oil quantity are approximate for provisioning and can vary according to the design and specific application. The exact quantity the gear reducer is to be filled with is definitely given by the level.



Size	Oil quantity [l]				
	B3	B6	B7	V5, V6	
				with low speed shaft on bottom	
4000, 4001	150	280	224	250	265
4500, 4501	150	280	224	250	265
5000, 5001	300	560	450	500	530
5600, 5601	300	560	450	500	530
6300, 6301	425	850	630	710	750
7001	710	1320	1000	1060	1120
8001	1120	2240	1700	1800	1900

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10

11 - Radial loads

11.1 - Radial loads F_{r1} [kN]	86
V-belt drives	87
11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end.....	88
Axial loads F_{a2}	88
Radial loads F_{r2}	88

11.1 - Radial loads F_{r1} [kN] on high speed shaft

Radial loads generated on the shaft end by a drive connecting gear reducer and motor must be less than or equal to those given in the relevant table.

n_1 min^{-1}	F_{r1} [kN]																
	4000 ... 4501			5000 ... 5601			6300 ... 6301				7101			8001			
	2I C1	3I C2I	4I C3I	2I	3I C2I	4I C3I	2I	3I	4I	C2I	C3I	2I	3I C2I	4I C3I	2I	3I C2I	4I C3I
1 800	20	12,5	5	31,5	20	8	40	25	10	20	8	63	40	12,5	80	50	20
1 500	21,2	13,2	5,3	33,5	21,2	8,5	42,5	26,5	10,6	21,2	8,5	67	42,5	13,2	85	53	21,2
1 200	22,4	14	5,6	35,5	22,4	9	45	28	11,2	22,4	9	71	45	14	90	56	22,4
1 000	23,6	15	6	37,5	23,6	9,5	47,5	30	11,8	23,6	9,5	75	47,5	15	95	60	23,6
710	26,5	17	6,7	42,5	26,5	10,6	53	33,5	13,2	26,5	10,6	85	53	17	106	67	26,5
560	28	18	7,1	45	28	11,2	56	35,5	14	28	11,2	90	56	18	112	71	28
450	30	19	7,5	47,5	30	11,8	60	37,5	15	30	11,8	95	60	19	118	75	30
355	33,5	21,2	8,5	53	33,5	13,2	67	42,5	17	33,5	13,2	106	67	21,2	132	85	33,5
$F_{r1\max}$	33,5	21,2	8,5	53	33,5	13,2	67	42,5	17	33,5	13,2	106	67	21,2	132	85	33,5

The radial load F_{r1} given by the following formula refers to most common drives:

$$F_{r1} = \frac{28,65 \cdot P_1}{d \cdot n_1} \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{for timing belt drive}$$

$$F_{r1} = \frac{47,75 \cdot P_1}{d \cdot n_1} \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{for V-belt drive}$$

where:

P_1 [kW] is the power required at the input side of gear reducer;

n_1 [min^{-1}] is the angular velocity of gear reducer

d [m] is the pitch diameter of pulley keyed on gear reducer high speed shaft

Radial loads given in the table are valid for overhung loads on centre line of high speed shaft end, i.e. operating at a distance of $0,5 \cdot e$ (e = shaft end length) from the shoulder. If radial loads are in a different position, i.e. at a distance differing from $0,5 \cdot e$ from shoulder, multiply the admissible radial load value by 1,25 (without exceeding the maximum value $F_{r1\max}$ stated in the table) if acting at $0,315 \cdot e$, by 0,8 if acting at $0,8 \cdot e$.

It is always advisable **to mount the pulley against the shaft shoulder** and in any case to avoid that the pulley exceeds the shaft end.

An **axial load** of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load.

In absence of the radial load, an axial load may be acting on center line, not higher than 0,5 times the stated radial load.

IMPORTANT: tabulated values for radial load F_{r1} can increase considerably in certain instances (direction of rotation, angular position of load, etc.). If necessary and/or in presence of **misaligned** axial loads, consult us.

11.1 - Radial loads F_{r1} [kN] on high speed shaft end

V-belt drives

See the table for the driving pulleys advised for the various powers and motor polarities and the radial loads resulting on motor and gear reducer shaft ends.

The transmissions have been calculated with a service factor $\geq 1,4$; replace section SPA with SPB, section SPB with SPC, section SPC with 8V.in order to increase the service factor with the same d and belt number.

The radial loads have been calculated according to the formula: $(47\ 750 \cdot P_1) / (d \cdot n_1)$.

The radial load F_{r1} , referring to the selected motor pulley, must be lower than or equal to the one admitted by gear reducer.

IMPORTANT. For the good running of drive and in order not to overload motor and gear reducer bearings, reduce the overhung to a minimum and do not stress belts excessively. Pulleys with $d \geq 400$ must be dynamically balanced.

P₁ Size pole number kW	Motor	Driving pulley: belt number and section, pitch diameter d [mm]								Radial load F _{r1} [N]				
		d	F_{r1} ≈	d	F_{r1} ≈	d	F_{r1} ≈	d	F_{r1} ≈	d	F_{r1} ≈	d	F_{r1} ≈	
1,1 80B 90S 90L	2 Z 71	265	2 Z 80	236	2 Z 90	212	1 Z 100	190	1 Z 112	170	1 A 125	300	1 A 140	265
	2 A 90	425	2 A 100	375	2 A 112	335	2 A 125	475	1 A 140	425	2 A 125	400	1 A 140	355
	2 A 90	670	2 A 100	600	2 A 112	530	2 A 125	475	1 A 140	425	2 A 125	630	2 A 140	560
1,5 90S 90L 100LA	2 A 90	280	2 A 100	250	1 A 112	224	1 A 125	200	1 A 140	180	2 A 125	450	1 A 140	355
	2 A 90	560	2 A 100	500	2 A 112	450	2 A 125	600	2 A 140	530	2 A 125	600	2 A 140	530
	3 A 90	900	3 A 100	800	2 A 112	710	2 A 125	750	2 A 140	670	2 A 125	850	2 A 180	670
2,2 90LA 100LA 112M	2 A 90	425	2 A 100	375	2 A 112	335	2 A 125	300	1 A 140	265	2 A 125	400	2 A 140	355
	3 A 90	850	3 A 100	750	3 A 112	670	2 A 125	600	2 A 140	530	2 A 125	600	2 A 140	530
	3 A 112	1060	3 A 125	950	3 A 140	850	2 A 160	750	2 A 180	670	2 A 160	850	2 A 180	670
3 100LA 100LB 132S	3 A 90	560	3 A 100	500	2 A 112	450	2 A 125	400	2 A 140	355	2 A 160	630	2 A 180	560
	3 A 112	900	3 A 125	800	2 A 140	710	2 A 160	630	2 A 180	560	2 A 160	800	2 A 180	1000
	3 SPA 100	1600	3 SPA 112	1400	2 SPA 125	1250	2 SPA 140	1120	2 SPA 160	1060	2 SPA 180	1180	2 SPA 180	1180
4 112M 112M 132M	3 A 100	670	3 A 112	600	2 A 125	530	2 A 140	475	2 A 160	425	2 A 180	750	2 A 200	670
	3 A 125	1060	3 A 140	950	3 A 160	850	2 A 180	750	2 A 200	670	2 A 200	1320	2 SPA 180	1180
	3 SPA 112	1900	3 SPA 125	1700	2 SPA 140	1500	2 SPA 160	1320	2 SPA 180	1060	2 SPA 200	1500	2 SPA 224	1320
5,5 132S 132S 132MB	3 SPA 100	950	3 SPA 112	850	2 SPA 125	750	2 SPA 140	670	2 SPA 160	600	2 SPA 180	1180	2 SPA 200	1060
	3 SPA 112	1700	3 SPA 125	1500	2 SPA 140	1320	2 SPA 160	1180	2 SPA 180	1060	2 SPA 200	1500	2 SPA 224	1320
	3 SPA 140	2120	3 SPA 160	1900	2 SPA 180	1700	2 SPA 200	1500	2 SPA 224	1320	2 SPA 244	1800	2 SPA 250	1600
7,5 (9,2) 132SB (SC) 132M (MB) 160M	3 SPA 112	1120	3 SPA 125	1000	2 SPA 140	900	2 SPA 160	800	2 SPA 180	710	2 SPA 180	1400	2 SPA 200	1250
	3 SPA 125 ¹⁾	2000	3 SPA 140	1800	2 SPA 160	1600	2 SPA 180	1400	2 SPA 200	1250	2 SPA 224	1800	2 SPA 250	1600
	3 SPA 160	2500	3 SPA 180	2240	3 SPA 200	2000	2 SPA 224	1800	2 SPA 244	1600	2 SPA 264	2000	2 SPA 280	1800
11 160MR 160M 160L	3 SPA 125	1500	3 SPA 140	1320	2 SPA 160	1180	2 SPA 180	1060	2 SPA 200	950	2 SPA 224	1700	2 SPA 250	1500
	3 SPA 160	2360	3 SPA 180	2120	3 SPA 200	1900	2 SPA 224	1700	2 SPA 240	1500	2 SPA 264	2120	2 SPA 315	1900
	3 SPA 200	3000	3 SPA 224	2650	3 SPA 250	2360	2 SPA 280	2120	2 SPA 315	1900	2 SPA 335	2550	2 SPA 355	2360
15 160M 160L 180L	3 SPA 140	1800	3 SPA 160	1600	3 SPA 180	1400	2 SPA 200	1250	2 SPA 224	1120	3 SPA 250	2000	2 SPA 280	1800
	3 SPA 180	2800	3 SPA 200	2500	3 SPA 224	2240	3 SPA 280	2000	3 SPA 315	2550	3 SPA 280	2800	3 SPA 315	2500
	4 SPA 200	4000	4 SPA 224	3550	4 SPA 250	3150	4 SPA 315	2800	4 SPA 355	3150	4 SPA 380	3550	4 SPA 415	3150
18,5 160L 180M 200LR	3 SPA 160	2000	3 SPA 180	1800	3 SPA 200	1600	3 SPA 224	1400	3 SPA 250	1250	3 SPA 280	2240	3 SPA 315	3150
	4 SPA 180	3550	4 SPA 200	3150	4 SPA 224	2800	3 SPA 280	2500	3 SPA 315	2240	3 SPA 340	2550	3 SPA 370	2240
	4 SPB 200	5000	4 SPB 224	4500	3 SPB 250	4000	3 SPB 315	3550	3 SPB 355	3150	3 SPB 380	3550	3 SPB 415	3150
22 180L 200L	4 SPA 200	3750	4 SPA 224	3550	4 SPA 250	3000	3 SPA 280	2650	3 SPA 315	3150	3 SPB 280	3750	3 SPB 315	3550
	4 SPA 224	5300	4 SPA 250	4750	3 SPB 280	4250	3 SPB 315	3750	3 SPB 355	3550	3 SPB 380	4000	3 SPB 415	3550
	4 SPB 224	4500	4 SPB 250	4000	3 SPB 280	3550	3 SPB 315	3150	3 SPB 355	3150	3 SPB 380	4000	3 SPB 415	3550
30 200L 225M	4 SPB 224	4500	4 SPB 250	4000	3 SPB 280	3550	3 SPB 315	3150	3 SPB 355	3150	3 SPB 380	4500	3 SPB 415	4000
	5 SPB 250	6300	5 SPB 280	5600	4 SPB 315	5000	4 SPB 355	4500	4 SPB 380	4000	4 SPB 415	5000	4 SPB 440	4000
	5 SPB 280	8000	6 SPB 315	7100	5 SPB 355	6300	5 SPB 380	5600	5 SPB 415	5000	5 SPB 440	5500	5 SPB 475	5000
37 225S 250M	5 SPB 224	5600	5 SPB 250	5000	4 SPB 280	4500	4 SPB 315	4000	4 SPB 355	3550	4 SPB 380	4500	4 SPB 415	3550
	6 SPB 250	8000	6 SPB 280	7100	5 SPB 315	6300	5 SPB 355	5600	5 SPB 380	5000	5 SPB 415	5500	5 SPB 440	5000
	5 SPB 280	11000	5 SPB 315	10000	4 SPB 355	8800	4 SPB 400	8800	4 SPB 440	8800	4 SPB 475	8800	4 SPB 510	8800
45 225M	5 SPB 250	6000	5 SPB 280	5300	4 SPB 315	4750	4 SPB 355	4250	4 SPB 400	4000	4 SPB 440	4000	4 SPB 475	4000
	6 SPB 250	7500	6 SPB 280	6700	5 SPB 315	6000	5 SPB 355	5300	5 SPB 400	4750	5 SPB 440	5000	5 SPB 475	4750
	6 SPB 280	9000	5 SPB 315	8000	5 SPB 355	7100	5 SPB 400	6400	5 SPB 440	6400	5 SPB 475	6400	5 SPB 510	6400
55 250M	6 SPB 250	11000	5 SPB 315	9000	5 SPC 315	8000	5 SPC 355	7100	5 SPC 400	7100	5 SPC 440	7100	5 SPC 475	7100
	6 SPB 280	12000	5 SPB 315	10600	4 SPC 400	10600	4 SPC 450	10600	4 SPC 400	7100	4 SPC 440	7100	4 SPC 475	7100
	6 SPB 315	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
75 280S	6 SPB 280	11000	5 SPB 315	9000	5 SPB 355	8000	5 SPB 400	7100	5 SPB 440	6400	5 SPB 475	6400	5 SPB 510	6400
	6 SPB 315	12000	5 SPB 355	10600	4 SPC 400	10600	4 SPC 450	10600	4 SPC 400	7100	4 SPC 440	7100	4 SPC 475	7100
	6 SPB 355	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
90 280M	6 SPB 315	11000	5 SPC 315	9000	5 SPC 355	8000	5 SPC 400	7100	5 SPC 440	6400	5 SPC 475	6400	5 SPC 510	6400
	6 SPB 355	12000	5 SPC 355	10600	4 SPC 400	10600	4 SPC 450	10600	4 SPC 400	7100	4 SPC 440	7100	4 SPC 475	7100
	6 SPB 380	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
110 315S	6 SPC 315	11000	5 SPC 355	10000	4 SPC 400	8800	4 SPC 450	8800	4 SPC 400	8800	4 SPC 440	8800	4 SPC 475	8800
	6 SPC 355	12000	5 SPC 400	10600	4 SPC 450	10600	4 SPC 500	10600	4 SPC 400	8800	4 SPC 440	8800	4 SPC 475	8800
	6 SPC 380	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
132 315M	6 SPC 355	12000	5 SPC 400	10600	4 SPC 450	10600	4 SPC 500	10600	4 SPC 400	8800	4 SPC 440	8800	4 SPC 475	8800
	6 SPC 380	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
	6 SPC 415	14000	6 SPC 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000
160 315MC	6 SPC 400	13000	6 SPC 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500	5 8V 450	11500
	6 SPC 435	14000	6 SPC 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000	5 8V 450	13000
	6 SPC 475	15000	6 SPC 450	14000	5 8V 450	14000	5 8V 4							

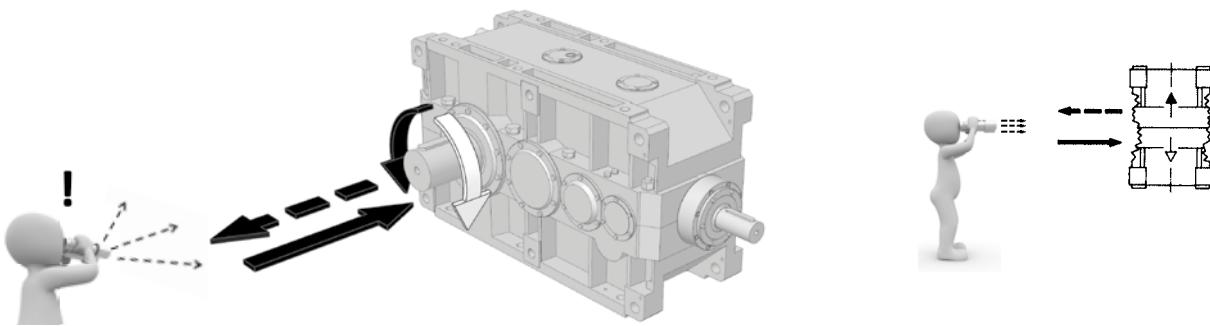
11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Axial loads F_{a2}

Permissible F_{a2} is shown in the column where direction of rotation of low speed shaft (black or white arrow) and direction of the axial force (solid or broken arrow) correspond to those of the gear reducer in question. Direction of rotation and direction of axial force may be established viewing the gear reducer from any point of the two output sides of low speed shaft, providing the same point is adopted for rotation and axial load (see fig. below).

Notes:

- white and black arrows of present chapter do not refer to the ones stating the correspondence of direction of rotation for the different designs (see ch. 8, 10, 12, 14);
- wherever possible, choose the load conditions corresponding to the column with highest admissible values.
- values stated in the table are valid for the center line axial load; in the event of a misaligned axial load, consult us.



Radial loads F_{r2}

Radial loads generated on the shaft end by a drive connecting gear reducer and motor must be less than or equal to those given in the relevant tables in the following pages.

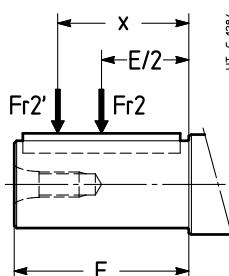
Normally, radial loads on low speed shaft ends are considerable: in fact there is a tendency to connect the gear reducer to the machine by means of a transmission with high transmission ratio (economizing on the gear reducer) and with small diameters (economizing on the drive, and for requirements dictated by overall dimensions). Bearing life and wear (which also affect gears unfavorably) and low speed shaft strength, clearly impose limits on permissible radial load.

Permissible radial loads given in the tables are therefore based on: the low speed shaft side where radial load is applied according to the design (see ch. 8 and 10), the product of speed n_2 [min^{-1}] for the bearing duration L_h [h] required, the direction of rotation, the angular position φ [$^\circ$] the load and torque M_2 [kN m] required.

Permissible radial loads given in the tables are valid for overhung loads on center line of high speed shaft end, i.e. operating at a distance of $0.5 \cdot E$ (E = shaft end length) from the shoulder. If radial loads are in a different position, i.e. at a distance differing from $0.5 E$ from shoulder, re-calculate the permissible value of radial load according to the following formula, trying not to exceed the maximum value $F_{r2\max}$, stated in the tables:

For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

$$F'_{r2} = F_{r2} \cdot \frac{E/2 + y}{x + y} \quad [\text{kN}]$$



where:

- F'_{r2} [N] is the permissible radial load acting at the distance x from shaft shoulder;
- F_{r2} [N] is the permissible radial load acting on center line of high speed shaft end (see table on next page);
- E [mm] is the shaft end length (see ch. 7, 9);
- y [mm] is given in the table;
- x [mm] is the distance between the shaft shoulder and the load application point.

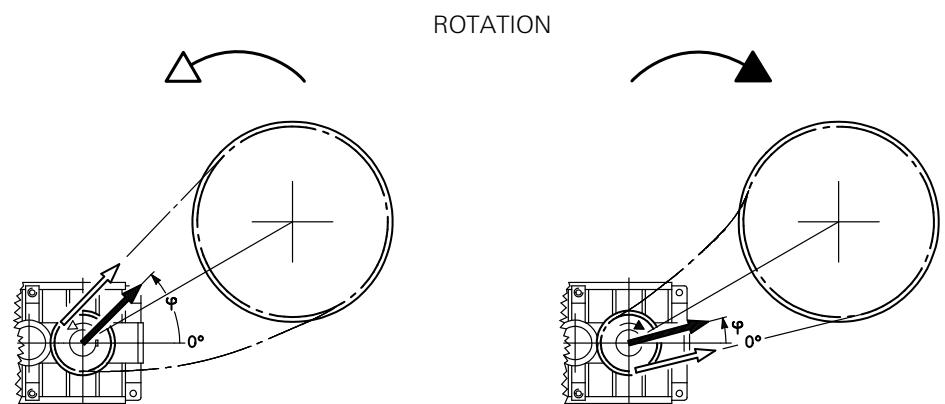
	Gear reducer size											
	4000	4001	4500	4501	5000	5001	5600	5601	6300	6301	7101	8001
y	561	554	612	594	700	694	765	742	823	823	1010	1142

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load F_{r2} for most common drives has the following value and angular position:

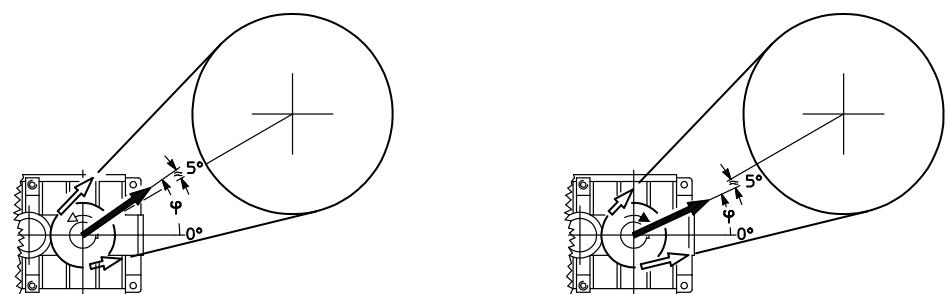
$$F_{r2} = \frac{19,1 \cdot P_2}{d \cdot n_2} \text{ [kN]}$$

for chain drive (lifting in general);
for chain drive replace
19,1 with 28,65



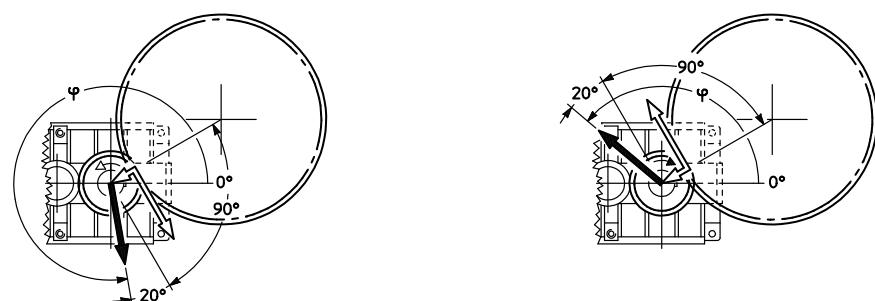
$$F_{r2} = \frac{47,75 \cdot P_2}{d \cdot n_2} \text{ [kN]}$$

for V-belt drive



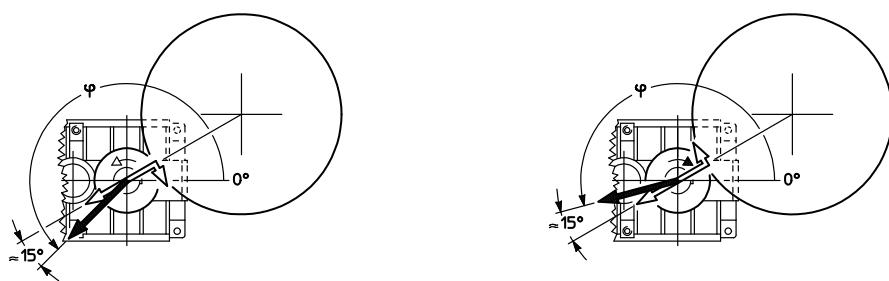
$$F_{r2} = \frac{20,32 \cdot P_2}{d \cdot n_2} \text{ [kN]}$$

for spur gear pair drive



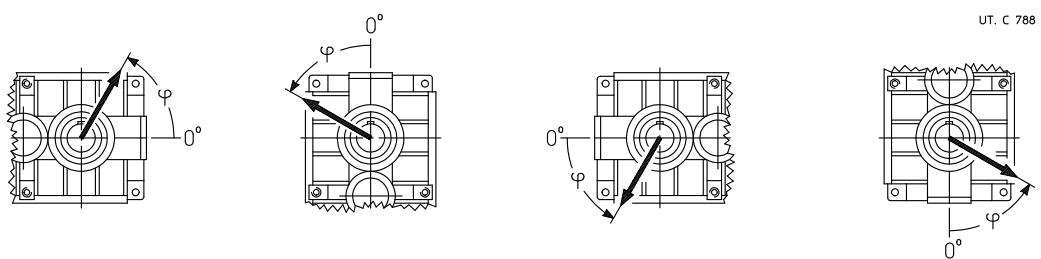
$$F_{r2} = \frac{67,81 \cdot P_2}{d \cdot n_2} \text{ [kN]}$$

for friction wheel drive (rubber-on-metal)



where: P_2 [kW] is power required at the output side of the gear reducer, n_2 [min^{-1}] is the speed, d [m] is the pitch diameter.

IMPORTANT: 0° coincides with a straight line concurrent with the axis of the last reduction and orientated as shown above, and therefore it follows the rotation of the housing, as shown below.



11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end**³⁾

size **4000**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$								$F_{a2}^{1)}$								
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	
min ⁻¹ ·h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	
355 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	150	160	200	200	200	200	200	
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	
450 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	150	125	140	180	200	200	200	200	
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	190	200	200	200	200	200	
560 000	80	200	200	170	150	200	200	200	200	125	106	118	160	200	200	200	170	
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	160	170	200	200	200	200	200	
710 000	80	200	200	106	95	150	200	200	200	106	90	100	140	200	200	200	150	
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	160	140	150	180	200	200	200	190	
900 000	80	200	95	40	35,5	60	200	190	200	85	67	75	118	180	200	190	132	
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	140	125	132	160	200	200	200	170	
	40	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	160	170	190	200	200	200	200	
1 120 000	56	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	200	125	106	118	150	190	200	200	160	
	40	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	150	140	150	170	200	200	200	180	
1 400 000	56	200	200	170	160	200	180	180	190	106	95	100	132	170	200	180	140	
	40	200	200	200	200	190	190	190	200	140	125	132	160	190	200	190	160	
1 800 000	56	200	200	118	112	160	170	160	170	90	75	85	112	160	180	170	125	
	40	200	200	200	200	180	170	180	180	125	112	118	140	170	190	180	150	
2 240 000	56	190	150	80	75	112	150	150	160	75	63	71	100	140	170	150	112	
	40	190	200	200	200	180	160	160	170	112	100	106	125	160	170	160	132	
2 800 000	40	170	200	180	170	170	150	150	150	100	90	95	118	140	160	150	125	
	28	180	190	200	190	170	160	150	160	125	112	118	132	150	170	160	140	
3 550 000	40	160	180	150	140	160	140	132	140	85	75	80	100	132	150	140	112	
	28	160	180	180	180	160	150	140	150	112	100	106	125	140	150	150	125	
4 500 000	40	150	170	112	106	150	132	125	132	75	63	71	90	118	140	125	100	
	28	150	170	170	160	150	140	132	140	100	90	95	112	132	140	132	118	
max 200																	max 40	max 80

11

size **4001**

355 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
450 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
560 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
710 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	170	180	200	200	200	200	40	80	
900 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	140	150	200	200	200	200	37,5	80	
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
1 120 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	190	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80	
1 400 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	160	170	200	200	200	200	40	80	
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	160	170	200	200	200	200	40	80	
1 800 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	140	150	180	200	200	200	40	80	
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	140	150	180	200	200	200	40	80	
2 240 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	118	132	170	200	200	200	180	35,5	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	160	170	190	200	200	200	180	40	80
2 800 000	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	160	140	150	180	200	200	200	190	40	80
	33,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	160	170	180	200	200	200	200	190	40	80
3 550 000	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	190	180	190	140	125	132	160	200	200	200	170	40	80
	33,5	200	200	200	200	200	190	180	190	140	125	132	160	200	200	200	170	40	80
4 500 000	47,5	200	200	200	200	180	170	180	180	125	112	118	140	180	200	190	160	35,5	80
	33,5	200	200	200	200	190	180	190	190	150	140	140	160	190	200	200	170	40	80
max 200																	max 40	max 80	

1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,9 \cdot F_{r2\max}$.

3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **4000**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{(1)2)}$												$F_{a2}^{(1)}$					
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	31,5	80
min ⁻¹ , h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	31,5	80
355 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	125	95	100	150	200	200	200	200	31,5	80
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	160	170	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
450 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	100	71	75	125	200	200	200	190	25	80
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	140	150	190	200	200	200	200	40	80
560 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	180	75	53	56	100	200	200	200	160	18	80
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	150	125	132	170	200	200	200	200	40	80
710 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	180	150	160	50	33,5	35,5	71	190	200	200	132	12,5	80
	56	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	132	106	112	150	200	200	200	190	33,5	80
900 000	80	200	200	200	200	200	160	132	140	—	—	—	33,5	160	200	200	95	10	80
	56	200	200	200	200	200	190	170	180	112	85	90	132	200	200	200	170	28	80
	40	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	150	132	140	170	200	200	200	200	40	80
1 120 000	56	200	200	200	200	200	170	150	160	90	67	75	112	190	200	200	150	23,6	80
	40	200	200	200	200	200	190	170	180	140	118	118	150	200	200	200	180	37,5	80
1 400 000	56	190	200	200	200	200	160	140	150	75	53	56	90	170	200	200	140	18	80
	40	200	200	200	200	200	180	160	170	125	100	106	140	190	200	200	170	33,5	80
1 800 000	56	170	200	200	200	200	140	118	132	56	37,5	42,5	71	150	200	200	118	13,2	80
	40	180	200	200	200	200	160	140	150	106	85	90	118	170	200	200	150	28	75
2 240 000	56	160	200	200	190	180	132	106	118	37,5	—	—	53	132	200	190	100	10	75
	40	170	200	200	200	190	150	132	140	90	71	75	106	160	200	190	140	23,6	71
2 800 000	40	160	200	200	200	170	132	118	125	75	60	63	90	140	190	180	125	20	67
	28	160	200	200	200	180	150	132	140	112	95	100	125	160	180	180	140	31,5	63
3 550 000	40	140	190	200	200	160	125	106	112	63	47,5	50	75	132	180	160	112	16	63
	28	150	180	200	190	160	140	125	132	100	80	85	112	140	170	160	132	26,5	60
4 500 000	40	132	180	200	190	150	112	95	100	50	37,5	40	63	118	160	150	95	12,5	60
	28	140	170	190	180	150	125	112	118	85	71	75	95	132	160	150	118	23,6	56
max 200																		max 40	max 80

11

size **4001**

355 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	190	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
450 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	150	160	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
560 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	125	132	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
710 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	140	100	106	170	200	200	200	200	40	80
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	180	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
900 000	95	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	106	75	80	132	200	200	200	200	33,5	80
	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	150	160	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
1 120 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	160	132	140	190	200	200	200	200	40	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	190	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
1 400 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	200	140	112	118	170	200	200	200	200	40	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	160	170	200	200	200	200	200	40	80
1 800 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	180	118	90	95	140	200	200	200	200	37,5	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	140	150	190	200	200	200	200	40	80
2 240 000	67	200	200	200	200	200	180	150	170	100	71	75	118	200	200	200	180	30	80
	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	180	190	150	125	132	170	200	200	200	200	40	80
2 800 000	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	180	132	106	112	150	200	200	200	200	40	80
	33,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	150	150	180	200	200	200	200	40	80
3 550 000	47,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	170	150	118	90	95	132	200	200	200	170	37,5	80
	33,5	200	200	200	200	200	200	190	170	150	132	132	160	200	200	200	190	40	80
4 500 000	47,5	180	200	200	200	200	160	132	140	100	75	80	118	180	200	200	160	31,5	80
	33,5	190	200	200	200	200	170	160	160	132	118	118	150	190	200	200	180	40	80
max 200																		max 40	max 80

- 1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.
- 2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,9 \cdot F_{r2\max}$.
- 3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **4500**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$								$F_{a2}^{1)}$							
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
min ⁻¹ ·h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
355 000	112	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	190	160	180	236	250	250	250	250
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	236	250	250	250	250	250
450 000	112	250	250	250	236	250	250	250	250	160	140	150	200	250	250	250	224
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	200	212	250	250	250	250	250
560 000	112	250	250	190	170	250	250	250	250	140	112	125	180	250	250	250	200
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	180	190	236	250	250	250	250
710 000	112	250	224	112	100	150	250	236	250	112	90	100	150	236	250	250	180
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	180	160	170	212	250	250	250	224
900 000	112	250	—	—	—	—	236	212	236	80	60	67	118	200	250	236	140
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	150	132	140	190	250	250	250	250
	56	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	180	190	224	250	250	250	236
1 120 000	80	250	250	236	224	250	236	224	236	132	118	125	160	224	250	236	180
	56	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	250	180	160	170	200	236	250	250	212
1 400 000	80	250	250	180	170	236	212	200	212	118	95	106	140	200	236	224	160
	56	250	250	250	250	250	224	224	236	160	150	150	180	224	250	236	200
1 800 000	80	236	224	125	112	160	200	180	200	95	80	85	125	190	224	200	140
	56	236	250	250	250	236	212	200	212	140	125	132	160	200	224	212	180
2 240 000	80	224	150	75	67	106	180	170	180	75	63	71	106	170	212	190	125
	56	224	250	250	250	224	200	190	200	125	112	118	150	190	212	200	160
2 800 000	56	212	236	224	200	200	180	170	180	112	95	106	132	170	200	190	140
	40	212	236	236	224	212	190	180	190	140	132	140	160	190	200	190	170
3 550 000	56	190	224	170	160	190	170	160	170	95	80	90	118	160	180	170	132
	40	200	212	224	212	190	170	170	180	125	118	118	140	170	190	180	150
4 500 000	56	180	212	132	118	170	150	140	150	80	71	75	106	140	170	160	118
	40	180	200	212	200	180	160	150	160	112	100	106	132	160	170	160	140

max **250**

max **50** max **100**

11

size **4501**

355 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
450 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
560 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
710 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	250	250	250	250	250	50
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
900 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	200	212	250	250	250	250	50
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
1 120 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	250	250	250	250	250	50
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
1 400 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	212	224	250	250	250	250	50
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50
1 800 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	180	190	250	250	250	250	50
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	236	250	250	250	250	50
2 240 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	180	160	170	224	250	250	250	50
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	212	224	250	250	250	250	50
2 800 000	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	190	200	236	250	250	250	50
	47,5	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	224	236	250	250	250	250	50
3 550 000	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	190	170	180	212	250	250	250	50
	47,5	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	200	212	236	250	250	250	50
4 500 000	67	250	250	250	250	236	224	236	200	170	150	160	190	250	250	250	50
	47,5	250	250	250	250	236	236	250	200	180	190	212	250	250	250	224	50

max **250**

max **50** max **100**

1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$

3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **4500**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$ min ⁻¹ ,h	M_2 kN m	$F_{r2}^{(1)2)}$										$F_{a2}^{(1)}$					
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
355 000	112	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	140	106	118	180	250	250	250	37,5
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	190	200	250	250	250	250	50
450 000	112	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	250	112	80	90	140	250	250	250	28
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	160	170	224	250	250	250	50
560 000	112	250	250	250	250	250	236	200	224	85	56	63	112	250	250	250	20
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	170	140	150	200	250	250	250	45
710 000	112	250	250	250	250	250	212	180	200	53	—	—	75	224	250	250	12,5
	80	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	236	150	118	125	170	250	250	224	37,5
900 000	112	250	250	250	180	224	190	160	180	—	—	—	—	170	250	250	10
	80	250	250	250	250	250	224	200	212	125	95	100	150	236	250	250	31,5
	56	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	236	180	150	160	200	250	250	236	50
1 120 000	80	250	250	250	250	250	212	180	190	100	75	80	125	224	250	250	25
	56	250	250	250	250	250	236	212	226	160	140	140	180	250	250	224	45
1 400 000	80	224	250	250	250	250	190	160	180	80	56	63	100	200	250	250	20
	56	236	250	250	250	250	212	190	200	140	118	125	160	224	250	200	37,5
1 800 000	80	212	250	250	236	236	170	140	160	56	—	42,5	75	180	250	236	13,2
	56	224	250	250	250	236	190	170	180	125	100	106	140	212	250	236	33,5
2 240 000	80	190	250	212	190	212	150	132	140	—	—	—	53	150	250	224	8,5
	56	212	250	250	250	224	180	160	170	106	85	90	125	190	236	224	90
2 800 000	56	190	250	250	250	212	160	140	150	90	71	75	106	170	224	212	23,6
	40	200	236	250	250	212	180	160	170	132	112	118	140	190	224	212	35
3 550 000	56	180	236	250	250	190	150	132	140	75	56	60	90	160	212	200	18
	40	180	224	250	236	200	160	150	160	112	95	100	132	170	212	200	31,5
4 500 000	56	160	212	224	200	180	132	118	125	56	40	45	75	140	200	180	14
	40	170	212	236	224	180	150	132	140	100	80	85	112	160	190	180	26,5
max 250																	
max 50 max 100																	

11

		size 4501																	
355 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100	
450 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100	
560 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	212	250	250	250	250	250	50	100
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100	
710 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	160	180	250	250	250	250	50	100
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100	
900 000	132	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	180	132	140	212	250	250	250	50	100
	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	224	250	250	250	250	50	100
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100
1 120 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	190	200	250	250	250	250	50	100
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	50	100
1 400 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	160	170	236	250	250	250	50	100
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	236	250	250	250	250	50	100
1 800 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	170	132	140	200	250	250	250	50	100
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	200	212	250	250	250	250	50	100
2 240 000	95	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	150	112	118	180	250	250	250	47,5	100
	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	212	180	190	236	250	250	250	50	100
2 800 000	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	190	160	160	212	250	250	250	50	100
	47,5	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	224	200	212	250	250	250	250	50	100
3 550 000	67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	160	132	140	190	250	250	250	50	100
	47,5	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	236	200	180	224	250	250	250	50	100
4 500 000	67	250	250	250	250	250	212	190	200	140	112	125	170	250	250	250	212	47,5	100
	47,5	250	250	250	250	250	224	212	224	180	160	170	200	250	250	250	236	50	100
max 50 max 100																			

1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$

3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **5000**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$								$F_{a2}^{1)}$							
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
min ⁻¹ ·h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
355 000	160	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	250	212	236	300	315	315	315	315
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	300	315	315	315	315	315	315
450 000	160	315	315	280	265	315	315	315	315	212	180	200	265	315	315	315	280
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	280	265	280	315	315	315	315	315
560 000	160	315	315	190	180	265	315	315	315	180	150	170	236	315	315	315	250
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	236	250	300	315	315	315	315
710 000	160	315	212	90	80	140	315	315	315	150	125	140	200	300	315	315	224
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	236	212	224	265	315	315	315	280
900 000	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	80	90	150	250	315	280	170
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	200	180	190	236	315	315	315	265
	80	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	250	236	250	280	315	315	315	300
1 120 000	112	315	315	300	280	315	300	280	315	180	150	170	212	280	315	300	236
	80	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	236	212	224	265	300	315	315	265
1 400 000	112	315	315	224	200	280	280	265	280	150	132	140	190	265	300	280	212
	80	315	315	315	315	315	300	280	300	212	190	200	236	280	315	300	250
1 800 000	112	300	265	140	132	200	250	236	265	125	106	118	160	236	280	250	180
	80	315	315	315	315	300	265	265	280	180	160	180	212	265	280	265	224
2 240 000	112	280	170	75	67	112	236	224	236	106	90	100	140	212	250	236	160
	80	280	315	315	300	280	250	236	250	160	140	160	190	236	265	250	200
2 800 000	80	265	300	265	250	265	236	224	236	140	125	140	170	224	250	236	180
	56	265	300	300	280	265	236	236	250	180	170	180	200	236	250	236	212
3 550 000	80	250	280	200	190	236	212	200	212	125	106	118	150	200	224	212	160
	56	250	280	280	265	250	224	212	224	160	150	160	180	212	236	224	190
4 500 000	80	236	250	150	132	200	200	190	200	106	90	100	132	180	212	190	140
	56	236	250	265	250	224	212	200	212	150	132	140	170	200	224	212	180
max 315																	max 63 max 125

11

size **5001**

355 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	63
450 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	300	265	280	315	315	315	315	63
560 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	224	250	315	315	315	315	53
710 000	190	315	315	280	265	315	315	315	315	224	190	212	280	315	315	315	40
900 000	190	315	315	170	150	250	315	315	315	190	160	170	250	315	315	315	28
1 120 000	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	250	224	236	300	315	315	315	60
1 400 000	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	300	280	300	315	315	315	315	63
1 800 000	132	315	315	224	212	315	280	265	300	190	160	180	236	315	315	315	63
2 240 000	132	315	315	224	212	315	280	265	300	170	140	150	212	300	315	315	56
2 800 000	95	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	200	180	200	236	300	315	315	45
3 550 000	95	300	315	315	315	300	265	250	265	180	150	160	200	236	224	212	37,5
4 500 000	95	280	315	265	250	280	236	224	236	190	180	190	212	265	200	180	90
max 315																	max 63 max 125

- 1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.
- 2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,9 \cdot F_{r2\max}$.
- 3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **5000**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$ min ⁻¹ ,h	M_2 kN m	$F_{r2}^{(1)2)}$								$F_{a2}^{(1)}$							
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315
355 000	160	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	170	125	132	212	315	315	315	42,5
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	280	236	250	315	315	315	315	63
450 000	160	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	125	90	95	165	315	315	315	265
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	250	200	212	280	315	315	315	315
560 000	160	315	315	315	315	315	300	250	265	90	56	63	125	315	315	315	224
	112	315	315	315	315	315	315	300	315	212	170	180	250	315	315	315	315
710 000	160	315	315	315	315	315	265	224	236	—	—	—	71	265	315	315	170
	112	315	315	315	315	315	280	300	180	180	140	150	212	315	315	315	280
900 000	160	300	315	280	250	315	236	190	212	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	112	315	315	315	315	315	280	250	265	150	118	125	180	315	315	315	250
	80	315	315	315	315	315	280	300	300	224	190	200	250	315	315	315	300
1 120 000	112	315	315	315	315	315	265	224	236	125	90	95	150	280	315	315	224
	80	315	315	315	315	315	280	265	280	200	170	170	224	315	315	315	280
1 400 000	112	280	315	315	315	315	236	200	212	95	67	71	125	250	315	315	200
	80	300	315	315	315	315	265	236	250	180	140	150	200	280	315	315	250
1 800 000	112	265	315	315	315	300	212	180	190	63	—	—	90	224	315	300	160
	80	280	315	315	315	300	236	212	224	150	118	125	170	265	315	315	224
2 240 000	112	236	315	300	265	280	190	160	170	—	—	—	56	190	315	280	132
	80	265	315	315	315	280	224	200	212	132	100	106	150	236	315	280	200
2 800 000	80	236	315	315	315	265	200	180	190	106	80	85	132	224	280	265	180
	56	250	300	315	315	265	224	200	212	160	140	140	180	236	280	280	212
3 550 000	80	224	300	315	315	250	180	160	170	85	63	67	106	200	265	250	160
	56	236	280	315	300	250	200	190	200	140	118	125	160	224	265	250	200
4 500 000	80	200	280	300	280	224	160	140	150	63	—	—	85	180	250	236	140
	56	212	265	300	280	236	190	170	180	125	100	106	140	200	250	236	180

max **315**

max **63** max **125**

11

size **5001**

355 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	200	212	315	315	315	315	63
	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	125
450 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	212	160	170	265	315	315	315	56
	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	280	300	315	315	315	315	125
560 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	170	118	132	212	315	315	315	45
	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	300	250	265	315	315	315	315	63
710 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	300	125	85	90	160	315	315	315	300
	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	212	224	300	315	315	315	315
900 000	190	315	315	315	315	315	300	236	265	80	47,5	53	106	315	315	236	20
	132	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	224	180	190	265	315	315	315	63
1 120 000	132	315	315	315	315	315	280	260	300	190	150	160	224	315	315	315	53
	95	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	265	224	236	300	315	315	315	125
1 400 000	132	315	315	315	315	315	300	250	265	160	118	125	190	315	315	280	42,5
	95	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	236	200	212	265	315	315	315	63
1 800 000	132	315	315	315	315	315	265	224	236	125	90	95	160	300	315	250	33,5
	95	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	315	212	170	180	236	315	315	315	125
2 240 000	132	280	315	315	315	315	236	200	212	95	63	71	125	280	315	315	212
	95	315	315	315	315	315	280	236	250	180	150	150	212	315	315	315	53
2 800 000	95	300	315	315	315	315	250	224	224	160	125	132	180	280	315	315	250
	67	300	315	315	315	315	280	250	265	212	180	190	236	315	315	315	63
3 550 000	95	265	315	315	315	300	224	190	212	132	100	106	160	265	315	315	224
	67	280	315	315	315	315	250	224	236	190	160	170	212	300	315	315	60
4 500 000	95	250	315	315	315	280	200	170	190	106	80	85	140	236	315	315	200
	67	265	315	315	315	280	236	212	212	170	140	150	190	265	315	300	112

max **315**

max **63** max **125**

2569-01-02

- 1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.
- 2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{i2} to $0,9 \cdot F_{i2\max}$.
- 3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end**³⁾

size 5600

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$										$F_{a2}^{1)}$							
		0°					0°												
min ⁻¹ ,h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	47,5	160
355 000	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	280	236	265	355	400	400	400	375	47,5	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	355	375	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
450 000	224	400	400	355	335	400	400	400	400	236	200	224	300	400	400	400	400	35,5	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	300	315	400	400	400	400	400	75	160
560 000	224	400	400	250	224	335	400	400	400	200	160	180	265	400	400	400	300	23,6	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	300	265	280	355	400	400	400	375	63	160
710 000	224	400	200	80	71	118	400	375	400	140	112	132	200	355	400	375	250	17	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	265	236	250	315	400	400	400	335	53	160
900 000	224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	85	63	75	140	280	375	335	180	—	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	224	200	212	280	375	400	400	300	42,5	160
	112	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	300	280	280	335	400	400	400	355	71	160
1 120 000	160	400	400	335	315	400	355	335	375	200	170	180	250	335	400	375	280	33,5	160
	112	400	400	400	400	400	375	375	375	280	250	265	315	375	400	400	335	63	160
1 400 000	160	400	400	250	236	335	335	315	335	170	140	150	212	315	375	335	236	23,6	160
	112	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	355	250	224	236	280	355	375	355	300	53	150
1 800 000	160	375	300	160	140	212	300	280	315	132	112	125	180	280	335	315	212	15	150
	112	375	400	400	400	375	335	315	335	212	190	200	250	315	355	335	265	45	140
2 240 000	160	335	112	—	—	63	280	265	280	100	75	90	140	250	315	265	170	—	140
	112	355	400	400	375	335	300	280	315	190	170	180	224	280	335	315	250	37,5	132
2 800 000	112	335	375	315	300	315	280	265	280	170	140	160	200	265	315	280	224	31,5	125
	80	335	355	375	355	315	300	280	300	212	200	212	236	280	315	300	250	50	118
3 550 000	112	300	355	250	236	300	250	250	265	140	118	132	180	250	280	265	200	23,6	118
	80	300	335	355	335	300	265	265	280	190	170	180	224	265	280	280	236	45	112
4 500 000	112	280	315	180	170	236	236	224	236	118	100	112	150	224	265	236	170	17	112
	80	280	315	335	315	280	250	236	250	170	150	160	200	236	265	250	212	37,5	106

Max 88

size 5601

355 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
450 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
560 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
710 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	300	315	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
900 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	300	236	265	355	400	400	400	400	400	63	160
	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
1 120 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	315	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
1 400 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	280	300	375	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
1 800 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	280	236	250	335	400	400	400	400	400	67	160
	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
2 240 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	250	200	212	300	400	400	400	400	355	56	160
	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	300	300	355	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
2 800 000	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	300	265	280	335	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
	95	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	315	335	375	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
3 550 000	132	400	400	400	400	400	375	335	355	265	224	236	300	375	400	400	400	335	67	160
	95	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	375	315	280	300	335	400	400	400	400	375	80	160
4 500 000	132	375	400	400	400	400	335	315	335	236	200	212	265	355	400	400	315	60	160	
	95	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	355	280	250	265	315	375	400	400	335	80	160	

1) An axial load of up to 0.2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit E_{r2} to $0.71 \cdot E_{r2\max}$

For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end**³⁾

size **5600**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{(1) 2)}$												$F_{a2}^{(1)}$					
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	47,5	160
min ⁻¹ , h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	47,5	160
355 000	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	212	150	160	265	400	400	400	375	47,5	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	280	300	375	400	400	400	400	80	160
450 000	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	160	112	118	200	400	400	400	315	35,5	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	300	236	250	335	400	400	400	400	75	160
560 000	224	400	400	400	400	400	375	315	355	112	71	80	150	375	400	400	265	23,6	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	250	212	224	300	400	400	400	375	63	160
710 000	224	400	400	400	335	400	335	280	315	—	—	—	67	315	400	400	180	17	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	375	335	375	212	170	180	265	400	400	400	335	53	160
900 000	224	375	400	224	190	250	300	250	280	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	160
	160	400	400	400	400	400	355	315	335	180	132	140	224	375	400	400	300	42,5	160
	112	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	280	236	250	315	400	400	400	375	71	160
1 120 000	160	375	400	400	400	400	315	280	300	140	106	112	180	335	400	400	265	33,5	160
	112	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	335	250	200	212	280	375	400	400	335	63	160
1 400 000	160	355	400	400	400	400	300	250	280	112	75	85	140	300	400	400	224	23,6	160
	112	375	400	400	400	400	335	300	315	212	180	190	250	355	400	400	300	53	150
1 800 000	160	315	400	375	335	355	265	224	236	71	—	—	100	265	400	355	180	15	150
	112	355	400	400	400	375	300	265	280	180	150	160	212	315	400	375	265	45	140
2 240 000	160	300	400	265	236	300	236	200	212	—	—	—	—	212	375	315	118	—	140
	112	315	400	400	400	355	280	250	265	160	125	132	190	280	375	355	250	37,5	132
2 800 000	112	300	375	400	400	315	250	224	236	132	100	106	160	265	355	315	212	31,5	125
	80	315	375	400	375	335	280	250	265	200	170	170	224	280	335	335	265	50	118
3 550 000	112	280	355	400	375	300	224	220	212	106	75	85	132	236	315	300	190	23,6	118
	80	280	355	375	375	315	250	236	236	170	140	150	200	265	315	300	236	45	112
4 500 000	112	250	335	335	300	280	212	180	190	80	—	—	106	212	300	280	160	17	112
	80	265	335	355	335	280	236	212	224	150	125	132	170	250	300	280	212	37,5	106
max 400																		max 80	max 160

11

size **5601**

355 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
450 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	300	315	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
560 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	250	265	375	400	400	400	80	160
710 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	265	190	200	315	400	400	400	400	80	160
900 000	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	212	140	150	250	400	400	400	400	53	160
1 120 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	315	250	265	355	400	400	400	400	80	160
1 400 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	375	315	335	400	400	400	400	400	80	160
1 800 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	355	224	170	170	265	400	400	400	375	60	160
2 240 000	190	400	400	400	400	400	355	300	315	180	132	140	224	400	400	400	335	47,5	160
2 800 000	132	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	300	250	250	335	400	400	400	400	80	160
3 550 000	132	375	400	400	400	400	335	300	315	224	180	190	250	375	400	400	335	63	160
4 500 000	132	355	400	400	400	400	335	300	315	190	150	160	224	355	400	400	315	53	160
max 400																		max 80	max 160

- An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.
- An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$
- For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end**³⁾

size **6300**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$	M_2	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$										$F_{a2}^{1)}$								
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	160	80
min ⁻¹ ·h	kN m	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	160	80
355 000	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
450 000	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
560 000	315	400	400	375	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
710 000	315	400	400	335	300	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
900 000	315	400	375	265	250	300	400	400	400	400	400	335	375	400	400	400	400	160	63	
	224	400	400	375	355	400	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
1 120 000	224	400	400	355	315	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	160	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
1 400 000	224	400	375	300	280	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	160	400	400	375	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
1 800 000	224	400	335	265	250	280	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	71	
	160	400	400	335	315	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
2 240 000	224	400	300	236	212	250	335	400	400	400	400	400	335	355	400	400	400	160	56	
	160	400	355	300	280	315	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
2 800 000	160	400	335	280	265	280	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
	112	400	375	335	315	335	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
3 550 000	160	375	300	236	224	250	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	71	
	112	400	335	300	280	300	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80	
4 500 000	160	335	265	212	200	224	280	355	400	400	400	375	355	400	400	400	335	160	60	
	112	355	315	265	250	280	315	375	400	400	400	375	400	400	400	400	355	160	80	
max 400																		max 160	max 80	

11

size **6301**

355 000	375	400	400	400	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80
450 000	375	400	400	355	335	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80
560 000	375	400	400	315	280	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	375	400	400	400	160	67
710 000	375	400	375	250	224	280	400	400	400	315	200	224	400	400	400	400	400	160	45
900 000	375	400	315	200	180	224	355	400	400	400	112	67	75	200	400	400	400	160	28
1 120 000	265	400	400	335	315	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80
1 400 000	265	400	335	265	236	280	375	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	400	400	400	160	60
1 800 000	265	400	300	212	190	236	335	400	400	400	400	400	355	236	265	400	400	160	45
2 240 000	265	400	265	180	160	200	300	400	400	224	140	160	335	400	400	400	355	160	33,5
2 800 000	190	400	300	236	224	250	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	75
3 550 000	190	400	355	300	300	315	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80
4 500 000	190	355	265	212	190	224	300	375	400	400	400	335	236	250	400	400	335	160	40
	132	355	315	280	265	280	335	400	400	400	375	400	400	400	400	400	335	160	75
max 400																		max 160	max 80

- 1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.
- 2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$
- 3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **6300**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$ min ⁻¹ ,h	M_2 kN m	$F_{r2}^{(1) 2)}$								$F_{a2}^{(1)}$												
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315					
355 000	315	400	400	355	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
450 000	315	400	400	300	280	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
560 000	315	400	355	236	224	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
	224	400	400	400	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
710 000	315	400	300	190	170	236	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	71			
	224	400	400	335	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
900 000	315	400	236	132	125	180	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	400	160	50		
	224	400	400	280	280	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
	160	400	400	400	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
1 120 000	224	400	355	250	236	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
	160	400	400	355	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
1 400 000	224	400	300	212	190	250	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	400	160	75		
	160	400	400	315	300	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80			
1 800 000	224	400	250	160	150	200	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	375	160	60		
	160	400	355	265	265	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	400	160	80		
2 240 000	224	400	212	132	118	170	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	315	280	335	160	47,5	
	160	400	315	236	224	280	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	375	160	80	
2 800 000	160	400	280	200	190	236	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	315	355	160	75	
	112	400	335	280	265	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	355	375	160	80	
3 550 000	160	375	236	170	160	212	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	300	280	315	160	63
	112	400	315	250	236	280	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	315	355	160	80	
4 500 000	160	335	212	140	132	170	280	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	280	250	300	160	53
	112	375	280	224	212	250	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	315	300	315	160	80
max 400																max 160 max 80						

11

size **6301**

355 000	375	400	400	250	236	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
450 000	375	400	315	190	170	250	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	71		
	265	400	400	375	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
560 000	375	400	250	132	125	180	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	53		
	265	400	400	315	300	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
710 000	375	400	170	80	71	112	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	400	160	31,5		
	265	400	375	265	250	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
900 000	375	400	71	—	—	40	250	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	315	375	160	13,2	
	265	400	335	224	200	280	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
	190	400	400	335	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
1 120 000	265	400	280	180	170	224	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	400	160	67		
	190	400	400	300	280	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
1 400 000	265	400	224	140	125	180	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	375	160	53	
	190	400	355	265	250	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	160	80		
1 800 000	265	400	170	95	85	125	300	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	315	280	335	160	35,5	
	190	400	300	224	212	265	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	375	355	400	160	80	
2 240 000	265	355	118	56	53	80	250	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	280	250	300	160	23,6	
	190	400	265	190	180	224	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	315	355	160	71	
2 800 000	190	400	236	150	140	190	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	315	280	335	160	56	
	132	400	315	250	236	280	375	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	335	375	160	80	
3 550 000	190	355	190	125	112	150	280	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	280	250	300	160	45
	132	400	280	212	212	250	355	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	315	300	335	160	80	
4 500 000	190	315	160	90	85	118	250	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	335	250	224	265	160	33,5
	132	355	250	190	180	224	315	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	355	300	280	315	160	71
max 400																max 160 max 80						

1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$

3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **opposite low speed wheel end**³⁾

size **7101**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$ min ⁻¹ ·h	M_2 kN m	$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$								$F_{a2}^{1)}$								$F_{r2}^{1) 2)}$											
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315				
355 000	630	475	500	500	500	500	500	425	400	500	500	500	500	500	450	475	500	200	100										
355 000	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
450 000	630	400	500	500	500	500	500	355	315	500	500	500	500	500	400	250	265	500	200	100									
450 000	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
560 000	630	315	500	500	500	500	450	280	265	500	500	500	500	500	125	71	75	212	200	90									
560 000	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	475	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
710 000	630	250	450	500	500	500	355	224	190	250	112	132	400	—	—	—	—	200	60										
710 000	450	450	500	500	500	500	500	425	375	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
900 000	630	140	315	500	500	500	236	118	100	500	355	425	400	—	—	—	—	200	31,5										
900 000	450	375	500	500	500	500	475	355	335	500	500	500	500	500	450	475	500	200	100										
900 000	315	500	500	500	500	500	500	475	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
1 120 000	450	335	475	500	500	500	425	300	280	500	500	500	500	500	450	300	335	500	200	100									
1 120 000	315	475	500	500	500	500	500	450	425	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
1 400 000	450	280	425	500	500	500	355	224	224	500	500	500	500	500	280	170	180	400	200	85									
1 400 000	315	425	500	500	500	500	475	400	375	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
1 800 000	450	224	355	500	500	500	300	200	170	500	500	475	500	450	45	23,6	26,5	80	200	60									
1 800 000	315	355	475	500	500	500	425	335	315	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
2 240 000	315	315	425	500	500	500	400	300	280	500	500	500	500	500	500	450	475	500	200	100									
2 240 000	224	400	500	500	500	500	450	400	375	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
2 800 000	315	280	375	500	500	475	335	265	236	500	475	450	475	475	335	355	500	190	95										
2 800 000	224	375	450	500	500	500	425	355	335	500	500	475	500	500	500	500	500	200	100										
3 550 000	315	236	335	475	500	425	300	212	200	500	450	400	425	335	224	250	450	180	80										
3 550 000	224	335	400	500	500	475	375	315	300	500	475	450	475	500	500	500	500	200	100										
4 500 000	315	200	300	425	475	400	265	180	160	475	400	375	400	200	125	140	300	160	60										
4 500 000	224	300	375	450	475	425	335	280	265	500	425	400	425	500	500	475	500	200	100										

max **500**

max **200** max **100**

11

size **8001**

355 000	900	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	118	250
355 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
450 000	900	630	630	425	400	630	630	630	630	630	530	425	475	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	75	250
450 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
560 000	900	630	475	190	170	300	630	630	630	630	450	355	400	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	37,5	250
560 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
710 000	900	112	630	—	—	315	63	56	355	265	315	500	630	630	630	630	630	600	—	14		
710 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	530	560	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
900 000	900	630	630	—	—	500	400	335	224	170	200	355	630	630	630	630	630	450	—	67		
900 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	450	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	118	250
900 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 120 000	630	630	530	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	450	375	425	560	630	630	630	630	630	630	90	250
1 120 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	560	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 400 000	630	630	355	315	500	630	630	630	630	630	375	315	355	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	60	250
1 400 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	560	500	530	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 800 000	630	630	355	150	132	236	630	630	630	630	315	250	280	425	630	630	630	630	630	630	28	250
1 800 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	475	425	450	560	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
2 240 000	450	630	630	630	600	630	630	630	630	630	425	375	400	500	630	630	630	630	630	630	106	250
2 240 000	315	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	500	530	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
2 800 000	450	630	630	500	475	630	630	600	630	630	375	315	355	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	85	250
2 800 000	315	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	500	450	475	560	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
3 550 000	450	630	630	355	335																	

11.2 - Axial loads F_{a2} [kN] or radial loads F_{r2} [kN] on low speed shaft end

Radial load on **low speed wheel end³⁾**

size **7101**

$n_2 \cdot L_h$ min ⁻¹ .h	M_2 kN m	$F_{r2}^{(1) 2)}$										$F_{a2}^{(1)}$							
		0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	0	45	90	135	180	225	270	315		
355 000	630	250	500	500	500	500	335	180	170	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	80	
355 000	450	500	500	500	500	500	500	450	425	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
450 000	630	150	500	500	500	500	212	100	90	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	47,5	
450 000	450	450	500	500	500	500	500	375	355	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
560 000	630	47,5	355	500	500	500	80	28	26,5	500	500	450	500	500	500	500	200	17	
560 000	450	400	500	500	500	500	450	315	280	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
710 000	630	—	150	47,5	42,5	95	—	—	—	500	425	400	500	500	500	500	26,5	—	
710 000	450	315	500	500	500	500	375	236	224	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
900 000	630	—	160	160	132	315	—	—	—	500	375	335	425	375	280	315	500	67	—
900 000	450	236	500	500	500	500	300	180	160	500	500	475	500	500	500	500	200	80	
900 000	315	450	500	500	500	500	500	375	355	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
1 120 000	450	170	425	500	500	500	224	125	112	500	450	425	500	500	500	500	200	56	
1 120 000	315	400	500	500	500	500	450	315	315	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	200	100	
1 400 000	450	100	355	500	500	500	150	67	63	500	400	375	450	500	500	500	200	31,5	
1 400 000	315	335	500	500	500	500	400	280	265	500	500	475	500	500	500	500	200	100	
1 800 000	450	17	224	500	500	425	30	10	9	500	355	315	400	500	475	500	500	200	6
1 800 000	315	280	475	500	500	500	335	224	212	500	450	425	475	500	500	500	200	100	
2 240 000	315	224	425	500	500	500	280	180	160	500	400	375	450	500	500	500	200	80	
2 240 000	224	355	500	500	500	500	400	315	300	500	475	450	500	500	500	500	200	100	
2 800 000	315	180	355	500	500	450	224	132	125	475	355	335	400	500	500	500	200	60	
2 800 000	224	315	450	500	500	500	355	265	250	500	425	400	450	500	500	500	200	100	
3 550 000	315	125	315	500	500	400	170	90	85	450	315	300	355	500	500	500	200	42,5	
3 550 000	224	280	400	500	500	475	315	224	212	475	400	375	425	500	500	500	200	100	
4 500 000	315	75	250	500	500	355	112	50	47,5	400	280	265	315	475	425	475	500	190	23,6
4 500 000	224	236	375	500	500	425	265	190	180	450	355	335	375	500	500	500	200	85	

max **500**

max **200** max **100**

355 000	900	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	355	250	265	475	630	630	630	630	125	250
355 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	630	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
450 000	900	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	236	150	160	335	630	630	630	630	125	250
450 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	500	530	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
560 000	900	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	630	112	63	71	170	630	630	630	530	125	250
560 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	425	450	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
710 000	900	630	630	630	630	630	530	560	—	—	—	—	40	20	23,6	118	90	250	
710 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	450	335	355	530	630	630	630	630	125	250
900 000	900	630	630	530	450	600	560	450	500	—	—	—	355	125	150	200	53	250	
900 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	355	250	265	450	630	630	630	630	125	250
900 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	475	500	630	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 120 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	560	600	600	265	180	200	355	630	630	630	600	125	250
1 120 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	425	425	600	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 400 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	500	530	190	118	132	250	630	630	630	500	125	250
1 400 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	450	355	375	530	630	630	630	630	125	250
1 800 000	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	425	475	85	50	56	132	600	630	630	375	90	250
1 800 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	630	560	600	375	280	300	450	630	630	630	600	125	250
2 240 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	560	500	530	315	224	250	375	630	630	630	560	125	250
2 240 000	315	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	600	475	400	425	530	630	630	630	630	125	250
2 800 000	450	630	630	630	630	630	530	450	475	250	180	190	315	600	630	630	475	125	250
2 800 000	315	630	630	630	630	630	630	600	530	425	355	355	475	630	630	630	600	125	250
3 550 000	450	560	630	630	630	630	475	400	425	180	125	132	236	530	630	630	425	106	236
3 550 000	315	630	630	630	630	630	560	475	500	375	300	315	425	630	630	630	530	125	250
4 500 000	450	530	630	630	600	630	425	335	375	118	75	85	170	475	630	630	335	85	212
4 500 000	315	560	630	630	630	630	500	425	475	315	250	265	375	560	630	630	500	125	236

max **630**

max **125** max **250**

1) An axial load of up to 0,2 times the value in the table is permissible, simultaneously with the radial load. If exceeded consult us.

2) An unfavorable direction of load can limit F_{r2} to $0,71 \cdot F_{r2\max}$

3) For radial loads acting simultaneously on both sides of double extension low speed shaft or for hollow low speed shaft, consult us.

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12 - Accessories and non-standard designs

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ATTENTION. The simultaneous presence on the same gear reducer of two or more accessories or non-standard designs is not always possible: consult us for verification.

(1) Hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc

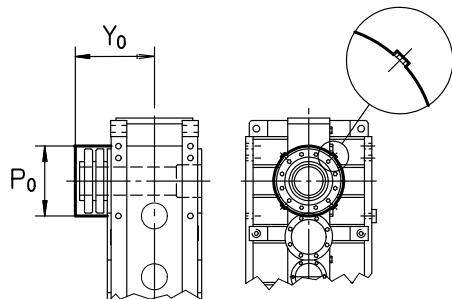
Opposite side to machine

Stepped hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine opposite side; this design **facilitates** installation and removal and **affords a notable increase in rigidity** of keying and resistance to bending and torsional-stresses at the shaft end of driven machine.

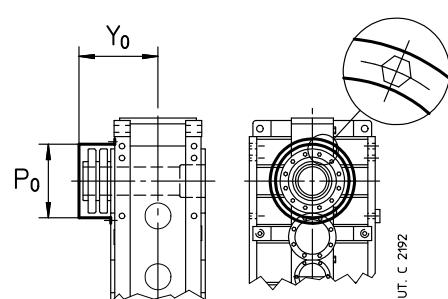
Safety guards made of steel for shrink disc, supplied **as standard**.

IMPORTANT. The shoulder diameter of the driven machine shaft end abutting with the gear reducer must be at least $(1,12 - 1,18) \cdot D$ (with stepped hollow shaft $(1,18 - 1,25) \cdot D$).

Possible gear reducer designs are given at ch. 7 and 9.

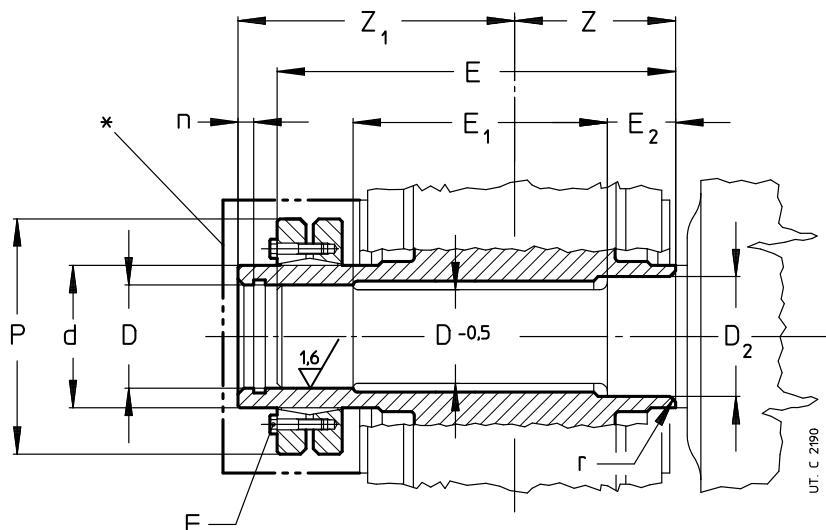


4000 ... 5601
7101, 8001



6300, 6301

Gear reducer size	P_0 \emptyset	Y_0
4000, 4001	449	522
4500, 4501	479	534
5000, 5001	536	635
5600, 5601	608	659
6300, 6301	750	752
7101	850	990
8001	977	1127



Gear reducer size	D \emptyset	D_2^{**} \emptyset	E	E_1	E_2 1)	F 2)	M_s 3) N m	n	d \emptyset	P \emptyset	r	Z	Z_1	M_{2SD} 4) kN m	Δm kg	
4000, 4001	210	220	788	480	165	130	M20 n. 14	490	14	260	430	5	330	497	254	-70
4500, 4501	230	240	799	465	180	130	M20 n. 16	490	14	280	460	5	330	508	327	-140
5000, 5001	260	270	970	600	200	165	M20 n. 20	490	16	320	520	6	410	605	457	-160
5600, 5601	290	300	992	572	225	180	M20 n. 24	490	16	360	590	6	410	627	606	-270
6300, 6301	325	335	1 110	650	250	200	M24 n. 21	840	18	400	660	7	460	700	872	-410
7101	360	370	1 394	782	280	225	M27 n. 28	1 250	20	460	770	7	551	899	1 650	-440
8001	400	410	1 606	886	315	250	M27 n. 34	1 250	20	530	910	8	626	1036	2 120	-360

1) Values valid for R 41.

2) Screws UNI 5737-88 class 10.9

3) Screw tightening torque.

4) Maximum torque value transmissible by shrink disc.

5) In presence of «Labyrinth seal and low speed shaft greaser» (ch. 12.(12)), it is necessary to increase E dimension (E_2) by the A quantity stated in the table at ch. 12.(12).

* Protection for hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc, as standard.

** Each hollow shaft type (standard, stepped, with shrink disc) has a slightly oversized diameter D at the input to facilitate the assembly of gear reducer on machine shaft end: this, however, does not affect the connection reliability.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc, on machine opposite side.**

Side to machine

Stepped hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on **machine side** (interposed between gear reducer and machine); this design **facilitates** installation and removal and **affords** a notable increase in rigidity of keying, **reduces** the deformations of machine shaft end, **avoiding** the necessity of safety guards on the unit itself. Moreover, since deformability of keying area is greater ($d - D_2 < d - D$) and friction area acts on a greater diameter ($D_2 > D$), maximum transmissible torque increases by 18 – 25% compared to the solution with shrink disc on opposite side to machine.

For the shaft end of driven machine on which gear reducer stepped hollow low speed shaft must be keyed, it is possible to adopt both «long» and «short» shaft end of driven machine: dimensions as per table.

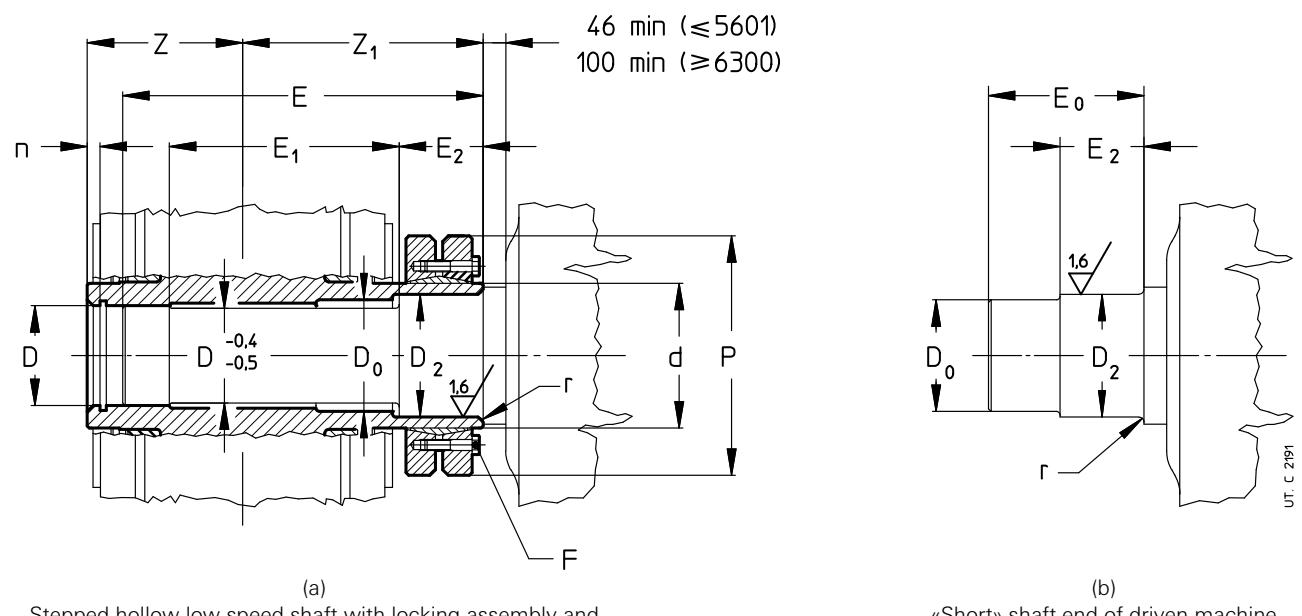
In the first case (fig. a), where the «long» shaft end of driven machine acts as a guide, mounting operations are facilitated.

In the second case (fig. b), the reduced axial dimension of the «short» shaft end of driven machine, limits the mounting and removing overall dimensions at the very least (consult us).

In both cases the rigidity and the resistance to bending and torsional stresses at the shaft and of driven machine do not change, since the only surface through which torque transmission occurs is the D_2 one.

IMPORTANT. The shoulder diameter of the driven machine shaft end abutting with the gear reducer must be at least $(1,18 - 1,25) \cdot D$.

Possible gear reducer designs are given at ch. 8 and 10.



Stepped hollow low speed shaft with locking assembly and «long» machine shaft end

«Short» shaft end of driven machine
(excluding sizes 7101, 8001)

Gear reducer size	D \varnothing	D₂ \varnothing	D₀ \varnothing	E	E₀	E₁	E₂	F 1) 2)	M_s 3) N m	n	d \varnothing	P \varnothing	r	Z	Z₁	M_{2SD} 4) kN m	Δm kg	
4000, 4001	210	220	215	754	307	446	165	130	M20 n. 14	490	14	260	430	5	330	463	285	-80
4500, 4501	230	240	232	768	342	434	180	130	M20 n. 14	490	14	280	460	5	330	477	363	-150
5000, 5001	260	270	265	935	380	565	200	165	M20 n. 16	490	16	320	520	6	410	570	501	-190
5600, 5601	290	300	295	958	428	538	225	180	M20 n. 16	490	16	360	590	6	410	593	658	-300
6300, 6301	325	335	330	1 063	475	603	250	200	M24 n. 18	840	18	400	660	7	460	653	938	-460
7101	360	370	–	1 335	–	774	327	327	M27 n. 28	1 250	20	460	770	7	551	840	1 700	-460
8001	400	410	–	1 548	–	879	400	400	M27 n. 34	1 250	20	530	910	8	626	978	2 160	-400

1) Values valid for **R 41**.

2) Screws UNI 5737-88 class 10.9.

3) Screw tightening torque.

4) Maximum torque value transmissible by shrink disc.

** Each hollow shaft type (standard, stepped, with shrink disc) has a slightly oversized diameter **D** at the input to facilitate the assembly of gear reducer on machine shaft end: this, however, does not affect the connection reliability.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc, on machine side**.

(2) Hollow low speed shaft with keyway (sizes 4000 ... 6301)

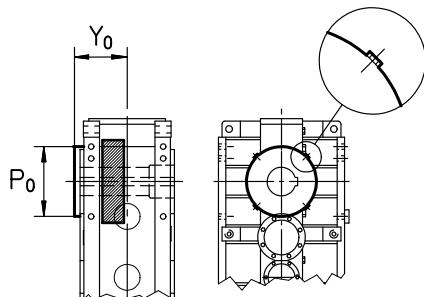
Hollow low speed shaft, normal (fig. a) or stepped (fig. b), with keyway. With required torque higher than table values, two keyways at 120° are necessary.

Safety guards made of steel on the area not used by hollow low speed shaft with keyway, supplied **as standard**. The safety guard is to be mounted on low speed wheel side (wheel opposite side for R 41; see also ch. 8 and 10).

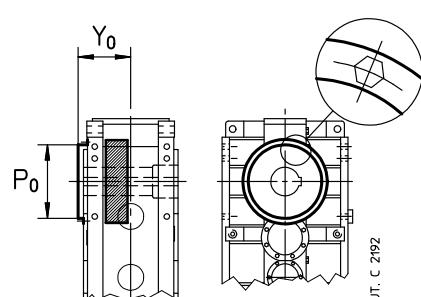
Hollow low speed shaft washer (see ch. 12 (5), available on request).

Important: the shoulder diameter of the driven machine shaft end abutting with the gear reducer must be at least $(1,12 \div 1,18) \cdot D$ (with stepped hollow shaft $(1,18 \div 1,25) \cdot D$).

Design not possible for sizes 7101 and 8001.

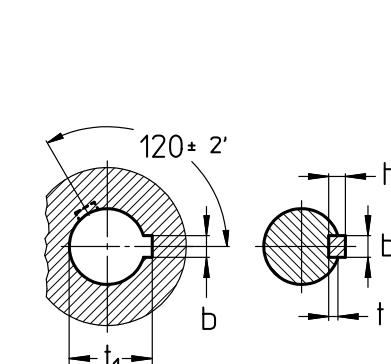


4000 5601



6300, 6301

Gear reducer size	P_0 \emptyset	Y_0 \approx
4000, 4001	437	359
4500, 4501	479	362
5000, 5001	536	445
5600, 5601	598	445
6300, 6301	657	620

(a)
Hollow low speed shaft
with keyway(b)
Stepped hollow low speed shaft
with keyway

Gear reducer size	Hollow shaft				Shaft end of driven machine					Parallel key			Keyway			M_2	Δm	
	D^{**}	D_2^{**}	n	Z	E	E_1	E_2	m	r	$b \times h \times l$	$h9$	$h11$	b	t	t_1			
4000, 4001	200	210	14	330	620	300	165	130	10	5	45	\times 25	\times 600	45	15	210,4	112	-150
4500, 4501	220	230	14	330	620	300	180	130	10	5	50	\times 28	\times 600	50	17	231,4	140	-240
5000, 5001	250	260	16	410	775	400	200	165	13	6	56	\times 32	\times 750	56	20	262,4	224	-300
5600, 5601	280	290	16	410	775	400	225	180	13	6	63	\times 32	\times 750	63	20	292,4	250	-420
6300, 6301	310	320	18	460	870	400	250	200	15	7	70	\times 36	\times 840	70	22	324,4	355	-670

1) Values valid for **R 41**.

2) Value of transmissible torque with keyway. For higher values, two keyways at 120° are necessary.

3) In presence of «Labyrinth seal and low speed shaft greaser» (ch. 12.(12)), it is necessary to increase E dimension (E_2) by the A quantity stated in the table at ch. 12.(12).

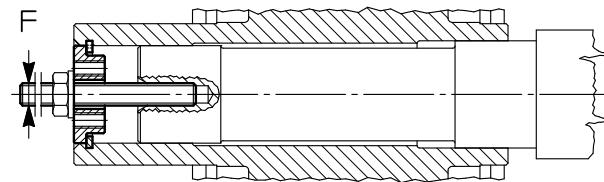
* Hollow low speed shaft protection with keyway, as standard.

** Each hollow shaft type (standard, stepped, with shrink disc) has a slightly oversized diameter **D** at the input to facilitate the assembly of gear reducer on machine shaft end: this, however, does not affect the connection reliability.

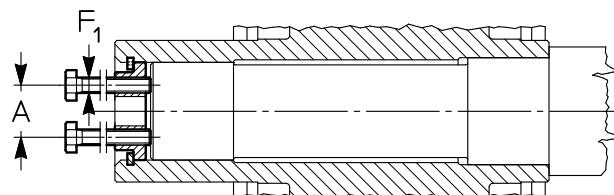
Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: hollow low speed shaft with keyway, hollow low speed shaft with two keyways, stepped hollow low speed shaft with keyway, stepped hollow low speed shaft with two keyways**.

(3) Hollow low speed shaft washer

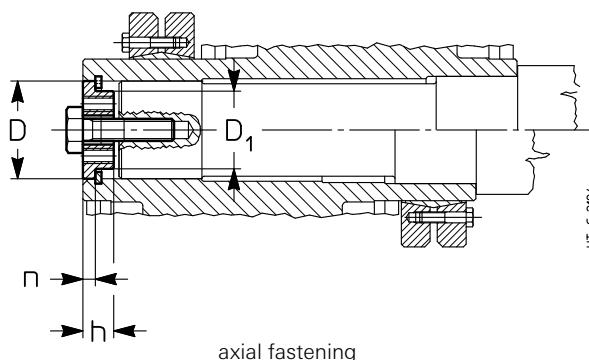
Washer, retaining ring and screw for axial fastening of gear reducer with hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc or with keyway.



installing



removing



12

Grandezza riduttore	A 1)	D Ø	D ₁ Ø 1)	F	F ₁	h	n	Vite fissaggio assiale UNI 5737-88
4000, 4001	144	134	210	200	180	170	M30	M30 × 90
4500, 4501	164	144	230	220	200	190	M30	M30 × 90
5000, 5001	178	168	260	250	225	215	M36	M36 × 110
5600, 5601	208	198	290	280	255	245	M36	M36 × 110
6300, 6301	228	218	325	310	285	270	M36	M36 × 110
7101	228	—	360	—	319	—	M45	M45 × 150
8001	268	—	400	—	359	—	M45	M45 × 150

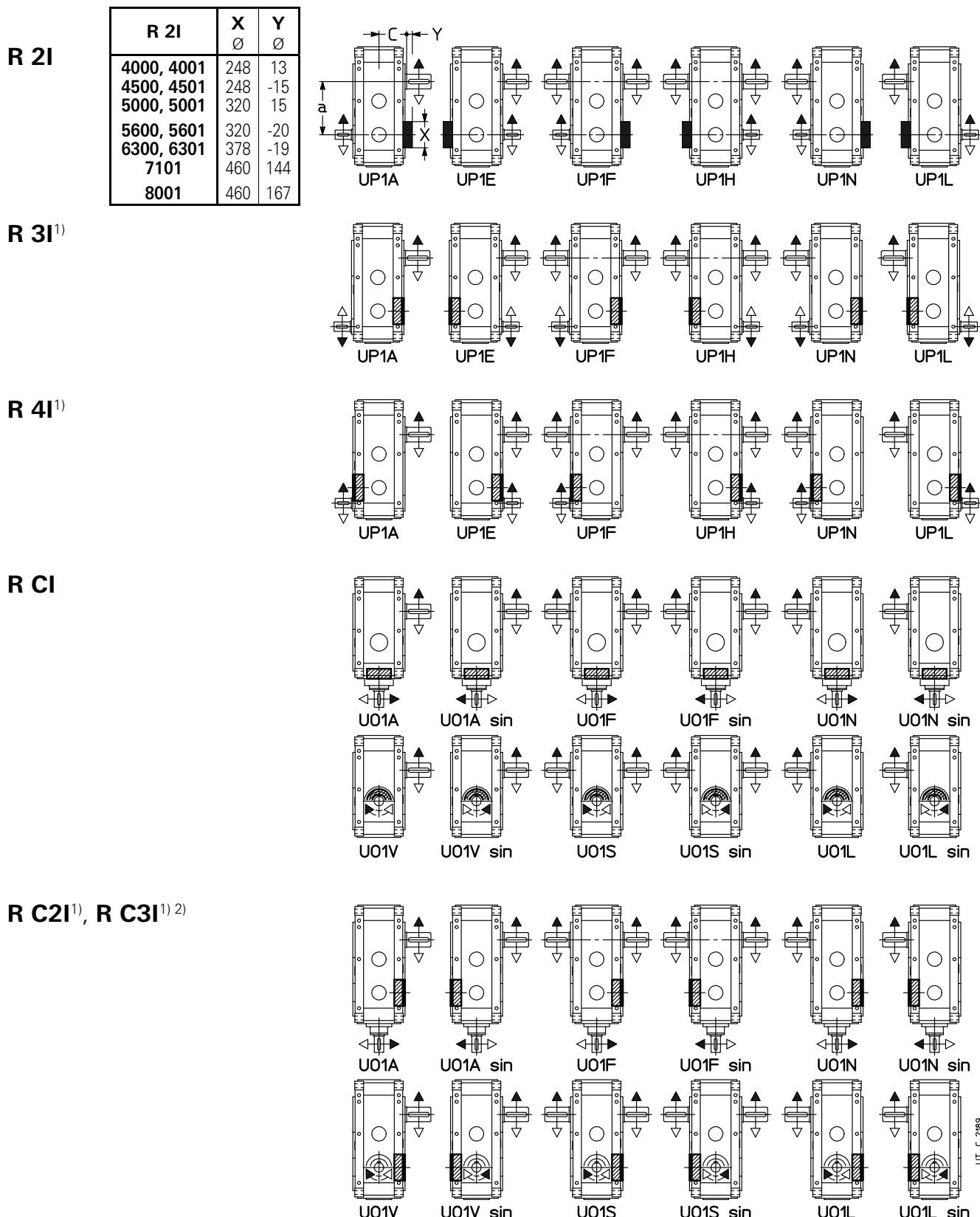
1) Dimension valid for design with hollow low speed shaft with keyway.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: hollow low speed shaft washer with shrink disc** or **hollow low speed shaft washer with keyway**.

(4) Backstop device

Backstop device (with centrifugal disjunction for size ≥ 5000) available for helical gear reducers with $i_N \geq 12,5$ ($i_N \geq 14$ for sizes 4500, 4501) and bevel helical gear reducers with $i_N \geq 12,5$ ($i_N \geq 14$ for sizes 4500, 4501). The maximum overload capacity of device is equal to $2 \cdot M_{2BS}$ (see table).

Possible configurations and designs are stated in the following figures.



1) Backstop device does not project from dimension **C**.

2) Designs U01V ... U01L sin not possible for train of gears C3I.

Backstop device load capacity

Low speed shaft nominal torque of backstop device when this is lower than M_{N2} of gear reducer (see ch. 7, 9). Maximum permissible overload equal to $1,7 \cdot M_{2BS}$.

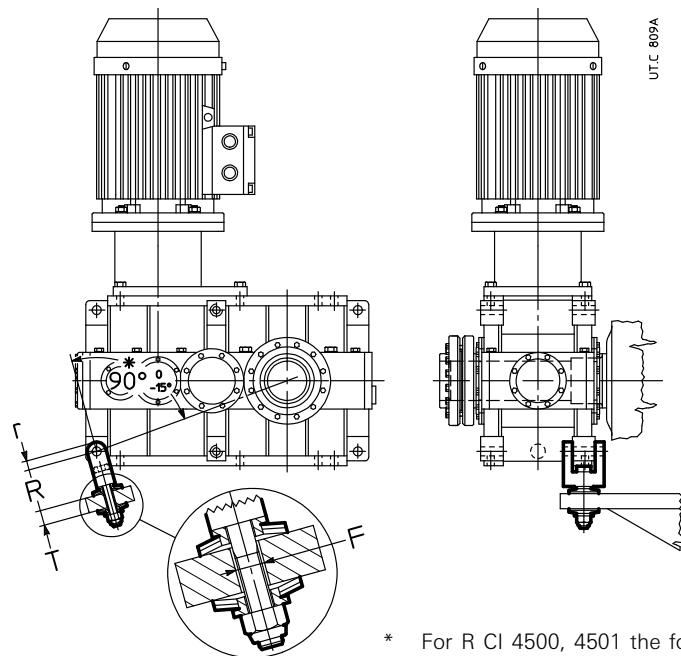
Rotismo	i_N	M_{2BS} [kN m]					
		4001	4501	5001	5601	6301	7101
3I	25	95	—	—	—	—	630
	28	112	112	224	224	335	—
	31,5	—	125	—	250	375	—
	35,5	112	140	224	280	335	—
	40	—	125	—	—	375	—
	45	—	140	—	280	—	—
4I	≤ 250	—	140	—	280	—	—
C2I	20	95	—	—	—	—	—
	22,4	112	112	224	—	—	—
	25	—	125	—	250	—	—
	28	112	140	224	—	—	—
	31,5	—	125	—	250	—	—
	35,5	—	140	—	280	—	—

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: backstop device, white or black arrow free-rotation**.

(5) Reaction bolt using disc springs (sizes 4000 ... 6301)

Reaction bolt using disc springs with fork for shaft mounting of motor - coupling - gear reducer group (see ch. 13); available also the only reaction bolt using disc springs: consult us.

Design not possible for sizes 7101 and 8001.



* For R CI 4500, 4501 the fork axes is perpendicular to the housing split plane.

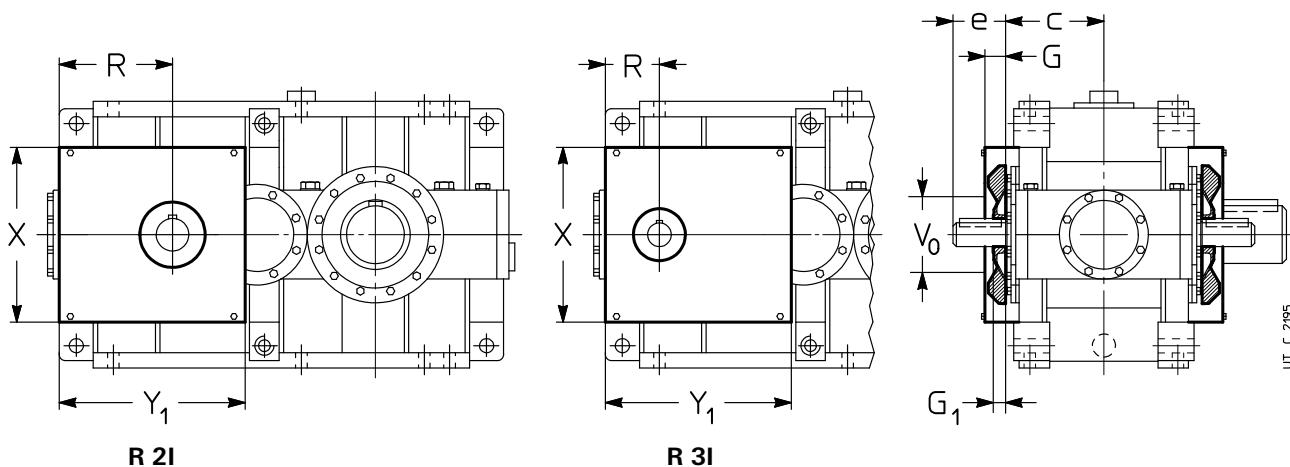
Gear reducer size	Screw UNI 5737-88	Disc spring DIN 2093	T	F Ø	R	r
4000 ... 4501	M45 x 260	A 125 n. 2	55	50	211	50
5000 ... 5601	M56 x 300	A 160 n. 2	70	62	274	60
6300, 6301	M56 x 300	A 160 n. 3	70	62	284	60

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: reaction bolt using disc springs and fork**.

(6) Fan cooling

The **helical** gear reducers **R 2I 4000 ... 5601** and **R 3I 4000 ... 6301** can be supplied with **one** or **two** cooling fans keyed on high speed shafts. For dimensions **e**, and **c** see ch. 8.

For sizes 7101 and 8001, consult us.



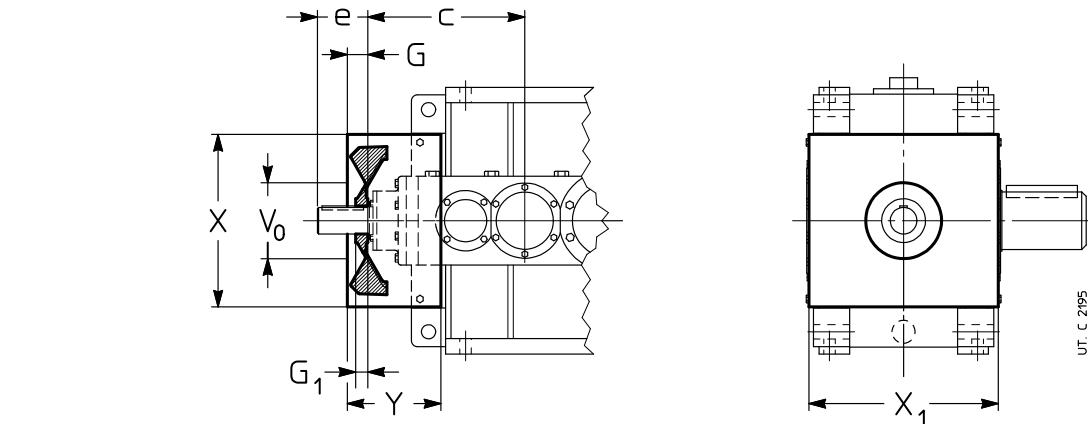
Gear reducer size	G 1)	G₁ 2)	2I		3I		X	Y₁
			R	V₀ Ø	G₁ 2)	R	V₀ Ø	
4000 ... 4501	63	50	363	220	40	163	175	590
5000 ... 5601	75	50	453	290	50	203	220	740
6300, 6301	75	—	—	—	50	203	220	880
								633
								795
								980

1) Bolts projecting 6 mm from **G** dimension.

2) The high speed shaft end length is equal to **e** - **G₁**.

The **bevel helical** gear reducers of size and train of gears **stated in the table** can be supplied fitted with **one** fan keyed on the high speed shaft. For dimensions **e** and **c** see ch. 10.

For sizes 7101 and 8001, consult us.



Gear reducer size	G	G₁	V₀ Ø	X	X₁	Y
CI 4000 ... 4501	80	40	280	590	640	345
4000 ... 4501	72	47	220	590	640	310
C2I 5000 ... 5601	80	40	290	740	800	380
6300, 6301	80	40	290	880	872	330
C3I 6300, 6301	i _N = 160	57	32	220	880	872
						380

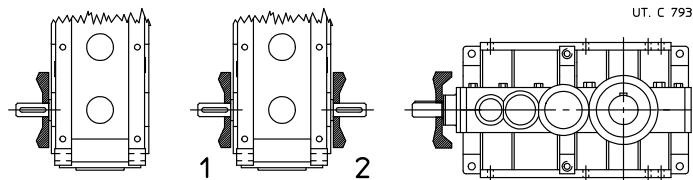
1) Bolts projecting 6 mm from dimension **X₁** each side.

2) The high speed shaft end length is equal to **e** - **G₁**.

12 - Accessories and non-standard designs

With double extension high speed shaft designs both extensions are **accessible** even with fan: personnel safety-guards are the Buyer's responsibility (2006/42/EEC).

The possible designs and the position of fans are shown below.



Temperature of cooling air must not exceed ambient temperature.

Also available independent cooling unit with heat exchanger (see ch. 12 (10)); consult us for verification.

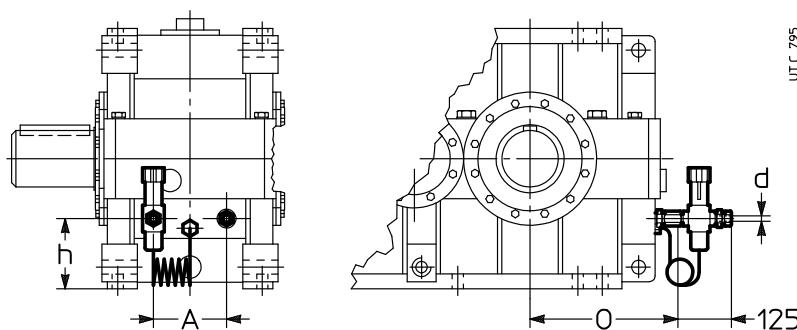
Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: fan cooling**; in designs with double extension high speed shaft state – only for helical gear reducers – if pos. **1** or **2** or ... **with 2 fans**

(7) Water cooling by coil (sizes 4000 ... 6301)

Coil made of copper alloy for gear reducer water cooling. On request, available also stainless steel coil (AISI 316) or cupro-nickel, consult us.

Design not possible for vertical mounting positions (V5, V6) with low speed shaft wheel positioned on the bottom.

Design not possible for sizes 7101 and 8001.



Gear reducer size	A	d Ø	h	O
4000 ... 4501	180	16	250	472
5000 ... 5601	225	16	310	577
6300, 6301	280	16	320	647

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Cooling water specifications:

- be not too hard;
- be at max temperature 20 °C;
- capacity 10 – 20 dm³/min;
- pressure 0,2 – 0,4 MPa (2 – 4 bar).

A polished metallic pipe (with external diameter **d** stated on table) is sufficient for the connection.

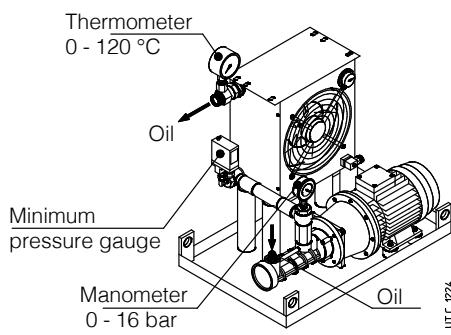
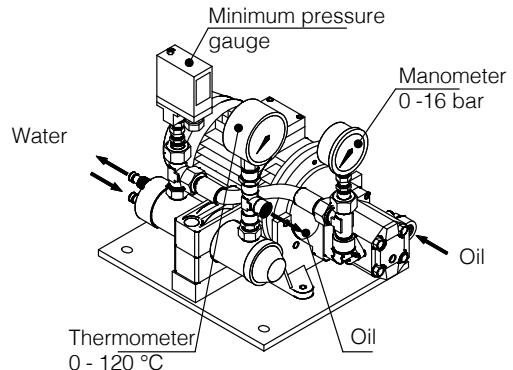
The load loss of coil, according to capacity and water pressure, is approximately 0,6 – 0,8 bar.

On request **thermostatic valve** which, automatically and without auxiliary supply need, permits water circulation when gear reducer oil reaches the set temperature; the valve sensor is equipped with immersion bulb. Mounting and setting, adjustable within 50 – 90 °C, are Buyer's responsibility.

For ambient temperature lower than 0 °C consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: water cooling by coil** or **water cooling by coil and thermostatic valve**.

(8) Independent cooling unit

**Oil/Air****Oil/Water**

UTC 1223

Additional cooling device in the event that the other forced cooling systems are not sufficient anymore for the dissipation of thermal power produced by gear reducer during operation (see ch. 4).

Including:

- one **oil/air heat exchanger** (O/A; with thermostat and adjustable control knob 0 – 90 °C) or **oil/water heat exchanger** (O/W),
- one **motor pump**: screw pump with fluoro rubber seals (gear pump for UR O/W4 – UR O/W 21); 4 pole motor B3/B5 (three-phase supply Δ230 Y400 V 50 Hz); motor-pump connection with coupling;
- one **motor fan** (O/A) (three-phase supply Δ230 Y400 V 50 Hz or single phase supply 230 V 50, 60 Hz, see table on following page); 2 poles motor (UR O/A 5 and 7) and 4 poles motor (UR O/A 10 ... 46);
- one **analog manometer** (0 – 16 bar) mounted between pump and exchanger;
- one **analog thermometer** (0 – 120 °C) mounted at exchanger output;
- one **minimum pressure gauge** (with exchange contacts) mounted between pump and exchanger;
- one **supporting frame** with nameplate.

On request, several accessories are at disposal (supplied separately, assembly is Customer's responsibility) in order to satisfy all functionality and safety needs.

- **oil temperature probe Pt100**;
- **2-threshold signalling device CT03N** (necessary also the oil temperature probe Pt100) for the mounting on rail to DIN EN 50022;
- **3-threshold signalling device CT10N** (necessary also the oil temperature probe Pt100) for the mounting on rail to DIN EN 50022;
- **bi-metal type thermostat**;
- **flow gauge**;
- **filter** (with optical-electric blockage warning and one or two breathers M60).

Connections realized by flexible pipes (type SAE 100 R1, maximum length 2 m) between gear reducer and cooling unit and the assembly of accessories and signalling devices are Buyer's responsibility.

For the heat exchanger power required by the independent cooling unit:

$$P_s \geq (P_1 - P_{t_N} \cdot f_{t_1} \cdot f_{t_2} \cdot f_{t_3} \cdot f_{t_4}) \cdot (1 - \eta) \cdot K_1$$

where:

- P_s nominal power of unit [kW], i.e. the power dissipated with hot oil at approx. 80 °C and cooling air at 40 °C (O/A) or cooling water at °C (O/W) with stated capacity (see following table);
- P_1 power at gear reducer input [kW] (consider the power installed when being uncertain about the power absorbed).
- P_{t_N} nominal thermal power of gear reducer [kW] (see ch. 4);
- f_{t_1} thermal factor according to input speed (see ch. 4);
- f_{t_2} thermal factor according to ambient temperature (see ch. 4);
- f_{t_3} thermal factor according to mounting position (see ch. 4);
- f_{t_4} thermal factor according to altitude (see ch. 4); for UR O/A it is necessary to derate also the exchanger power: multiply P_s by 0,85 (by 1 000 – 2 500 m above sea level) or by 0,71 (by 2 500 – 5 000 m above sea level);
- η gear reducer efficiency (see ch. 6);
- $K_1 = 1,18$ takes into account the decrease of the exchanger efficiency due to dirt on the external surface

12 - Accessories and non-standard designs

Designation	Ps kW	Exchanger	Oil motor pump		Motor fan		Oil connections		Exchanger capacity dm ³	Weight kg
			motor 3~ kW	load dm ³ /min	motor kW	load m ³ /h	Intake	delivery		
UR O/A 5	5	AP 300E	1,5	30	0,12 1~	900			2	60
UR O/A 7	7	AP 300/2E			0,12 1~	1300	1" (1"1/4) ²⁾	1" (1"1/4) ²⁾	3,6	65
UR O/A 10	10	AP 430E			0,21 3~	2750			3,6	70
UR O/A 13	13	AP 430/2E			0,18 3~	2700			5,5	75
UR O/A 16	16	AP 580 EB	2,2	56	0,18 3~	3500			15	96
UR O/A 21	21	AP 680 EB			0,69 3~	6300			16	118
UR O/A 26	26	AP 730 EB			0,69 3~	7450	1" 1/4	1" 1/2 (1") ¹⁾	16	127
UR O/A 30	30		3	80	0,69 3~	7450			20	140
UR O/A 40	40	AP 830 EB		2,2	0,81 3~	9500				
UR O/A 46	46		3	80	0,81 3~	9500				

Designation	Ps kW	Exchanger	Oil motor pump		Water		Oil connections		Exchanger capacity dm ³	Weight kg
			motor 3~ kW	load dm ³ /min	load dm ³ /min	connect.	Intake	delivery		
UR O/W 4	4	T60CB1	0,37	16	≥ 8 (≤ 30)	Ø 12	G 1/2"	G 1/2"	0,4	13
UR O/W 6	6	T60CB2	0,37	16	≥ 10 (≤ 30)	Ø 12			0,6	15
UR O/W 9	9	T80CB2	0,55	16	≥ 16 (≤ 30)	Ø 12			1	18
UR O/W 13	13	MS84P2	1,1	30	≥ 25 (≤ 45)	G 1/2"	G 3/4"	G 3/4"	1	31
UR O/W 21	21	MS134P1	1,5	30	≥ 40 (≤ 110)	G 1"			3	44
UR O/W 31	31	MS134P1	2,2	56	≥ 50 (≤ 110)	G 1"	G 1" 1/4	G 1" 1/4	3	55
UR O/W 50	50	MS134P2	3	80	≥ 80 (≤ 110)	G 1"			4,5	70

Starting mode and necessary accessories

Ref.	Gear reducer lubrication systems	Gear reducer starting mode	T _{amb} °C	Necessary accessories	Type of oil required	Description and notes
A1	Splash lubrication	Without oil pre-heating	-25 – 25	Pt100 + CT10N	Mineral oil or synthetic oil (to be preferred)	Gear reducer starting and following warm oil motor pump starting The motor pump is piloted by a three threshold signalling system of oil temperature (Pt100 + CT10N). Calibrate the three threshold device CT10N with: – switching threshold at 60 °C (motor pump starting); – reset threshold at 40 °C; – safety threshold at 90 °C.
A2	Splash lubrication	Without oil pre-heating	> 25	–	Polyalphaolephine based synthetic oil	Simultaneous starting of gear reducer and motor pump Oil filter not possible ⁴⁾ .
B1	Forced lubrication (bearings and/or gears)	With oil pre-heating	-250 – 25	Pt100 + CT03N Pt100 + CT10N Heater	Mineral oil or synthetic oil (to be preferred)	Simultaneous starting of gear reducer and motor pump after oil pre-heating ³⁾ The heater is piloted by the two threshold oil temperature signalling system (Pt100 + CT03N). The motor pump and the gear reducer motor are piloted by a further three threshold oil temperature signalling device (Pt100 + CT10N). Calibrate the two threshold device CT03N with: – operating threshold at 50 °C (heater supply shut off); – reset threshold at 30 °C; Calibrate the three threshold device CT10N with: – operating threshold at 30 °C (motor pump and gear reducer starting); – reset threshold at 10 °C; – safety threshold at 90 °C.
B2	Force lubrication (bearings and/or gear units)	Without oil pre-heating	> 25	–	Polyalphaolephine based synthetic oil	Simultaneous gear reducer and motor pump starting ³⁾ Oil filter not possible ⁴⁾ .

1) Connection for UR O/A 16 delivery.

2) Connection for the delivery in case of filter.

3) It's advisable to delay the starting of gear reducer after the motor pump starting by 1 min at least.

4) The present of the oil filter requires that cooling unit starting is with warm oil: refer to cases A1 or B1.

Additional description when ordering by **designation**:

independent oil-air cooling unit UR O/A ... or independent oil-air cooling unit UR O/W ..., possibly integrated, when required by the application, with the description: «**Forced lubrication ...**» and the statement of bearings and/or gears to be lubricated.

For dimensions, accessories and further technical details, see specific literature.

(9) Forced bearing lubrication

All gear reducers according to train of gears, design, transmission ratio, mounting position, input speed and duty cycle can be equipped with a non-oil-bath forced bearing lubrication system through **internal piston pump** (size 4000 ... 4501) or external **lubrication system with motor pump** (see ch. 6).

The following table indicates the cases (see at ch. 8, 10) where – **according to the only mounting position** and for continuous duty – it is necessary to foresee the bearing lubrication. For other operating conditions, consult us.

Train of gears	Performance	Presence of lubrication pump					
		B3	B6	B7	B8	V5	V6
2I	all	–	–	–	n.a.	P	P
3I	all	–	–	–	n.a.	P	P
4I	all	–	–	–	n.a.	P	P
C1	UO1A ... UO1N sin	–	P	–	n.a.	P	P
	UO1H ... UO1M sin	P	P	–	n.a.	P	P
	UO1V ... UO1L sin	P	–	–	–	P	P
C2I	UO1A ... UO1N sin	–	P	–	n.a.	P	P
	UO1H ... UO1M sin	P	P	–	n.a.	P	P
	UO1V ... UO1L sin	P	–	–	–	P	P
C3I	all	–	P	–	n.a.	P	P

– Forced bearing lubrication not necessary.

P Forced bearing lubrication necessary (with pump or motor pump).

n.a. Mounting position not foreseen.

For cases highlighted with ▲ ch. 7 and 9, foresee the lubrication with **motor pump** and possible heat exchanger (see ch. 4, 6, 12 (10)).

IMPORTANT. For the running at cold starting ($T_{\text{ambient}} = T_{\text{oil}} \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) and lubrication systems (see also ch. 6 and 12 (11)), **always foresee the oil heater** (see ch. 12 (12)).

In general, when the maximum system reliability is required, in presence of particularly heavy load cycles or hard ambient conditions, it is recommended to evaluate the possibility to install anyway the bearing lubrication motor pump; consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: bearing lubrication pump** or **bearing lubrication motor pump**.

12

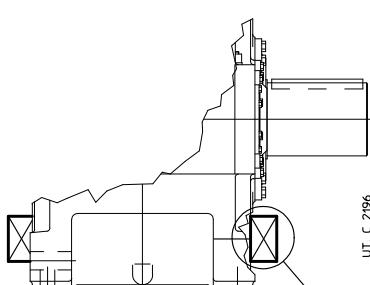
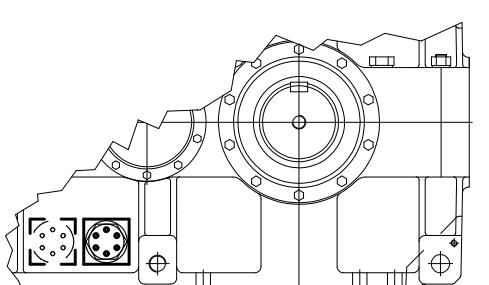
(10) Oil heater

Oil heater for gear reducer starting at low ambient temperature.

Specify the design «Oil temperature probe» together with this design.

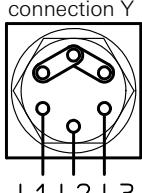
The heater is piloted through proper control device (at customer's care e.g.: PLC or supplied by Rossi e.g. 2-threshold signalling device CT03N or three-threshold signalling device CT10N) releasing when achieving the pre-set oil temperature.

IMPORTANT. The data stated in the table refer to mounting positions **B3**; for other mounting positions, consult us.

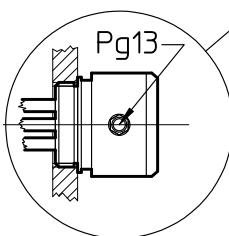
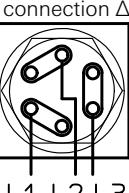


Gear reducer size	P kW
4000, 4001	n. 2 x 1,5
4500, 4501	n. 2 x 1,5
5000, 5001	n. 2 x 3
5600, 5601	n. 2 x 3
6300, 6301	n. 2 x 3,5
7101	n. 2 x 7,5
8001	n. 2 x 9

Three-phase connection Y



Three-phase connection Δ



The design can be not compatible with other designs, consult us.

Features:

- specific power 2W/cm²;
- three-phase supply Δ230 Y400 V 50-60 Hz;
- stainless steel resistors AISI 321;
- metallic terminal box; cable gland Pg13; protection IP 65;
- Horizontal mounting with oil bath lubrication;
- max oil temperature 90°C;
- threaded brass joint G 2"1/2";
- available also in explosion-proof design ATEX II 2G EExd IIC T4: consult us.

Available also in a version equipped with integrated thermostat.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: oil heater** or **oil heater with thermostat**.

(11) Special painting cycles

Special painting cycles (base color blue RAL 5010), see following table, according to corrosivity class of operating environment. Other protections or colors on request: consult us.

Application field	Features	Corrosivity class ISO 12944-2	Durability classes ISO 12944-2	Description	Average final thickness on machined parts µm	Code
Applications in aggressive environments	Good resistance to atmospheric and aggressive agents	C4	Low	Dual-compound epoxy primer + Water-soluble dual-compound enamel with acrylic-polyurethan resins	150	1HRAL5010 (blue)
			Medium	Dual-compound epoxy primer (x 2) + Water-soluble dual-compound enamel with acrylic-polyurethan resins	200	2HRAL5010 (blue)
			High	Dual-compound epoxy primer (x 4) + Water-soluble dual-compound enamel with acrylic-polyurethan resins	300	3HRAL5010 (blue)
Outdoor applications in saline environment	Excellent resistance to atmospheric and aggressive agents Outdoor applications in saline environment	C 5 - M	Medium	Sanding + Dual-compound antirust primer with zinc phosphates + Dual-compound epoxy primer + Water-soluble dual-compound enamel with acrylic-polyurethan resins	300	2IRAL5010 (blue)
Outdoor applications in chemically aggressive environment and high humidity industrial areas	Excellent resistance to atmospheric and aggressive agents Outdoor applications in chemically aggressive environment (fertilizers, etc.)	C 5 - I	Medium	Sanding + Dual-compound antirust primer with zinc phosphates + Dual-compound epoxy primer + Water-soluble dual-compound enamel with epoxy resins	300	2LRAL5010 (blue)

1) In these cases, according to the application type, it is advised to adopt specific construction measures and accessories/ components able to offer an adequate protection for the installation environment: consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: special paint ...** (see code stated in the table; e.g.: «**special painting cycle 2HRAL5010**»).

(12) High and low speed shaft seals

Available seal types (standard and on request) on high and low speed shafts are stated in the following table.

Seal type	Scheme																									
Standard																										
Double seal on high speed shaft Quite polluting environment and/or outdoor																										
Low speed shaft double seal Quite polluting environment and/or outdoor																										
	Supplementary description when ordering by designation: double seal on high speed shaft. double seal on low speed shaft.																									
High speed shaft seal with labyrinth and grease feeder («taconite») Very polluting environment (e.g.: mining industry)																										
	Supplementary description when ordering by designation: high speed shaft seal with labyrinth and grease feeder.																									
Low speed shaft double seal with labyrinth and grease feeder («taconite») Very polluting environment (e.g.: mining industry) 1)	<p>UT. C 297</p>	<p>Grand. \leq 6301: $2 \times G\frac{1}{4}$" Grand. \geq 7101: $4 \times G\frac{1}{4}$"</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Grandezza riduttore</th> <th>A 2)</th> <th>B Ø</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4000, 4001</td> <td>19</td> <td>9 328</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4500, 4501</td> <td>19</td> <td>9 368</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5000, 5001</td> <td>19</td> <td>11 402</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5600, 5601</td> <td>22</td> <td>11 462</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6300, 6301</td> <td>24</td> <td>13 496</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7101</td> <td>0</td> <td>10 653</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8001</td> <td>0</td> <td>10 759</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Grandezza riduttore	A 2)	B Ø	4000, 4001	19	9 328	4500, 4501	19	9 368	5000, 5001	19	11 402	5600, 5601	22	11 462	6300, 6301	24	13 496	7101	0	10 653	8001	0	10 759
Grandezza riduttore	A 2)	B Ø																								
4000, 4001	19	9 328																								
4500, 4501	19	9 368																								
5000, 5001	19	11 402																								
5600, 5601	22	11 462																								
6300, 6301	24	13 496																								
7101	0	10 653																								
8001	0	10 759																								
	Supplementary description when ordering by designation: low speed shaft seal with labyrinth and grease feeder.																									

- 1) The labyrinth disc overhangs from A dimension and from shaft shoulder; the working length of low speed shaft end will be therefore equal to E - A (for dimension C and E see ch. 8 and 10); for dimension Z see ch. 12 (1), (3).

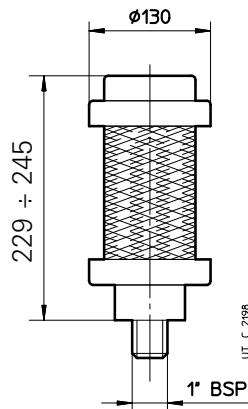
- 2) Values valid for hollow shaft (with keyway or shrink disc).

Notes.

- Acrylonitrilic seal ring compound as standard; fluoro compound seal rings are available on request (e.g.: for high temperatures, for aggressive environments or for high rotation speeds, etc.); specify in the designation: **fluoro compound seal**.
- The **high speed shaft double seal** is usually **not advised** as the increased heating reduces the seal life.
- In case of **double seal**, the external seal ring can be mounted on the contrary (e.g. water jets); specify in the designation: **external ring mounted on the contrary**.
- The design **high speed shaft seal with labyrinth and greaser** can be supplied only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.
- The **hollow shaft with shrink disc** (see ch. 12 (1)) can be supplied with **labyrinth seal** only on shrink disc **opposite side**.

For the supplementary description when ordering by **designation**, see table on the previous page.

(13) Desiccant breather



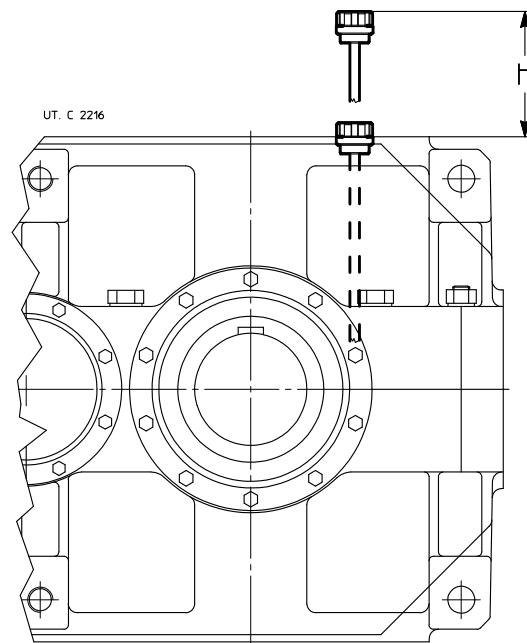
Desiccant breather with 3 stage filtration design: solid contaminant filter 2 µm, water vapor adsorbent bed in silica gel, activated carbon final filter. This filter traps water vapor and solid contaminant particles and keeps them from entering the gear box and simultaneously holds oil vapors inside the gear box.

Key features:

- replacement cartridge with true-life indicator of filter conditions
- alkali, oil, non-oxidizing acids, salt water and mineral and synthetic oils resistant;
- shock resistant cover and housing
- temperature range of application: -28 °C – +93 °C.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: Desiccant breather**

(14) Oil level plug with dip stick

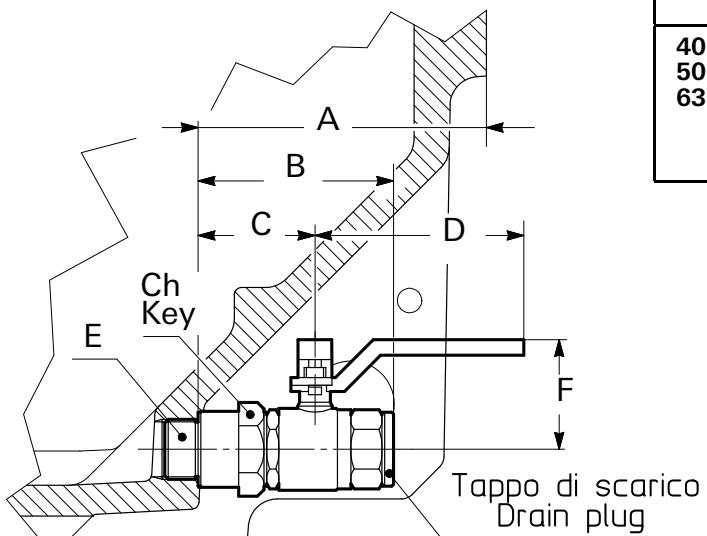


Grandezza riduttore	h ≈		
	2I, CI	3I, C2I	4I, C3I
4000, 4001	630	630	560
4500, 4501	710	630	560
5000, 5001	800	800	710
5600, 5601	900	800	710
6300, 6301	1000	900	800
7101	1120	1000	900
8001	1250	1120	1000

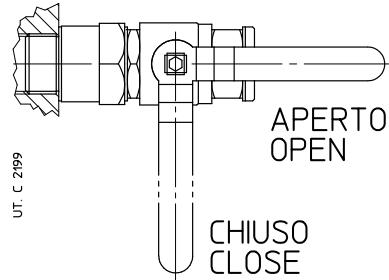
The data stated in the table refer to mounting position **B3** and **splash lubrication**. For further details about operating conditions, consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: Oil level with dip stick**

(15) Oil drain tap



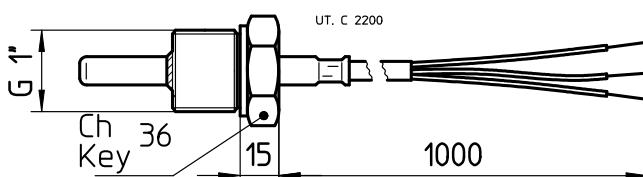
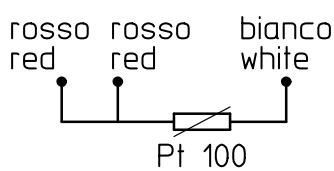
Gear reducer size	A	B	C	D	Ch Key	E	F
4000, 4501	158	106	66	115	46	G1"	60
5000, 5601	208	106	66	115	46	G1"	60
6300, 6301	190	106	66	115	46	G1"	60
7101	225	158	95	138	55	G1"1/4	75
8001	280	170	102	158	60	G1"1/2	91



In a closed position, the tap lever does not overhang from gear reducer.

Additional description when ordering by **designation: oil drain tap**

(16) Oil temperature probe



Remote oil temperature gauge; installation instead of drain plug, or into a hole properly pre-arranged by the Buyer. The temperature gauge is realized with a thermo-resistor Pt100 having following features:

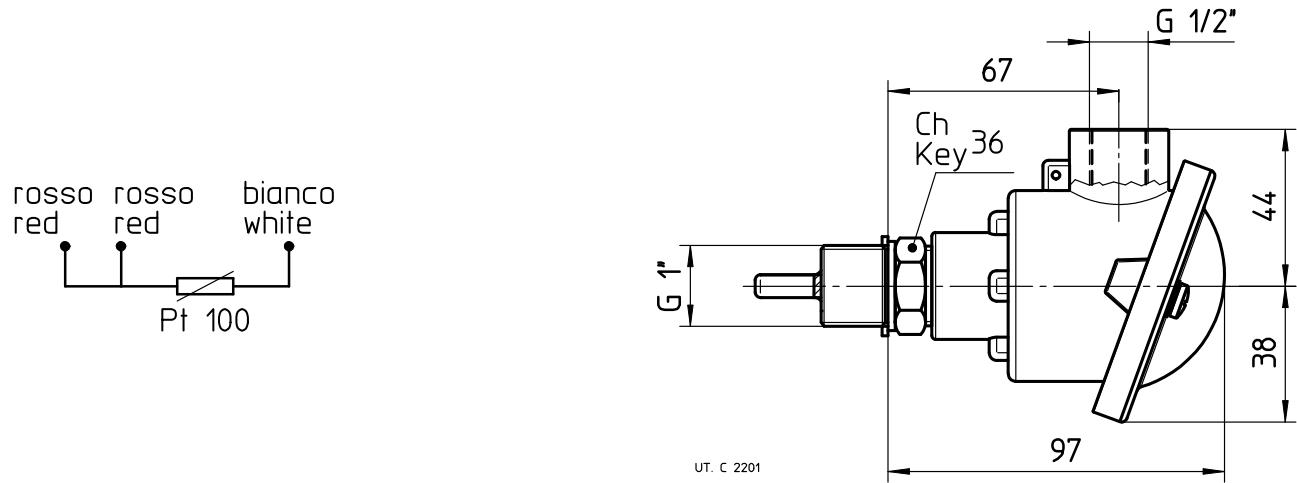
- platinum wire with 100Ω at 0°C according to EN 60751;
- precision class B according to EN 60751;
- operation temperature field $-40^\circ\text{C} - 200^\circ\text{C}$;
- current max 3 mA;
- 3 wire connection according to IEC 751 (see fig. on the top);
- stainless steel probe AISI 316; diameter 6 mm;
- cable 1 m long with free end.

For the connection of probe to relevant signalling device CT03N or CT10N (on request, consult us) use a protected section cable $\geq 1,5 \text{ mm}^2$ positioned separately from power cables.

In case of gear reducer supplied **filled with oil** foresee the probe equipped with **immersion bulb** (pre-mounted in the factory), its position is to be agreed with Rossi; consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: oil temperature probe**.

**(17) Oil temperature probe with terminal box
and ammetric transducer 4 ÷ 20 mA**



Remote oil temperature gauge, with terminal box and ammetric transducer; installation instead of drain plug or in a hole properly prearranged, at Buyer's responsibility. The temperature gauge is realized with a thermo-resistor Pt100 having following features:

- platinum wire with 100 Ω at 0 °C according to EN 60751;
- precision class B according to EN 60751;
- operation temperature field -40 °C – 200 °C;
- 3 wire connection according to IEC 751 (see fig. on the top);
- stainless steel probe AISI 316; diameter 6 mm;
- ammetric transducer with output signal 4 – 20 mA;
- alluminium terminal block (supplied without cable gland);
- IP65 protection;
- input cables G 1/2";

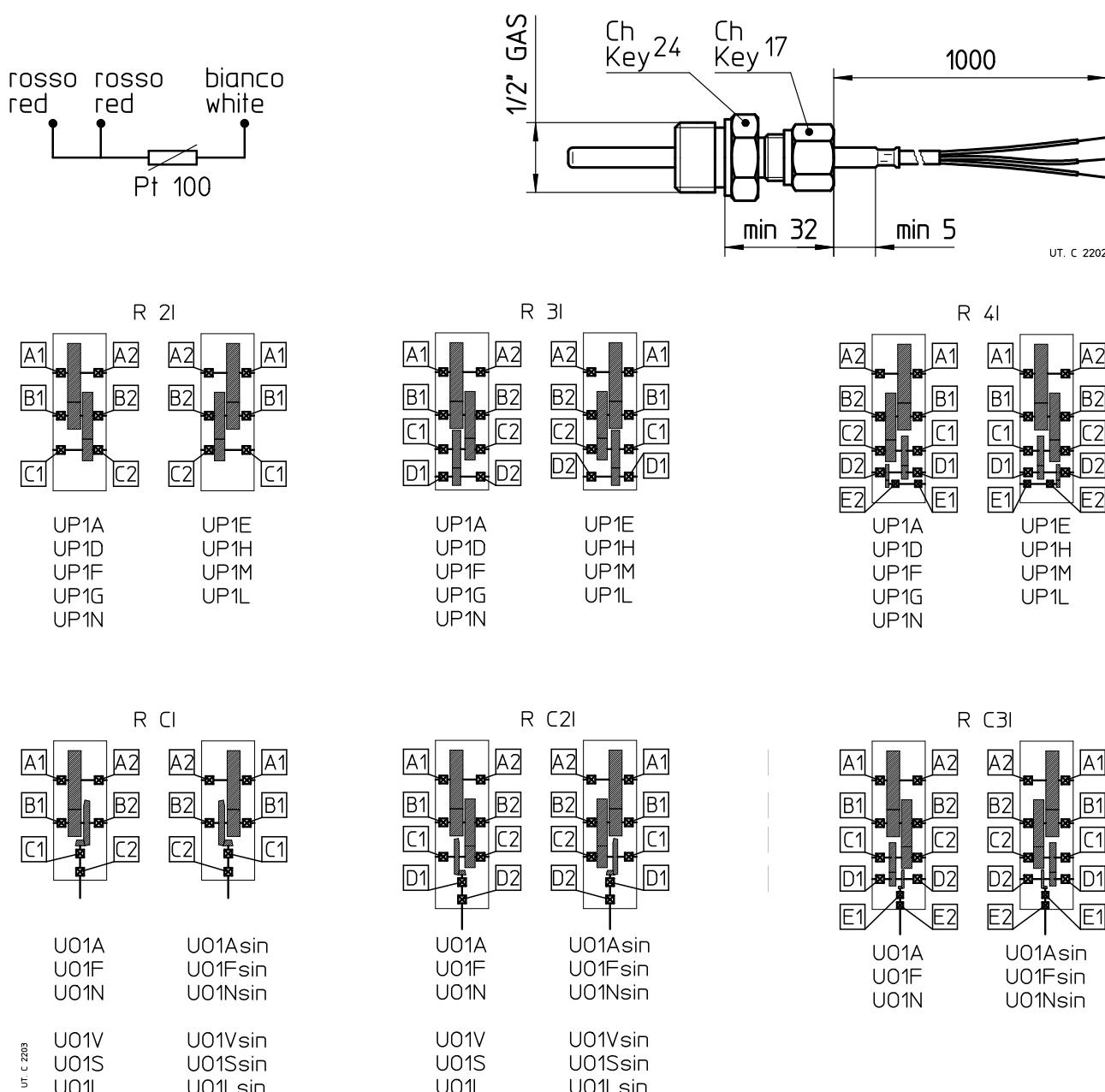
For the connection of probe to relevant signalling device CT03N or CT10N (on request, consult us) use a protected section cable $\geq 1,5 \text{ mm}^2$ positioned separately from power cables.

ATTENTION. Accessory available only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.

In case of gear reducer supplied **filled with oil** foresee the probe equipped with **immersion bulb** (pre-mounted in the factory), its position is to be agreed with Rossi; consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: oil temperature probe with ammetric transducer.**

(18) Bearing temperature probe



Probe for the remote monitoring of bearing temperature; installation (Buyer's responsibility) in a hole properly pre-arranged, next to a bearing **to be agreed during order phase** (for the most common cases, in order to facilitate the identification of bearing to be monitored, refer to following scheme).

The temperature gauge is realized with a thermo-resistor Pt100 having following features:

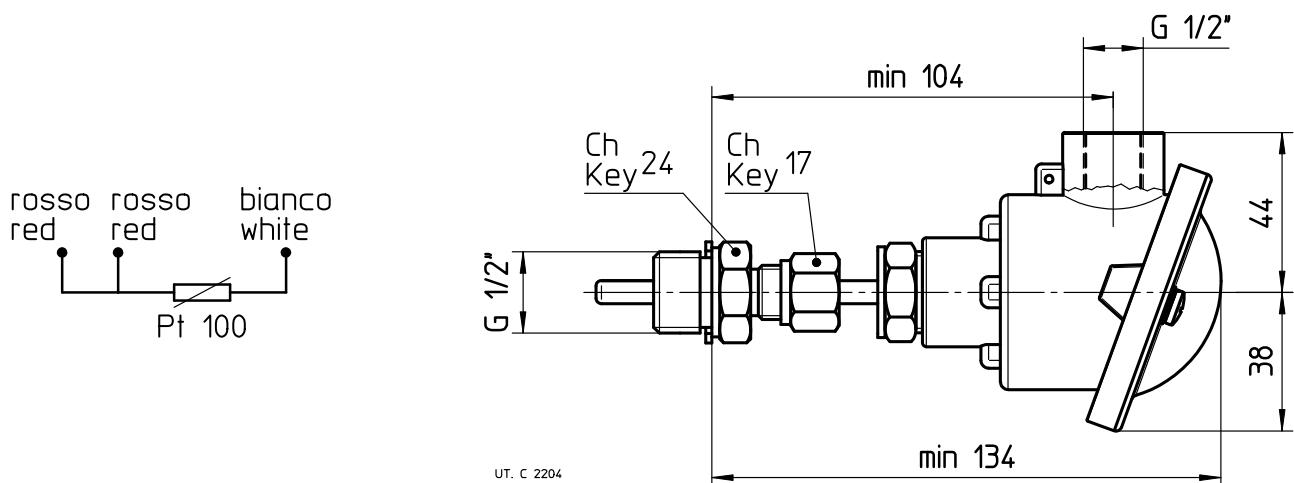
- platinum wire with 100Ω at 0°C according to EN 60751;
- precision class B according to EN 60751;
- operation temperature field $-40^\circ\text{C} - 200^\circ\text{C}$;
- max current 40 mA ;
- 3 wire connection according to IEC 751 (see fig. on the top);
- stainless steel AISI 316 flat probe; diameter 6 mm ;
- stainless steel **sliding** steel;
- cable 1 m long with free end.

For the connection of probe to relevant signalling device CT03N or CT10N (on request, consult us) use a protected section cable $\geq 1,5 \text{ mm}^2$ positioned separately from power cables.

ATTENTION. Accessory available only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: bearing temperature probe**.

**(19) Bearing temperature probe with terminal box and ammetric transducer
4 – 20 m**



Probe for remote bearing temperature monitoring, with terminal box and ammetric transducer; installation (at Buyer's responsibility) in a threaded hole properly pre-arranged next to a bearing to be agreed when ordering (for the most common cases, in order to facilitate the identification of the bearing to be monitored, it is possible to refer to the scheme at point (18)).

The temperature gauge is realized with a thermo-resistor Pt100 having following features:

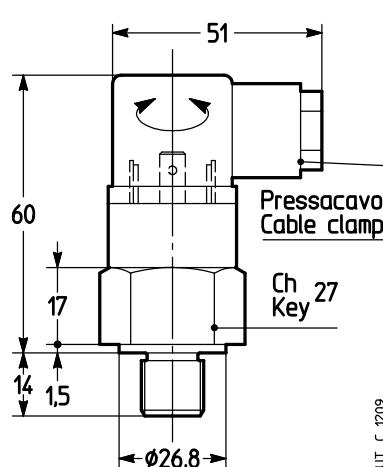
- platinum wire with 100 Ω at 0 °C according to EN 60751;
- precision class B according to EN 60751;
- operation temperature field -40 °C – 200 °C;
- 3 wire connection according to IEC 751 (see fig. on the top);
- ammetric transducer with output signal 4 – 20 mA;
- alluminium terminal block (supplied without cable gland);
- IP65 protection;
- input cables G 1/2";
- stainless steel AISI 316 flat probe; diameter 6 mm;
- stainless steel **sliding** steel;
- cable 1 m long with free end.

For the connection of probe to relevant signalling device CT03N or CT10N (on request, consult us) use a protected section cable $\geq 1,5 \text{ mm}^2$ positioned separately from power cables.

ATTENTION. Accessory available only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation:** bearing temperature probe with **ammetric transducer**.

(20) Bi-metal type thermostat



Bi-metal type thermostat for maximum oil temperature control.

Thermostat specifications:

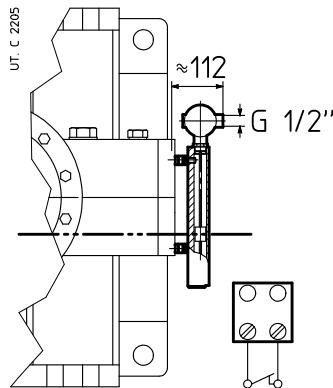
- NC contact with maximum current 10 A 240 V a.c. (5 A - 24 V c.c.);
- G 1/2" thread connection;
- cable gland Pg09 DIN 43650;
- protection IP65;
- operating temperature 90 °C \pm 5 °C (further operating temperatures are available on request);
- differential temperature 15 °C.

Mounting into a threaded plug (position to be defined according to mounting position and mounting arrangement: consult us) and oil bath lubrication is Buyer's responsibility.

ATTENTION. Accessory available only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation:** **bi-metal type thermostat**.

(21) Oil level switch with float



It is a level control device with reed contacts in a supporting stem moved by the magnetic field activated by the magnets included in the float.

The float and the supporting stem are included in a hollow column of not magnetic material connected to the gear reducer housing through communicating vessels.

Connecting features:

- 2 wires connection;
- max voltage: 350 V;
- maximum current: 1.5 A;
- 1 cable input 1/2" UNI 6125 – IP65;
- G 1" brass joint.

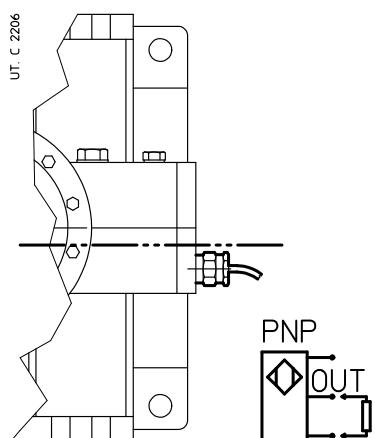
The switch is supplied ready for use; when level goes down approx 5 mm, the switch goes on and contact opens.

When filling oil in the gear reducer it is necessary to verify that device is properly calibrated. If any problems occur during this operation contact Rossi.

ATTENTION. Accessory available only after technical feasibility evaluation by Rossi: consult us.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: oil level switch with float.**

(22) Oil optical probe



Optical scanner, without mobile parts, for the constant control of oil level, inside the gear reducer at rest (e.g. control before starting the machine or the plant).

Features:

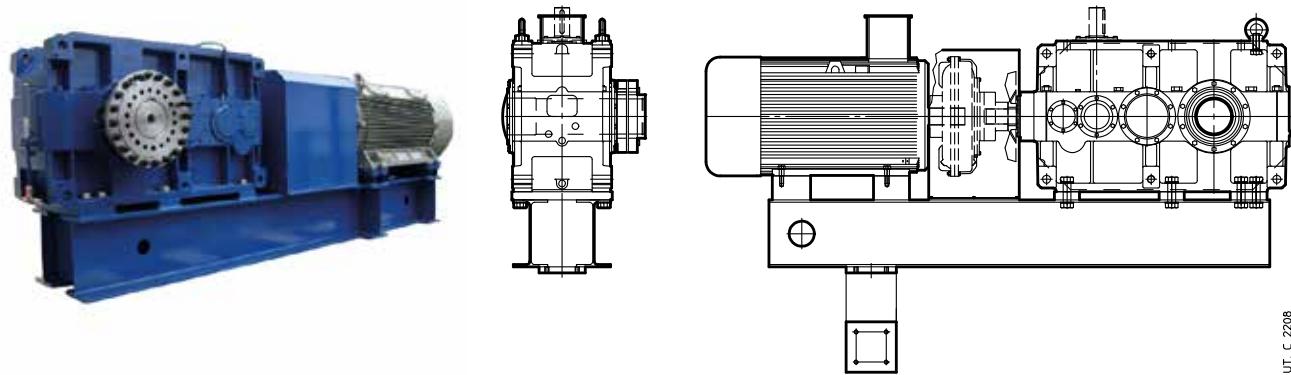
- stainless steel probe;
- operation temperature range -40 °C – 125 °C;
- d.c. supply 12 – 28 V (other types on request; consult us);
- PNP output (other types on request, consult us), max 100 mA;
- G 1/2" thread connection.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: oil optical probe.**

(24) Remote temperature indicator instrument with set point

Digital thermometer (dimensions 72x72x130 mm DIN 43700) to be used with oil or bearing temperature probe; moreover, it is equipped with switching contact (automatic reset) when reaching the (adjustable) temperature set point.

Supplementary description when ordering by **designation: remote temperature indicator instrument with set point.**

Various- **Drive units**

Drive units include an electric motor and a (helical or bevel helical) gear reducer, assembled on a swing base made of electrically-welded and annealed steel, properly sized, and connected through a coupling.

Swing base

The swing base structure is made of hollow profiles or beams properly combined, treated and machined. The project is made to maximize the swing base strength, in order to optimize costs and performance. All swing bases have been verified for bending, considering the highest load condition among the ones foreseen on this catalog.

On each swing plate there are machined surfaces for fitting and jacking screws for alignment of the components of the drive unit.

The matching point for the reaction arm has been defined in order to optimize the swing base fixing, so to minimize the stress on swing base and transmission components.

The standard supply includes the reaction point with elastic bush supplied separately (assembly is up to Customer). If necessary the complete reaction arm can be quoted and supplied, subject to agreement with Customer about characteristics and dimensions.

Gear reducer

The standard arrangement for this type of drive units is shaft mounted, with gearbox with hollow low speed shaft. Connection between gearbox and machine shaft is possible with keyway or shrink disc. On request it is possible to supply covers for rotating parts.

As alternative the option for shaft mounting with solid cylindrical low speed shaft, complete with rigid flanged coupling, is available.

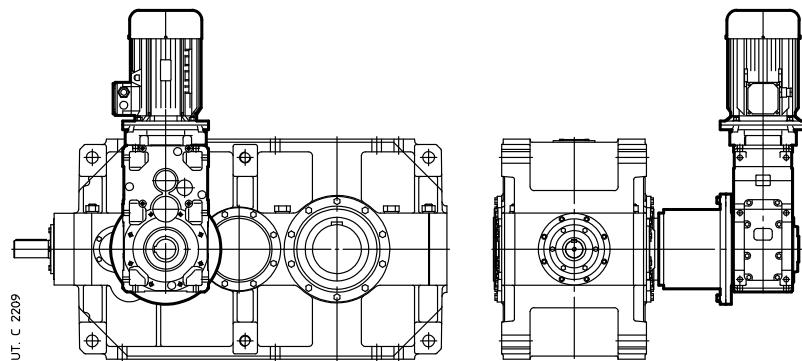
Joint

The coupling can be of different types: flexible, basic hydraulic, or hydraulic with simple or double delayed fill chamber. Both types of coupling can be supplied with drum pulley for failsafe shoe brake. On request the option with disc brake is also available.

Both the coupling and the safety or parking brake (if any) are protected with a steel guard fixed to the swing base.

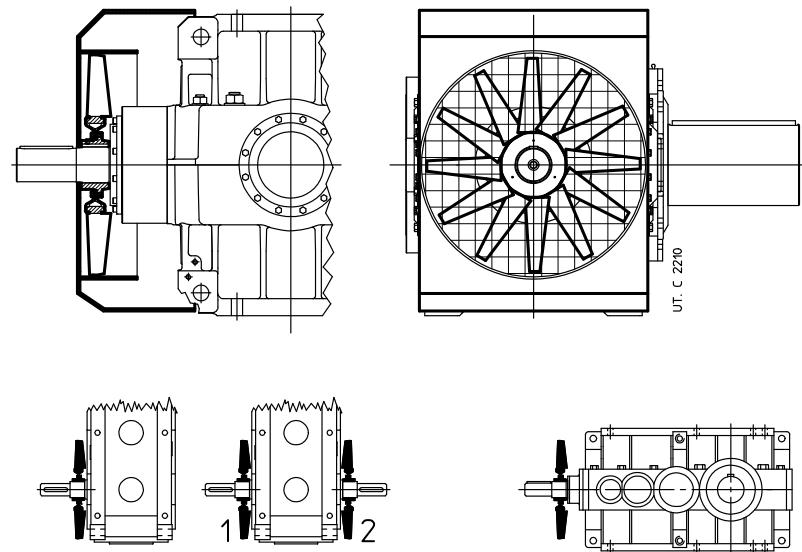
For further details see cat. RE: consult us.

- **Auxiliary drive**



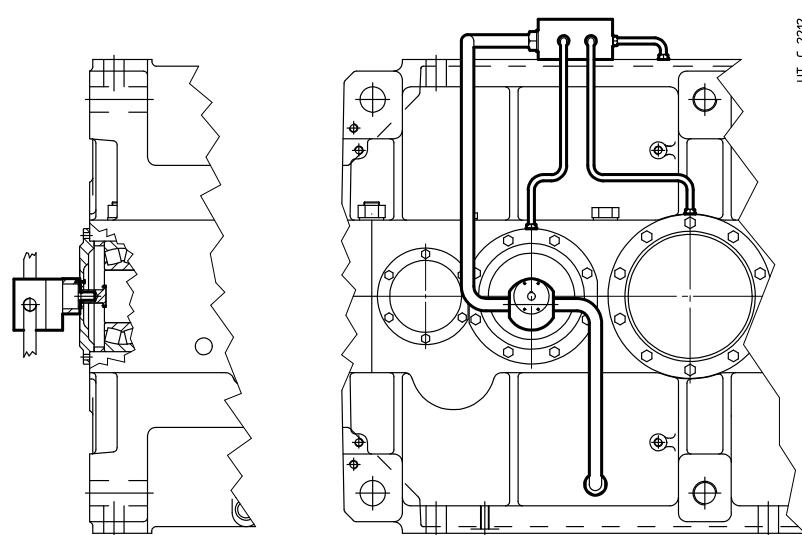
Additional motor drive with bevel helical gearmotor (cat. G, trains of gears Cl, ICl, C2l) connected with main gear reducer through bell, coupling and free wheel.

- **Axial fan cooling**



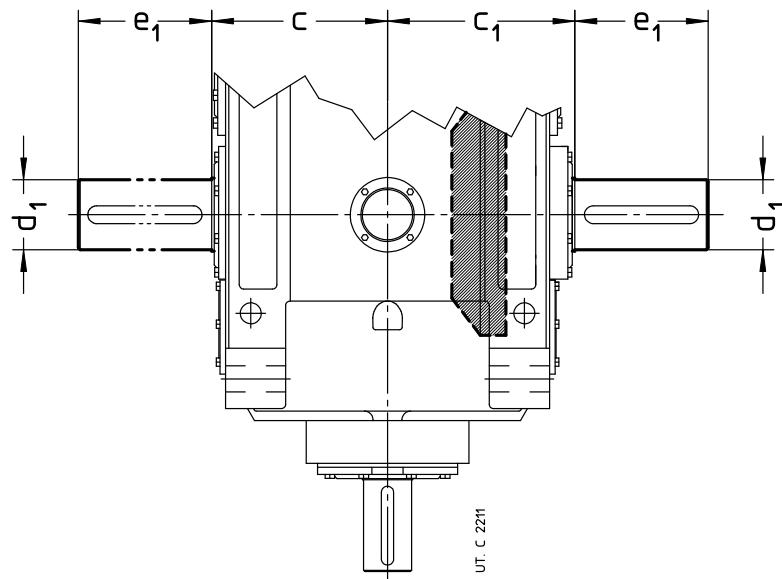
Forced cooling by axial fan for applications with one direction of rotation only (to be specified when ordering); for thermal factor values f_{t_1} see ch. 4. The possible designs are those illustrated below. Dimensions on request: consult us.

- **Pump driven by gear reducer**



External gear pump driven directly by a gear reducer shaft for the forced lubrication of bearings and/or gears. Self-priming operation, with non-return valve, single acting (one-way applications) or double-acting (bidirectional applications); absence of electrical power; flow rate proportional to the shaft rotational speed of the gear unit.. Dimensions and other specifications, on request: consult us.

- Additional intermediate shaft overhung for bevel helical gear reducers



Additional (single or double) overhung of first reduction stage pinion shaft (bevel helical gear reducers' bevel wheel) for the realization of combined units or the application of auxiliary devices (e.g.: external backstop device). Main shaft end dimensions as per following table (for other dimensions see ch. 6). For sizes 7101 and 8001, consult us.

Size	R CI				R C2I				R C3I			
	c	c ₁	d ₁ ∅	e ₁	c	c ₁	d ₁ ∅	e ₁	c	c ₁	d ₁ ∅	e ₁
4000 ... 4501	330	370	120	210	335	335	90	170	325	325	65	140
5000 ... 5601	—	—	—	—	430	430	110	210	405	405	80	170
6300, 6301	—	—	—	—	475	475	125	210	435	435	90	170

In the following table the first reduction stage transmission ratios are stated – according to total transmission ratios – thanks to which it is possible to calculate the rotation speed of auxiliary overhung.

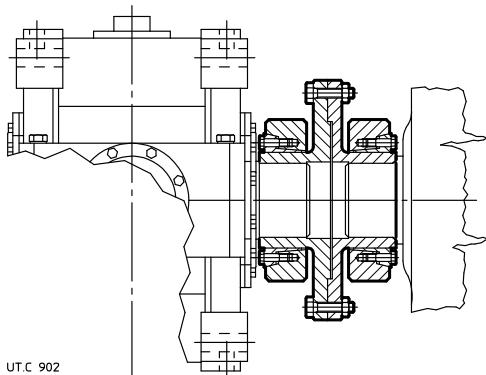
Train of gears	Nominal transmission ratio i_N					u_{N1} 1)
	4000, 4001	4500, 4501	5000, 5001	5600, 5601	6300, 6301	
C1	— $i_N \leq 11,2$ $12,5 \leq i_N \leq 14$ $i_N \geq 16$ —	$i_N \leq 9$ $10 \leq i_N \leq 12,5$ $14 \leq i_N \leq 16$ $i_N \geq 18$ —	—	—	—	2 2,5 3,15 4 5
C2I	$i_N \leq 25$ $28 \leq i_N \leq 40$ $45 \leq i_N \leq 50$ $56 \leq i_N \leq 80$ $i_N \geq 90$	$i_N \leq 28$ $31,5 \leq i_N \leq 45$ $50 \leq i_N \leq 56$ $63 \leq i_N \leq 90$ $i_N \geq 100$	$i_N \leq 25$ $28 \leq i_N \leq 40$ $45 \leq i_N \leq 50$ $56 \leq i_N \leq 80$ $i_N \geq 90$	$i_N \leq 28$ $31,5 \leq i_N \leq 45$ $50 \leq i_N \leq 56$ $63 \leq i_N \leq 90$ $i_N \geq 100$	$i_N \leq 31,5$ $40 \leq i_N \leq 50$ $56^{2)} \leq i_N \leq 71$ $i_N \geq 80$	2 2,5 3,15 4 5
C3I	— $i_N = 125$ $160 \leq i_N \leq 200$ $i_N \geq 250$ —	— $i_N = 125$ $160 \leq i_N \leq 200$ $i_N \geq 250$ —	— $i_N = 125$ $160 \leq i_N \leq 200$ $i_N \geq 250$ —	— $i_N = 125$ $160 \leq i_N \leq 200$ $i_N \geq 250$ —	$i_N = 125$ $i_N = 160$ $200^{3)} \leq i_N \leq 250$ $i_N \geq 315$	2 2,5 3,15 4 5

1) First reduction stage nominal transmission ratio.

2) For R C2I 6301 with $i_N = 56$: $u_{N1} = 2,5$ instead of 3,15.

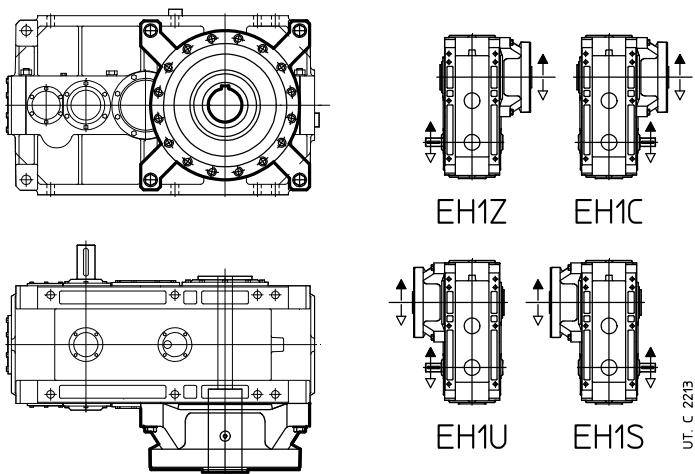
3) For R C3I 6301 with $i_N = 200$: $u_{N1} = 2,5$ instead of 3,15.

- **Low speed shaft with flange coupling for shaft mounting arrangements**



Low speed cylindrical shaft without keyway for application of a flange coupling for drive unit shaft mounting.

- **Design for extruders**



Helical gear reducers sizes 4000 ... 4501 equipped with external auxiliary support to allow the coupling with single screw extruders (see ch. GX).

- **Pre-arrangement for vibration monitoring devices**

Position, number and dimension of holes to be agreed when ordering.

- **ATEX design**

For the application in potentially explosive atmospheres to ATEX 2014/34/UE category 2 GD (zone 1 (gas) or 21 (dust)) or 3 GD (zone 2 (gas) or 22 (dust)), surface temperature T 135 °C (T4).

These are the main variations of the product:

- fluoro-rubber seal rings (double seal rings on low speed shaft for cat. 2 GD);
- metal plugs; filler plug with filter and valve;
- special name plate with ATEX mark and indication of application limits;
- external protection with water soluble dual compound polyurethan conductive enamel, color grey RAL 7040, corrosivity class C3 ISO 12944-2;
- oil temperature probe and eventual bearing temperature probe (cat. 2 GD).

13 - Installation and maintenance

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13.1 - Safety

IMPORTANT: gear reducers and gearmotors supplied by Rossi are **components** and must be incorporated into machinery and **should not be commissioned before the machinery in which the components have been incorporated conforms to:**

- Machinery directive 2006/42/EC and subsequent updatings; in particular, possible safety guards for shaft ends not being used and for eventually accessible fan cover passages (or other) are the Buyer's responsibility;
- «Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)» 2004/108/EC and subsequent updatings.

Attention! It is recommended to pay attention to all instructions of present handbook, all existing safety laws and standards concerning correct installation. Whenever personal injury or property damage may occur, foresee adequate supplementary protection devices against:

- release or breakage of fastening screws;
- rotation or unthreading of the gear reducer from shaft end of driven machine following to accidental breakage of the reaction arrangement;
- the accidental breakage of shaft end of driven machine.

If deviations from normal operation occur (temperature increase, unusual noise, etc.) immediately switch off the machine.

Installation

An incorrect installation, an improper use, the removing or disconnection of protection devices, the lack of inspections and maintenance, improper connections may cause severe personal injury or property damage. Therefore the component must be moved, installed, commissioned, handled, controlled, serviced and re-paired **exclusively by responsible qualified personnel specifically instructed** and have the necessary experience to **recognize** any **risks** connected with present products avoiding any possible emergencies.

Gear reducers and gearmotors of present handbook are normally suitable for installations in **industrial areas**: additional protection measures, if necessary, must be adopted and assured by the personnel responsible for the installation.

Attention! Components in non-standard design or with special executions or with constructive variations may differ in the details from the ones described here following and may require additional information.

Attention! For the installation use and maintenance of the **electric motor** of the possible motor-variator and/or the electric supply device (frequency converter, soft-start, etc.), and/or any optional electric devices (e.g.: independent cooling unit, etc.), consult the specific attached documentation.

If necessary, require it.

Maintenance

When operating on gear reducer or on components connected to it the **machine must be at rest**: disconnect motor (including auxiliary equipments) from power supply, gear reducer from load, be sure that safety systems are on against any accidental starting and, if necessary, pre-arrange mechanical locking devices (to be removed before commissioning).

Attention! During the running the gear reducers could have **hot surfaces**; Always wait that the gear reducer or the gearmotor to cool before carrying out any operations.

Further technical documentation (e.g. catalogs) can be downloaded from our website www.rossi-group.com.

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13.2 - Application conditions and use limits

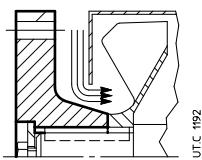
Gear reducers are designed **for industrial applications according to name plate data**, when no vibrations (permissible vibration velocity: $v_{\text{eff}} < 3,5 \text{ mm/s}$ for $P_1 \leq 15 \text{ kW}$, $v_{\text{eff}} < 4,5 \text{ mm/s}$ for $P_1 > 15 \text{ kW}$), no nuclear radiations and important magnetic fields, with ambient temperature $-20 - +40^\circ\text{C}$ (with peaks at $+50^\circ\text{C}$), with air velocity $\geq 1,25 \text{ m/s}$, maximum altitude 1 000 m, and max relative humidity 80 %.

For continuous ambient temperature higher than 40°C or lower than -20°C consult us.

13.3 - General

Be sure that the structure on which gear reducer or gearmotor is fitted is plane, levelled and sufficiently dimensioned in order to assure fitting stability and vibration absence, keeping in mind all transmitted forces due to the masses, to the torque, to the radial and axial loads.

Position the gear reducer or gearmotor so as to allow a free passage of air for cooling both gear reducer and motor (especially at gear reducer and motor fan sides).



If there is fan on the gear reducer verify that there is sufficient space allowing for adequate circulation of cooling air also after fitting coupling protection. If a coupling protection is fitted smooth the coupling hub, if necessary.

Avoid: any obstruction to the air-flow; heat sources near the gear reducer that might affect the temperature of cooling-air and of gear reducer for radiation; insufficient air recycle or any other factor hindering the steady dissipation of heat.

Mount the gear reducer so as not to receive vibrations.

When external loads are present use pins or locking blocks, if necessary.

When fitting gear reducer and machine it is recommended to use **locking adhesives** such as LOCTITE on the fastening screws (also on flange mating surfaces).

For outdoor installation or in a hostile environment protect the gear reducer or garmotor with anticorrosion paint. Added protection may be afforded by water-repellent grease (especially around the rotary seating of seal rings and the accessible zones of shaft end).

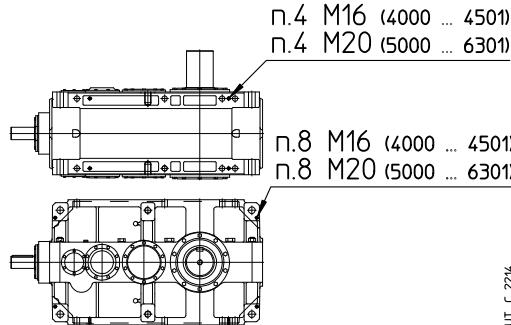
Gear reducers should be protected wherever possible, and by whatever appropriate means, from solar radiation and extremes of weather; weather protection **becomes essential** when high or low speed shafts are vertically disposed.

For ambient temperatures greater than 40 °C or less than 0 °C, consult us.

If overloads are imposed for long periods or if shocks or danger of jamming are considered, then motor-protection, electronic torque limiters, fluid couplings, safety couplings, control units or other similar devices should be fitted.

Attention! Bearing life, good shaft and coupling running depend on alignment precision between the shafts.

Carefully align the gear reducer with the motor and the driven machine (with the aid of shims if need be), interposing flexible couplings whenever possible.



Gear reducers sizes ≤ 6301 are equipped with **level threaded holes** on both feet surfaces and on the sides in order to permit an easy and precise positioning; after the adjustment, adequately shim.

Whenever a leakage of lubricant could cause heavy damages, increase the frequency of inspections and/or envisage appropriate control devices (e.g.: remote oil level gauge, lubricant for food industry, etc.).

In polluting surroundings, take suitable precautions against lubricant contamination through seal rings or other.

13.4 - Mounting of components on high and low speed shaft ends

Generally, it is recommended to machine the hole of parts keyed onto shaft end, tolerance H7. For high speed shaft end with $D \geq 55$ mm tolerance can be G7, provided that load is uniform and light. Further data according to the table «High and low speed shaft end» (ch. 6).

Before mounting, thoroughly clean mating surfaces with proper antirust products and lubricate against seizure and fretting corrosion.

Installation and removal operations should be carried out with the aid of **jacking screws** and **pullers** using the tapped hole at the shaft butt-end (see table in fig. 2) taking care to avoid impacts and shocks which may irreparably damage the bearings, the circlips or other parts or cause sparks; for H7/m6 and K7/6 fits it is advisable that the part to be keyed is preheated to a temperature of 80 – 100 °C.

The couplings having a tip speed on external diameter up to 20 m/s must be statically balanced; for higher tip speeds they must be dynamically balanced.

Where the transmission link between gear reducer and machine or motor generates shaft end loads, ensure that: loads do not rise above catalog values:

- loads do not rise above the values stated at ch. 11 and loads do not rise above the values of the application design;
- transmission overhang is kept to a minimum;
- drive-chains should not be tensioned (if necessary – alternating loads and/or motion – foresee suitable chain tighteners); if the peripheral speed of the chain is greater than 1 m/s it is necessary to install proper malfunction markers such as aligning sensors, etc;
- in the gear transmission there is an adequate gear mesh ($\approx 0,03 - 0,04 \cdot m$) between pinion and rack (bushing);
- drive-belts should not be over-tensioned.

For splined couplings apply adequate products against oxydation.

13.5 - Machine shaft end

For the **shaft end of machine** where the hollow shaft of gear reducer is to be keyed (with shrink disc or with keyway, see ch. 12 (1) and (3)), are recommended h6 or j6 tolerances according to requirements. For dimensions see ch. 12 (1) and (3).

In order to have an easier installing and removing of gear reducers, use hollow shaft washer (on request, see ch. 12 (5)) offering a supplementary axial fastening beside the fastening of the shrink disc (if present). In these cases, when tightening the bolt, we recommend the use of a **locking adhesives** type LOCTITE 601. For vertical ceiling-type mounting, contact us. Parts in contact with the retaining ring must have sharp edges.

With hollow low speed shaft with shrink disc on machine opposite side, protect the cylindrical part of machine shaft end from shrink disc opposite side with proper products against fretting corrosion, see ch. 12.

Whenever **personal** injury or **property** damage may occur, foresee **adequate supplementary protection devices** against **rotation** or **unthreading** of the gear reducer from shaft end of driven machine following to accidental breakage of the reaction arrangements.

13.6 - Lubrication

Gear pairs are oil-bath lubricated.

Bearings are either oil-bathed or splashed with the exception of the top bearings which are lubricated with a pump (see ch. 12 (9)) or lubricated «for life» with grease (with or without NILOS ring according to speed).

Gear reducers are supplied **without oil**; before putting into service, fill to the specified level with **mineral oil** having the ISO viscosity grade given in the table, according to ambient temperature and output speed.

Under normal conditions the first and the second speed range are for trains of gears **2I** and **C1**, the third is for trains of gears **3I**, **4I**, **C2I** and **C3I**, while the fourth is for particular applications.

When it is required to increase oil change interval («long life»), the ambient temperature range, and/or to reduce oil temperature, use **synthetic oil** with **polyalphaolefines** basis having ISO viscosity grade as indicated in the table.

For continuous duty, the use of synthetic oil is recommended in the following case of gear reducers with size and mounting position marked with (see ch. 8, 10) and bevel helical gear reducers with double extension high speed shaft.

An overall guide to oil-change interval is given in the table, and assumes pollution-free surroundings. When heavy overloads are present, halve the values.

Apart from running hours:

- replace mineral oil at least each 3 years;
- replace or regenerate synthetic oil each 5 – 8 years according to gear reducer size, running and environmental conditions.

Never mix different makes of synthetic oil; if oil-change involves switching to a type different from that used hitherto, then give the gear reducer a through clean-out.

Seal rings: duration depends on several factors such as dragging speed, temperature, ambient conditions, etc.: as a rough guide, it can vary from 3 150 to 25 000 h.

Warning: before unscrewing the filler plug with valve (symbol ) wait until the unit has cooled and then open with caution.

ISO viscosity grade

Mean kinematic viscosity [cSt] at 40 °C.

Speed n_2 min $^{-1}$	Ambient temperature ¹⁾ [°C]				
	mineral oil		synthetic oil		
-20 – 0	0 – 20	20 – 40	-20 – 0	0 – 40	
> 224	150	150	150	150	150
224 – 22,4	150	150	220	150	220
22,4 – 5,6	150	220	320	220	320
< 5,6	220	320	460	320	460

Oil temperature °C	Oil-change interval [h]	
	mineral oil	oil synthetic
≤ 65	8 000	25 000
65 – 80	4 000	18 000
80 – 95	2 000	12 500
95 – 110 ²⁾	–	9 000

Oil list table

Brand	PAO synthetic oil ISO VG 150 ... 460	Mineral Oil ISO VG 150 ... 460
ENI	Blasia SX	Blasia
ARAL	Degol PAS	Degol BG
BP	Enersyn EPX	Energol GR XP
CASTROL	Alphasyn EP	Alpha SP
FUCHS	Renolin Unisys CLP	Renolin CLP
KLÜBER	Klübersynth GEM 4	Klüberoil GEM 1
MOBIL	Mobil SHC Gear	Mobilgear 600 XP
SHELL	Omala S4 GX	Omala S2 G
TEXACO	Pinnacle	Meropa
TOTAL	Carter SH	Carter EP

1) Peaks of 10 °C below and 10 °C above the ambient temperature range are acceptable. For the running at **cold starting** ($T_{amb} = T_{oil} \leq 25^\circ$) and **forced lubrication systems**, **always foresee the oil heater** (see ch. 13 (7)).

2) Values admissible for not continuous duty, only.

13.7 - Gear reducer starting at low ambient temperature ($T_{\text{amb}} = T_{\text{oil}} \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

The **minimum** ambient temperature (equal to the oil one) to which it is allowed to start the gear reducer, depends on lubrication system and type of lubricant applied.

Gear reducers with splash lubrication

The gear reducer can be started with ambient/oil temperature $\geq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$, keeping in mind to follow the lubricant viscosity instructions stated on ch. 13.6.

In presence of an eventual independent cooling unit with heat exchanger (but without forced lubrication, see also point A1 in table at ch. 12 (8)), it is necessary to drive the motorpump starting when achieving oil temperature of 60°C .

Gear reducers with forced lubrication of bearings

In presence of forced lubrication systems of bearings (see ch. 6 and ch. 12 (8) and (9)), the gear reducer can be started only if oil temperature is $\geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, following the lubricant viscosity instructions as per ch. 13.6.

Therefore, before gear reducer starting it is necessary to pre-heat the oil bath through the use of heaters (see ch. 12 (10)) up to a temperature of 25°C .

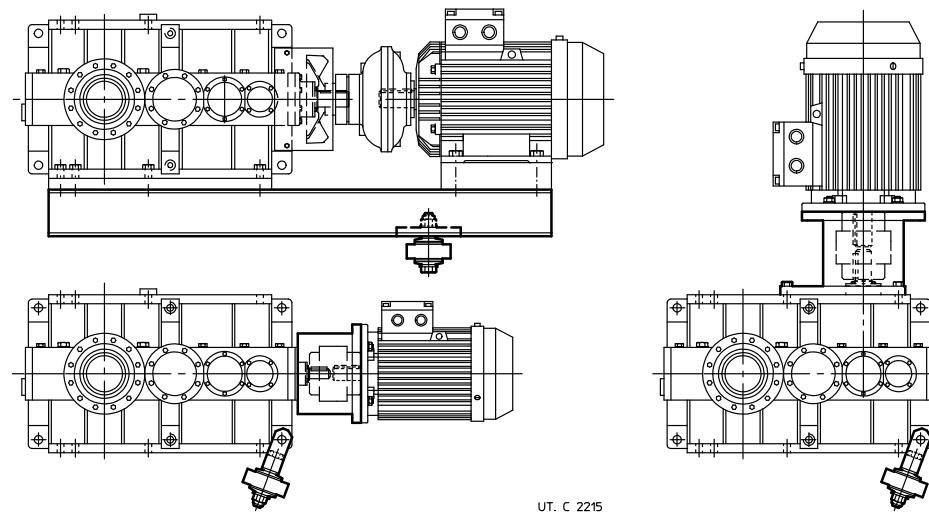
13.8 - Shaft mounting arrangements

The strength and shape of the housing offer advantageous possibilities for shaft mounting even – for instance – in the case of gearmotor with belt drive, hydraulic coupling, etc.

A few possible examples of shaft mounting arrangements are shown.

IMPORTANT. When shaft mounted, the gear reducer must be supported both axially and radially (also for mounting positions B3 ... B8) by the machine shaft end, as well as anchored against rotation only, by means of a reaction having **freedom of axial movement** and sufficient **clearance** in its couplings to permit minor oscillations always in evidence without provoking dangerous overloading on the gear reducer. Lubricate with proper products the hinges and the parts subject to sliding; when mounting the screws it is recommended to apply locking adhesives type LOCTITE 601.

In case of axial fastening with elastic constraint, in B3 or B8 mounting position, ensure that housing oscillation while running does not exceed the perfectly horizontal position.



Semi flexible and economic reaction arrangement (see ch. (ch. 12 (7)): with bolt using disc springs, with bolt and fork using disc springs.

13.9 - Tightening torques

Unless otherwise stated, usually it is sufficient to use screws in class 8.8.

Before tightening the bolt be sure that the eventual centering of flanges are inserted properly.

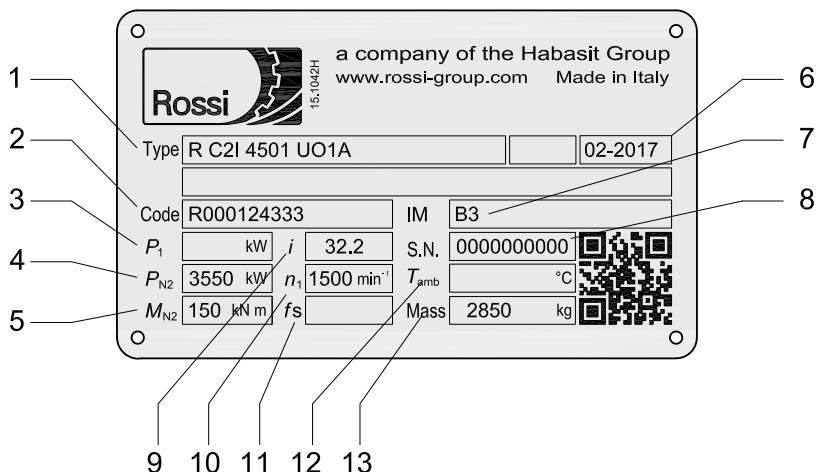
In general, the bolts are to be diagonally tightened with the maximum tightening torque.

The bolts of shrink disc must be gradually and uniformly tightened, with continuous sequence (not diagonally!) and in several phases up to the reaching of maximum tightening torque.

Before tightening, carefully degrease the screws; in the event of heavy vibrations, heavy duties, frequent drive inversions apply a proper thread-locking sealant Loxeal 23-18 or equivalent.

Bolts UNI 5737-88 UNI 5931-84	Tightening torque M_s [N m]			Shrink disc Class 10.9	
	Feet, flanges and threaded holes at the shaft butt-end				
	Class 8.8	Class 10.9	Class 12.9		
M10	50	70	85	—	
M12	85	120	145	—	
M16	205	290	350	—	
M20	400	560	680	490	
M24	710	1 000	1 200	840	
M27	1 010	1 400	1 700	1 250	
M30	1 380	1 950	2 350	—	
M36	2 500	3 550	4 200	—	
M45	5 000	7 000	8 400	—	
M56	9 800	13 800	16 500	—	

13.10 - Nameplate



- 1 Designation
- 2 Manufacturing code
- 3 Installed power [kW]
- 4 Nominal power on low speed shaft [kW], at input speed n_1
- 5 Nominal low speed shaft torque [kNm], at input speed n_1
- 6 Month and year of production
- 7 Serial number
- 8 Mounting position
- 9 Transmission ratio
- 10 High speed shaft input speed [min^{-1}]
- 11 Service factor
- 12 Ambient temperature if different from conditions stated on catalog [°C]
- 13 Approximative gear reducer weight [kg]

Technical formulae

Main formulae concerning mechanical drives, according to the Technical System and International Unit System (SI).

Size

starting or stopping time as a function of an acceleration or deceleration, of a starting or braking torque

velocity in rotary motion

angular velocity

acceleration or deceleration as a function of starting or stopping time

angular acceleration or deceleration as a function of a starting or stopping time, of a starting or braking torque

starting or stopping **distance** as a function of an acceleration or deceleration, of a final or initial velocity

starting or stopping **angle** as a function of an angular acceleration or deceleration, of a final or initial angular velocity

mass

weight (weight force)

force in vertical (lifting), horizontal, inclined motion of translation
(μ = coefficient of friction;
 φ = angle of inclination)

dynamic moment Gd^2 ,
moment of inertia J
due to a motion of translation
(numerically $J = \frac{Gd^2}{4}$)

torque as a function of a force, of a dynamic moment or of a moment of inertia, of a power

work, energy in motion of translation, in rotary motion

power in motion of translation, in rotary motion

power available at the shaft of a single-phase motor ($\cos \varphi$ = power factor)

power available at the shaft of a three-phase motor

With Technical System units

$$t = \frac{v}{a} [s]$$

$$t = \frac{Gd^2 \cdot n}{375 \cdot M} [s]$$

$$v = \frac{\pi \cdot d \cdot n}{60} = \frac{d \cdot n}{19.1} [\text{m/s}]$$

$$n = \frac{60 \cdot v}{\pi \cdot d} = \frac{19.1 \cdot v}{d} [\text{min}^{-1}]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{n}{9.55 \cdot t} [\text{rad/s}^2]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{39.2 \cdot M}{Gd^2} [\text{rad/s}^2]$$

$$\varphi = \frac{n \cdot t}{19.1} [\text{rad}]$$

$$m = \frac{G}{g} \left[\frac{\text{kgf s}^2}{\text{m}} \right]$$

G is the unit of weight (weight force) [kgf]

$$F = G [\text{kgf}]$$

$$F = \mu \cdot G [\text{kgf}]$$

$$F = G (\mu \cdot \cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) [\text{kgf}]$$

$$Gd^2 = \frac{365 \cdot G \cdot v^2}{n^2} [\text{kgf m}^2]$$

$$M = \frac{F \cdot d}{2} [\text{kgf m}]$$

$$M = \frac{Gd^2 \cdot n}{375 \cdot t} [\text{kgf m}]$$

$$M = \frac{716 \cdot P}{n} [\text{kgf m}]$$

$$W = \frac{G \cdot v^2}{19.6} [\text{kgf m}]$$

$$W = \frac{Gd^2 \cdot n^2}{7160} [\text{kgf m}]$$

$$P = \frac{F \cdot v}{75} [\text{CV}]$$

$$P = \frac{M \cdot n}{716} [\text{CV}]$$

$$P = \frac{U \cdot I \cdot \eta \cdot \cos \varphi}{736} [\text{CV}]$$

$$P = \frac{U \cdot I \cdot \eta \cdot \cos \varphi}{425} [\text{CV}]$$

With SI units

$$t = \frac{J \cdot \omega}{M} [s]$$

$$v = \omega \cdot r [\text{m/s}]$$

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r} [\text{rad/s}]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega}{t} [\text{rad/s}^2]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{M}{J} [\text{rad/s}^2]$$

$$a = \frac{v}{t} [\text{m/s}^2]$$

$$s = \frac{a \cdot t^2}{2} [\text{m}]$$

$$s = \frac{v \cdot t}{2} [\text{m}]$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\alpha \cdot t^2}{2} [\text{rad}]$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\omega \cdot t}{2} [\text{rad}]$$

m is the unit of mass [kg]

$$G = m \cdot g [\text{N}]$$

$$F = m \cdot g [\text{N}]$$

$$F = \mu \cdot m \cdot g [\text{N}]$$

$$F = m \cdot g (\mu \cdot \cos \varphi + \sin \varphi) [\text{N}]$$

$$J = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{\omega^2} [\text{kg m}^2]$$

$$M = F \cdot r [\text{N m}]$$

$$M = \frac{J \cdot \omega}{t} [\text{N m}]$$

$$M = \frac{P}{\omega} [\text{N m}]$$

$$W = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2} [\text{J}]$$

$$W = \frac{J \cdot \omega^2}{2} [\text{J}]$$

$$P = F \cdot v [\text{W}]$$

$$P = M \cdot \omega [\text{W}]$$

$$P = U \cdot I \cdot \eta \cdot \cos \varphi [\text{W}]$$

$$P = 1.73 \cdot U \cdot I \cdot \eta \cdot \cos \varphi [\text{W}]$$

Note. Acceleration or deceleration are understood constant; motion of translation and rotary motion are understood rectilinear and circular respectively.

Index of revisions

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Page 36	Completed table with missing values
Page 52	Modified figures of mounting positions
Page 57	Modified figures of mounting positions
Page 61	Modified figures of mounting positions
Pages 64-69	New selection tables (bevel helical gear reducers)
Page 75	Modified figures of mounting positions
Page 79	Modified figures of mounting positions
Page 83	Modified figures of mounting positions
Page 88	Added note about radial and axial loads in case of hollow or double extension shafts
Page 102	Added note about machine shaft end dimension in case of design 12.(12)
Page 102	Added note about hollow low speed shaft tollerance
Page 104	Added note about machine shaft end dimension in case of design 12.(12)
Page 104	Added note about hollow low speed shaft tollerance
Page 104	Modified M_2 values in the table
Page 104	Added on machine shaft end diameter abutting with gear reducer
Page 106	Modified limit transmission ratios for design 12.(4)
Page 108	Amended value of X dimension (4000 ... 4501) in the table
Page 112	Updated table of design 12.(9)
Page 113	Updated table of design 12.(11)
Page 118	Updated bearing identification scheme 12.(18)
Page 120	Removed option 12.(23)

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Page 24	Range extension through the introduction of new sizes 7101 and 8001
Page 28	Updated table Nominal thermal power
Page 34	Updated table Input speed
Page 36	Updated table Sound levels
Page 37	Updated table Low and high speed shaft end
ch. 7	Updated table Side cover dimensions
Page 50	Updated selection tables (parallel shaft gear reducers)
Page 53	Updated figures of mounting positions and dimensional tables
Page 54	Updated oil quantity table
Page 57	Updated figures of mounting positions and dimensional tables
Page 58	Updated oil quantity table
Page 61	Updated figures of mounting positions and dimensional tables
ch. 9	Updated oil quantity table
Page 76	Updated selection tables (right angle shaft gear reducers)
Page 79	Updated figures of mounting positions and dimensional tables
Page 80	Updated oil quantity table
Page 82	Updated figures of mounting positions and dimensional tables
Page 83	Updated oil quantity table
Page 86	Updated figures of mounting positions
Page 100	Modified radial loads table
Page 101	Added axial and radial loads table sizes 7101-8001
Page 102	Added axial and radial loads table sizes 7101-8001
Page 102	Updated tables
Page 103	Updated table
Page 105	Updated table
Page 115	Updated table
Page 116	Updated table
Page 130	Inserted new nameplate and updated table

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Page 76 Updated dimensional table



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